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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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SHAH ABDICATES AND QUITS COUNTRY

Sensational Turn In Iran Politics

REZA SHAH PAHELVI, King of Iran, who has abdicated and left the country.

ANGLO-SOVIET FORCES AT GATES OF TEHERAN

WILL IRANIANS ACCEPT CROWN PRINCE AS SUCCESSOR?

LONDON, September 16.

The Shah of Iran abdicated and will be succeeded by his elder son the Crown Prince.

The announcement about the Shah's abdication was made by the Prime Minister Mr. Farughi, in a special session of the Iranian Parliament. He said "The ex-Shah had left by car".

According to the Teheran radio, the Shah's abdication is due "ill-health".

THE NEW SHAH

The new Shah, formerly the Crown Prince, is in his 22nd year. He was born in Teheran on 26th October 1919. On 15th March 1939 he married Princess Fawzieh eldest sister of the King of Egypt.

He is Shahpur Mohammed Reza. His father, Reza Khan Pahlevi came to the throne in 1925 in succession to Sultan Ahmed who was deposed by the Iran Parliament "in the name of national welfare".

Teheran Reactions

The dramatic announcement of the abdication of Shah Pahlevi is likely to be followed by further developments in Teheran in the next few days. "Reuter's" diplomatic correspondent learns.

It is known in London that people in Teheran were surprised that the Allies did not themselves take a stronger line against the intriguers with the Germans from the beginning, but British policy has been rather to strengthen the people in the realisation of their aims of self-expression.

In the circumstances, therefore, it will be surprising if Iranians accept the action of the Shah in nominating the Crown Prince as his successor. The Iranian Government has so far shown helpful appreciation of the realities of the situation.

Anglo-Soviet Advance Towards Capital

It is authoritatively stated that British and Russian forces in equal numbers are now moving towards Teheran.

The purpose of this action is stated to be not directly related to the abdication of the Shah, but is concerned with the definite intention of the Allies to clear up the situation regarding the Germans who are to be deported from Iran and to put an end to Axis tactics which the Iranian Government, in spite of its good intentions, has not been alone able to counter effectively.

British and Russian troops have advanced within a few miles of the Capital, says a Teheran message.

Anglo-Soviet Foodstuffs For Iran

A cable received in Simla from Teheran says:—Not only are the forces of Great Britain and the U. S. S. R. not buying in Iran any foodstuffs of which there is a temporary shortage (E. G. wheat and sugar) but the two Governments are exporting such things to Iran. Soviet vessels are carrying to Iranian ports on the Caspian not only flour and sugar and other things for the Soviet forces but also flour, sugar and cotton piecegoods for sale to the public in Iran. The British authorities supplied 700 tons of flour to the oil area on September 12. The following are due at Bandar Shahpur from India for sale to the proper authorities in Iran:—Wheat 1,550 tons, sugar 1,500 tons tea about 500 tons.

The Persian authorities are bringing to Teheran considerable quantities of sugar which were at Ahwaz and Mohammerah and it is stated that the first consignment of 43,000 tons of sugar ordered from Netherlands East Indies through British and Dutch interests has left for Iran.—A. P.

SHAHPUR MAHOMMED REZA, the Crown Prince, who succeeds to the Throne of Iran.

Allahbux Sees Mahatma

Discussions To Continue To-day Also

WARDHAGUNJ, Sept. 16.

It is learnt that Khan Bahadur Allahbux and Mr. R. K. Sidwa interviewed Mahatma Gandhi for two hours to-day. Dr. Rajendra Prasad and Mr. Kripalani were present throughout the discussion. They are again meeting to-morrow afternoon.

It is understood that the Parliamentary Board is in favour of continuing support to Khan Bahadur Allahbux.

The final decision in the matter, however, rests with Mahatma Gandhi.

If necessary, Mr. Allahbux may interview Moulana Abul Kalam Azad in jail; otherwise, he is expected to leave for Karachi.—A. P.

SYMBOL OF FIGHT AGAINST NAZIS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.

President Roosevelt accepted "in the fine spirit in which it was offered" a gift of an enormous gorilla from Free French authorities in French equatorial Africa as a symbol of the ferocity of their fight against Nazism.—Reuter.

King And Queen At St. Paul's

LONDON, Sept. 16.

Saint Paul's Cathedral to-day was the scene of pomp and colour when the King and Queen, Mr. Winston Churchill and members of the British Cabinet attended a special service celebrating the royal coming of age at eighteen of King Peter the second of Yugoslavia.—Reuter.

SOFIA NOTE TO SOVIET

No Provocative Action On Bulgarian Soil: Surprise At Molotov's Charge

LONDON, Sept 16.

The Bulgarian Government has categorically denied adopting "disloyal attitude" towards Russia, according to a Sofia despatch to the German Official News Agency

The Bulgarian Government, it is added, "knows nothing" of any provocative action on Bulgarian soil

These statements are contained in the Bulgarian Government's reply to the recent protest by the Russian Commissar for Foreign Affairs, M. Molotov, regarding anti-Russian activities in Bulgaria.

The reply was made through the Bulgarian Minister in Moscow yesterday.

BERLIN: Categorically declaring that all Soviet assertions that Bulgaria has adopted a disloyal attitude towards Russia are untrue, the Note says that the Bulgarian Government is specially surprised by the assertion that Bulgaria has become a base for Italo-German hostilities against Russia.

The Note ascribes these assertions to radio propaganda, adding: "Bulgaria has merely taken the course corresponding to her interests. Government knows nothing of any provocative action against the Soviet Union on Bulgarian soil"

The Note maintains that Russian bombs have been dropped on Bulgarian soil The attitude of the Bulgarian press is stated to be merely the logical outcome of that adopted by the Russian press and radio

The Note further protests against the assertion that recent changes in the Bulgarian penal regulations indicate preparation for an attack on Russia. These measures it is stated are "purely defensive and precautionary" and the question is a purely internal one.

Finally the Note declares that Russia is misinformed. Otherwise Russia, it is declared, would "have no serious grounds for complaining of Bulgaria's disloyalty or of aggressive intention".—Reuter.

Sabotage In Czechoslovakia

Ammunition Train Blown Up: Nazi Officers And Men Killed In Accident

JERUSALEM, Sept. 16.

A number of mysterious accidents occurred in Czechoslovakia during the latter part of July, according to news reaching authoritative Czech circles here.

An ammunition train from the famous Skoda Armaments Works was blown up. Over 250 officers and men of the German army were killed in one accident. Mass destruction of crops at night time in Slovakia led to the imposition of curfew covering all grainfields. —Reuter.

NO RIOTS IN TEHERAN

PESHAWAR, Sept. 16.

A Foreign dispatch, broadcast by the Vichy Radio yesterday to the effect that riots had taken place in Teheran is contradicted by the Teheran radio last night which said that no such event had occurred. The announcer then read the full text of the Iran Government's memorandum to the British and Soviet representatives accepting the Anglo-Russian terms.—A. P.

U. S. A. Ready For Action

ATLANTIC FLEET MOBILISED

Armed Protection For Lease And Lend Cargoes

LONDON, September 16.

Since one minute past midnight, the United States Atlantic Fleet has been stripped for action and has taken under armed protection all Lease and Lend cargoes between the United States and Iceland.—Reuter.

IT MEANS CONVOYING

The widely accepted view in authoritative quarters here is that this means actual convoying That the Navy Minister Colonel Knox's statement was broader than "shoot at sight" policy set forth by President Roosevelt was the expressed opinion of naval strategists who declared that adequate protection of merchantmen meant convoys as the only certain way of ensuring protection for all ships at the crucial moment of attack

For its task of watchdog over the priceless cargoes of aid to Britain, the Atlantic Fleet is believed to have substantially more than 125 vessels

The United States Navy Department has announced that every naval vessel authorised by law has been contracted for the "creation of the greatest array of fighting ships under one flag the world has ever seen". I disclosed that two of the six new 35,000 tons dreadnought—North Carolina and Washington—have been added this month to the battle line which include United States seventeen battleships in actual service. The navy department also stated that a survey of vessels in the course of construction and contracted for revealed "astounding progress" in the accelerated building of the two-ocean navy. A total of 2,381 combat and auxiliary ships have been ordered since January 1940 at a cost of 7,234,262,178 dollars.—Reuter.

WAR MAY BE FORCED ON U. S. A.

NEW YORK, September 16.

Mr. Ralph Baird, Assistant-Secretary of the Navy, stated that "events of the last few days strongly indicate" that war may be forced on the United States.—Reuter.

American Legion Hails New Policy

MILWAUKEE, September 16.

The American legion convention completely reversed its policy of the past twenty years of opposing United States' participation in foreign conflicts. Every inference of United States intervention in the war was greeted with spirited applause, the audience standing up to cheer Colonel Knox when he dealt with the navy's determination to protect cargoes.

Roars of applause greeted the Legion National Commander, when he said that the United States must have an army and navy which is unfettered and unshackled.—Reuter.

SYRIAN REPUBLIC RESTORED

DAMASCUS, Sept. 16.

General Catroux, Commander-in-Chief of the Free French Forces in the Levant, acting in the name of the Allies, has restored the Syrian Republic vesting it with authority.

This is in accordance with the promise made by Allies when the British and Free French forces entered Syria to stop German activities there.—Reuter

Roosevelt's Message To Pope

VICHY, Sept. 16

Marion Taylor, President Roosevelt's personal envoy to the Holy See who arrived in Rome last week bearing a message from President Roosevelt to His Holiness the Pope had an hour's interview with the Pope to-day Tuesday according to a Vatican City dispatch.—Reuter.

Nazi Penetration Of Leningrad Defences?

SURPRISE SOVIET ATTACK FOILS 'BLITZ' PLAN

Lower Dnieper Crossed At Some Points?

While German reports quoted by Swedish correspondents say that Finnish batteries are now bombarding Leningrad whose outer defences have been penetrated at many points and a ring of fifteen or twenty kilometres from the centre is almost complete round the city, "Reuter's resident correspondent in Moscow states that the Russians launched an attack at dawn and forced off after fierce encounters the Germans who had planned to use certain small islands and one bank of River "V" in the neighbourhood of Leningrad as a jumping off ground for further advance towards the city.

Further German claims include advance eastward on a broad front across the Dnieper which is said to have been crossed at several points.

SOVIET COMMUNIQUE

LONDON, Sept. 16.

A Soviet midday 'communique' broadcast by the Moscow radio at 11-00 (G.M.T.) states: "During the night of September 15 our troops continued fighting the enemy along the whole front."

The Soviet midday 'communique' announces in a supplement the sinking in sea of barents by Soviet torpedo boats and a submarine of two large enemy transports.

Red Air Force Successes

MOSCOW:—Successes for the Soviet air force defending Leningrad and against German air fields at the front are detailed in the supplement to the Soviet High Command 'communique'. Sixteen German planes were destroyed in air combats before Leningrad in one day. Raids were made on four aerodromes on Friday and Saturday at the north-western, western, south-western and southern sectors and a total of 53 aircraft were destroyed.

Big Victory Claimed By Nazis

LONDON:—Leaflets, warning the inhabitants of Leningrad that if they continued further resistance the city would be taken by storm are reported to have been dropped by the Germans, according to a Swedish newspaper.

BERLIN:—A big victory for the German forces in the area south of Lake Ilmen is reported by the German High Command 'communique' to-day which states that eighteen Soviet divisions were routed.

The 'communique states: "In the area south of Lake Ilmen during the last few weeks strong forces of the Soviet Eleventh, Twenty-seventh and Thirty-fourth armies were decisively defeated by troops of the German army under the Command of Colonel General Buch supported by units of the Luftwaffe commanded by Colonel General Keller.

Nine enemy divisions were completely annihilated and nine others smashed with bloody losses to the enemy. More than 53,000 prisoners fell into our hands while 320 tanks 695 guns of all kinds and quantities of war material were captured or destroyed.

Lake Ilmen lies below Novgorod and the area south of it would be in the region of Valdai Hills and further south still, Velikie Luki and may thus be in the region of Soviet counter-attacks led by Marshal Timoshenko in northern and central sector of the front.

Important Points On The Dnieper Crossed

A German High Command 'communique' reports: "In the Ukraine units of the German army, effectively supported by the "Luftwaffe" in daring attacks have formed bridgeheads at important points over the broad lower course of the Dnieper.

After bridgeheads had been held and widened after battles lasting several days against strong and bitter enemy attacks partially supported by tanks, German divisions have now advanced victoriously beyond them, further to the east on a broad front."

Leningrad Defences Penetrated?

STOCKHOLM:—Wormsoe Island situated between Dagoe and Oesel in the Baltic Sea off the Estonian coast has been captured by the Germans, according to Berlin reports quoted by Swedish correspondents in the German Capital.

The Finns claim to have broken Russian resistance in the province of Olonetz although admitting that numerous pockets of Russian troops are still holding out, the Swedish correspondents say, adding that the Finns state that they are advancing on both sides of the marshy tract, while the Russians are feverishly improving their defences at Petroskoj.

Further German reports quoted by the Swedish correspondents say that Finnish batteries are now bombing Leningrad whose outer defences have been penetrated at many points and a ring of fifteen or twenty kilometres from the centre is almost complete around the city.

These correspondents say that the Germans claim that the thrust in the south over Keretop and Kremenchug is designed to cut off Kiev and to encircle an area as large as Saxony.

German Assault Beaten Back

Reuter's resident correspondent in Moscow writes:—

German plans to use certain small islands and one bank of the River "V" in the neighbourhood of Leningrad as a jumping off ground for further advance towards the city have been foiled after a bitter struggle. Preparing for their task under cover of artillery fire the Russians launched an attack at dawn. Aided by boats and pontoons they crossed the river and stormed the islands concerned with bayonets and handgrenades.

A girl member of the Leningrad volunteers was among the first line of the storming party. She was armed with a rifle and handgrenades.

The Germans put up a fierce resistance, but in the end they were forced off the islands and now the Russians hold both the river banks as well. The Germans lost hundreds of dead and much material in this battle. They are now venting their anger by fruitlessly shelling the islands concerned.

Truth Behind Nazi Claims

LONDON:—The Russian 'communique' to-day is no more informative than usual, speaking simply of bitter fighting along the entire front, writes "Annalist". The German "communique" in-

(Continued on page 7, col. 6)

MR. BHULABHAI J. DESAI, Member of the Congress Working Committee, who has been released on grounds of health.

BHULABHAI RELEASED

Not To Proceed To Bombay, But To Stay In Hospital For A Week

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Sept. 16.

The Government of Bombay has been advised that the health of Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai is likely to suffer from detention in prison. The Government has therefore ordered his release on medical grounds.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai was re-examined by Dr. M. S. H. Mody this evening. His condition is unchanged, though there is no cause for anxiety.

As Mr. Bhulabhai is not in a position to move about, he is not proceeding to Bombay under medical advice. Visitors are requested not to disturb him.

It is understood that Gandhiji has been informed of his release.

TO STAY IN HOSPITAL

Dr. M. S. H. Mody who had been treating Mr. Bhulabhai Desai since he was brought to the Sassoon hospital again examined him this evening after his release. In an interview to the Associated Press after the examination Dr. Mody said that it is not advisable to remove Mr. Bhulabhai Desai to Bombay in his present condition, and that he requires complete rest and all interviews with him should be avoided, as far as possible.

Asked whether there is any improvement in Mr. Bhulabhai's condition Dr. Mody replied that that there are symptoms of slight improvement from what it had been when he was brought to the hospital.

Mr. Bhulabhai Desai is in the Sassoon Hospital under the treatment of Dr. Mody.

According to Dr. Mody, Mr. Desai has to remain in the Sassoon Hospital at least for a week, as he regards that in Mr. Desai's present condition, he should not be removed.

PREMA KANTAK FOR WARDHA

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Sept. 16.

Miss Premabai Kantak, First Satyagrahi from Maharashtra who offered Satyagraha for the third time in June last was released to-day on the expiry of her term of three months' imprisonment.

She will be proceeding to Wardha to-morrow to see Gandhiji.

SENSATION IN AMRITSAR

AMRITSAR, Sept. 16.

Sardar Ishar Singh Majhail, President of the Golden Temlpe Committee, has been arrested at Batala, according to a report received at the Akali headquarters in Amritsar. The arrest is alleged to have been made in connection with the recent disturbance at an election meeting in the village of Vaironangal culminating in a free fight between the supporters of rival candidates, as a result of which, about half a dozen persons sustained injuries to which one of them succumbed in the hospital. —A. P.

Our Tabulated Adlets

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SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c. on all **CASH PAYMENTS** provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

One educated well-established Dasha or Visha Vaishnava Parwar of respectful family for a handsome educated bride age 17 of same caste. Apply Box No. 15070, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a cultured and handsome Brahman match for a young man, monthly income five hundred. Correspondence strictly confidential. Apply Box No. 15044, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an educated, beautiful and well-connected Hindu bride (of any caste or province) for a U.P. Brahmin widower of 36 with three tiny children, holding a high executive office—salary over 1,100. Please send particulars to A. K. Sharma, Civil Lines, Ajmer. (15064)

Wanted—beautiful, slim, tall, well accomplished and highly educated girl or widow of respectable family for a handsome Nepali Rajput of 30 years, moving in high circles. Monthly income Rs. 500/- (No caste restriction). Apply with full particulars, latest photograph to Box No. 15061 "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted respectable Salesmen for shares of a dividend paying concern. Good prospect for really deserving men. State remuneration expected. Apply Associated Stores Ltd., 3|1, Bankshall St. Calcutta. (15056)

Wanted immediately young Graduates of good families and connections to be trained as District Inspectors of Agencies on good remuneration. Apply with credentials to: S. C. Majumdar, Branch Manager, Hindusthan Co-operative Insurance Society, Limited, Commissariat Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay. (6045)

Wanted Cargo Supervisor Capable taking charge loading, discharging Steamers. Reply in own handwriting with copies references stating experience and salary required. Apply Box No. 6060, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Doctor (L.C.P.S.) with good experience for a dispensary at Timberwa Station in Bardoli Taluka. Apply with certificates to Vallabhbhai K. Patel Timberwa Post Akoti District Surat. (15053)

Applications are invited for a Research Assistant for Scientific and Industrial Research Board scheme. Salary Rupees one hundred per month. Appointment upto 28th February 1942, in the first instance. Qualifications: M.Sc. or B.Sc. (Tech.) with sound knowledge of cellulose chemistry. Experience of kier boiling and bleaching treatments of cellulosic raw materials preferable. Applications should be submitted to the Director. Technological Laboratory, Matunga, Bombay, to reach on or before the 25th September, 1941. (6086)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Immediately fully qualified Nursing Sister, Hospital Jamnagar. Salary 110/-, Quarters. Apply Box No. 15069, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for the Saraswathi Vidyalaya Poona, Two Tamil knowing trained B.A.'s or B.Sc's with optionals Mathematics, Physics or Chemistry on the scale of Rs. 50—5-2—90. (15065 A)

Graduates with teaching experience may also apply, scale being Rs. 40—3|2—70. A higher starting pay may be given to an exceptionally well qualified candidate. Applications to reach the Secretary Saraswathi Vidyalaya, 322 Somwarpeth, Poona on or before 28th September, 1941. Selected candidates should be prepared to join duty forthwith. (15065)

Wanted:—150 Candidates for Station Master's and Signallers training. Free quarter. Railway fare paid. Scholarship Rs. 30/- and 20 Apply with -/16 to Supdt. Railway Telegraph Training School, Barh shah-boola, Delhi. (15050

Earn Rs. 120/- with guarantee with a nominal investment of Rs. 12/- within any six days. See M. Sorabji, Nawab Building, 327, Hornby Road, oppo. Petit Library. (15063)

Wanted Typist, experienced, with guarantee bond. Knowing some accounts and repairs. Pay Rs. 30-35. Write full qualification. Dumasia, 2nd floor, Navsari Building, Hornby Road, Fort. (15060)

Wanted an English-speaking Motor Driver. Must be experienced and reliable with a good knowledge of Bombay and the suburbs. Apply with references to Box No. 15059, "Bombay Chronicle."

Earn Rs. 50 per month without investment or security. Wanted energetic candidates to represent for securing orders of High Class Art Calendars. Ask for our illustrated Free Booklet. Glasgow Printing Co., Howrah. (5642)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

A graduate with first class Hons. in Philosophy from London University, with seven years teaching experience to pass own Hons. class seeks work in some college research institute, journal. Apply Box. No. 15037, "Bombay Chronicle"

141 EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Backward students for Matriculation, Senior Cambridge, College examinations coached. Prospectus from Bombay Tutorial College, Kavarana Building, Dhobitalao. (15066)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Miracle for Asthma—one dose of Mahatma's wonderfull Asthma herb of Chitrokot taken at the night of full moon 4-10-41 gives a miraculous effect. Shri Sewa Mandal Chitrokot U. P. (15054)

303. MACHINERY WANTED.

Wanted immediately:—A. C. Electric Motors 250, 200, 50 and 15 B.H.P. State condition and price with full particulars. Stepdown transformers from 6.600 volts to 400 volts of the following sizes:—150, 200, 250 and 400 K. V. A. State condition, second hand or new and quote price. Apply Box No. 15036, "Bombay Chronicle."

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Sole, Depot and Canvassing Agents for Cameron Teas on salary from Rs. 50/- to 250/- plus reasonable allowances and rent. Stocks supplied. Rates competitive Attractive gift scheme. Only influential and capable hands able turnout substantial business need apply to: The Cameron Tea Company, Saidapet Madras. 15043

Wanted Selling Agents for Relief Bust of Poet Rabindranath. Rs. 5/- each. India Model Mfg. Co., 263|1, Upper Chitpore Road, Calcutta. (5859)

Wanted influential Agents to sell the remaining shares of Bengal Share Dealers' Syndicate Ltd., of 3 and 4, Hare St., Calcutta. Dividend paid 10% on the first working year. Authorised Capital Rs. 25 lacs. Subscribed Capital Rs 8 60,000/-. Paid-up Capital Rs. 2,55,000/-. The Syndicate has commenced its own building construction on Chowringhee Square, Calcutta. Apply to Mg. Director.

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Rare opportunity to Calendar Manufacturers make attractive calendars with our Tri-colour inks used by all Standard Calendar Company. Apply Box No. 15052 "Bombay Chronicle".

MAKE MONEY IN RACING:

"Key to How to spot a Winner." Simple and Marvellous method. Price Rs. 10/-. Available: New Book Company, Hornby Road. (15062)

Public Notices

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NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from British subjects (including subjects of Indian States) for posts of Programme Assistants. The immediate requirements are in respect of the Bombay Station of All India Radio but the persons selected may be appointed or transferred to other stations. Candidates must possess sound general knowledge and must have a good command of English. They should have a good knowledge of one or more Indian languages, specially Gujarati and/or Marathi and also some experience of literary and/or dramatic work and/or music. A fairly wide cultural background and efficiency in the art of presentation and production is necessary besides the ability to carry on a certain amount of administrative work. The minimum academic qualification is a pass in the Matriculation Examination of a recognised university. Candidates below the age of 30 will be preferred. The post carries pay in the scale of Rs. 150-10-250.

2. Applications must be on the prescribed form which can be obtained on request either from the Controller of Broadcasting, New Delhi or the Station Director, All India Radio, Bombay. Applications must be accompanied by a treasury receipt for Rs. 3/- and must reach the Controller of Broadcasting, New Delhi, not later than the 4th October, 1941. No claim for a refund of the fee will be entertained, nor will any fee be held in reserve for any subsequent selection. Applications already received in this office before the appearance of this advertisement will not be considered unless submitted afresh on the prescribed form. 6077.

KING EDWARD VII MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Medical Practitioners registered under the Bombay Medical Council Act of 1912 for the whole time resident post of X-Ray Medical Assistant in the grade of Rs. 120-10-250 p. m. with free unfurnished married quarters subject to Municipal Service Regulations.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualifications, previous experience, etc. should be made on the prescribed form to be obtained from the office of the undersigned so as to reach him on or before Thursday the 25th September, 1941.

The list of duties attached to the post may be obtained from the Office of the undersigned on personal application.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA,
M.D. (Lond:), M.R.C.P. (Lond:)
DEAN.

Parel, Bombay.
13-9-41. (6076)

THE BHARAT SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY LIMITED

NOTICE.

AT THE TWENTYFIRST ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the share holders of the above Company held on 15th September, 1941, a Dividend of Rs. 2-8-0 per share of Rs. 50/- each (free of Income tax) was declared. The same will be paid on and after Monday the 29th September, 1941, between 12 Noon and 3 P.M. (S.T. Dividend Warrants will be posted to the last registered address of the share holders. (6090)

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for 4 per cent Ahmedabad Municipal Loan of Rs. 800,000/- being the fourth instalment of the Relief Road Scheme loan of Rs. 40/- lacs as per sanction accorded by Government under their resolution in the G. D. No. 2159/33, dated 2nd April, 1938, as amended by G.R.G.D. No. 2159/33, dated 6th September, 1940, and 6th September 1941, so as to reach the Chief Officer on or before 4 p.m. OF 24TH SEPTEMBER, 1941. The tenders should be accompanied by a deposit of 5 per cent of the par value of the debentures tendered for. No tender without deposit will be considered. Copies of the prospectus showing full particulars of the loan and of the tender forms can be had free of charge from the Chief Accountant of the Municipality either on application or in person.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.

Municipal Office,
Ahmedabad,
D/- 10-9-41. (6059)

Public Notices

WAR

CAPT. H. N. NEWEY, M. B. E., will speak at the Sir COWASJI JEHANGIR HALL at 6-15 p.m. on FRIDAY, 19th September, on TWO YEARS OF WAR— DEBIT & CREDIT under the auspices of THE BOMBAY WAR PUBLICITY COMMITTEE

Admission Free! 6078.

WANTED CLERKS FOR THE ARMY

Pay Rs. 38/8/- p.m. approximately, plus free food, clothing and accommodation.

MATRICULATES or Men up to Matriculate Standard able to read English and write it legibly.

Previous office experience and ability to use typewriter desirable, but not essential.

Apply:
TECHNICAL RECRUITING OFFICER,
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Assistant Technical Recruiting Officer,
JUBBULPORE. 6082.

G. I. P. RAILWAY
Rate Circulars

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR viz., Local Rate Advice No. 9 of 1941 (Coaching & Goods) has been issued.

Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, or stations. 6085.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SULEMAN HAJI AHMED OOMER of Bombay Cutchi Memon Inhabitant has agreed to sell to our clients the properties hereinafter mentioned.

ALL persons having any claim or demand against the said properties by way of mortgage, gift, sale, trust, possession, inheritance, lease, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 123, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof as otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim or demand and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES

ALL the undermentioned pieces of Pension and Tax Redeemed land, situate on the eastern side of Warden Road, Bombay, particulars whereof are as follows:—

1. Land admeasuring 909 square yards with messuages standing thereon being Plot No. 3 of Pragji Surji Estate, bearing New Survey No. 1/7132, Cadastral Survey No. 2B/696 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and Municipal D. Ward No. 3512(6) Street Nos. 31(E) and 1 and bounded, on the East by the property of Mrs. Hirabai Gilder and others being Plot No. 4 of the said estate, West by the property of the Vendor being Plot No. 2. of the said estate, North by the property of the Vendor known as Westfield Estate and South by road way 20 feet wide subject to an Indenture of Lease dated 16th June, 1938 and made between the Vendor and Ebrahim Haji Abba.

2. Land, used as road-way, admeasuring 1136 square yards, bearing New Survey No. 1/7132, Cadastral Survey No. 3/696 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and bounded, on the East by the property known as Clock Villa, West by Warden Road, North by Plots Nos. 1. 2 and 3 of Pragji Surji Estate. South by properties known as Breach Candy Mansion Villa Saira, Villa Fatima and Villa Rukhiya.

3. Land, admeasuring 112 square yards with messuages thereon being part of land bearing New Survey No. 7131, Cadastral Survey No. 696, of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and Municipal D. Ward No. 3510(1AF), Street No. 65A and bounded on the East by the property of Rao Bahadur Dadasaheb Surve. West by the property of Macklia Co., Ltd., North by the property of Atiya Begum and another and South by the property of Raja Bansilal Motilal, subject to and Indenture of Lease dated 19th May, 1941 and made between the Vendor and Tyeb Abdulla.

Dated this 15th day of September, 1941.

WADIA GANDHI & CO.,
Attorneys for the Purchasers. 3034

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

OFFERS for the purchase of four old steam rollers (each weighing between 10 and 15 tons) lying at the Municipal Workshop, Foras Road, Bombay, will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on FRIDAY, the 26th day of September, 1941.

Offers should be sent in sealed envelopes superscribed "Offer for Four old steam rollers" addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Offic of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, with a deposit of Rs. 200/-

If an offerer revokes his offer prior to the decision of the sanctioning authority accepting his offer is communicated to him or if he fails to pay the full purchase price within 10 days from the date such acceptance is communicated to him, the deposit made by him shall be absolutely forfeited to the Corporation.

The rollers can be inspected on site by previous appointment with the Mechanical Engineer, Municipal Workshops, Foras Road, who will give any further information that may be required.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the highest or any offer.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 15-9-1941. (6081)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 764 of 1941

(1.) Dr. CHHABILDAS TRIBHUVANDAS MASTER, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Santa Cruz in the Bombay Suburban District, and (2.) TULJARAM CHUNILAL KHANDWALA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Juhu in the Bombay Suburban District, for and on behalf of themselves and all other the Policyholders of the defendant Company - Plaintiffs.

vs

THE ORIENTAL GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD., a Company, registered under the Indian Companies Act X of 1866 and having its Registered Office at Oriental Building, Hornby Road, within the Fort, Bombay. .... Defendants.

To

All the Policyholders of the abovenamed defendant company.

PURSUANT to the Order, made herein by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kania on the 16th day of June, 1941, NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN under Order 1, Rule 8, of the Code of Civil Procedure that the plaintiffs have filed the above suit against the abovenamed defendants on behalf of themselves and all other the Policyholders of the defendant company praying:—

(a) that it may be declared that there is a contract between the Company and the Policyholders as embodied in Policies issued upto February, 1900 and as embodied in Policies and covering letters therewith issued after Febbruary, 1900 whereby the Policyholders with profits to the extent of Rs. 4,000/- and upwards are entitled to vote at the meetings of the Company on all resolutions which may be brought before such meetings including the resolution for election of Directors;

(b) that the defendant Company may be ordered to specifically perform the said contract and do all such acts as may be necessary for the said purpose;

(c) that the defendant Company, its Servants and Agents may by an order and injunction of this Hon'ble Court be restrained from preventing the plaintiffs and all other the Policyholders of the Company from voting at the Meetings of the Company inter alia on resolutions for the election of Directors;

(d) for an Interim Injunction in terms of prayer (c) pending the hearing and final disposal of the suit;

(e) that the defendant company may be ordered to pay the plaintiffs' costs of the suit; and

(f) for such further and other relief as to this Hon'ble Court may seem just;

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the hearing of the suit has been fixed for the 18th day of November, 1941, subject to a part heard suit if any.

Dated this 13th day of September, 1941.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.)
G. G. MAHADEVIA.
For Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.)
K. K. DASTUR.

This 13th day of September, 1941.
Messrs. KANGA & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys. (6083)

Public Notices

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDER

THE DIVISIONAL TRANSPORTATION SUPERINTENDENT, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay, Victoria Terminus, invites tenders upto 15 hours on 1st October, 1941, for carrying out Gunite Repairs to Circulating Water Pipes, etc., at the Kalyan Power House, Thakurli station, G. I. P. Railway. The Form of Tender, conditions of Contract, specifications, etc., can be obtained from his Office on payment of Rs. 2/- per set. This sum will not be refunded. (6075)

NOTICE.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED incorporated in England, the liability of Members being limited.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from 23rd September, to 4th October 1941, both days inclusive. (6044)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 68 BALES OF BUKHEDI A. R. AFRICAN AND 25 BALES JINJA A. R. AFRICAN COTTON.

Under instructions from and on behalf of the concerned, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction TODAY WEDNESDAY the 17th September 1941 at 2-15 p.m. (S.T.) the undermentioned lying in separate godowns at Sewree Cotton Depot.

In M/s. Gill & Co.'s godown No. H. 113.
68 Bales Bukhedi A R. African Cotton (country damaged).
In M/s. C. Parekh & Co.'s godown No. H. 90.
25 Bales Jinja A. R. African cotton (country damaged)
Terms—25 p.c. deposit.
BENNETT & CO.

EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Handsome, dashing
Rex HARRISON
finds exciting thrills and adventure in Columbia's romantic drama
MISSING TEN DAYS
with
KAREN VERNE
JOAN MARION

10th Triumphant Week!
RANJIT PICTURE'S RECORD-BREAKING SUCCESS!
"PARDESI"
with MOTILAL and KHURSHID
Director:—
MR. CHATURBHUJ DOSHI
Daily at: 4. 6-45. 9-45 p.m.
CHITRA
Vincent Road, DADAR

Srimati VANMALA
B.A., B.T.
Will Address The Ladies TOMORROW at the ZANANA SHOW: 2 P.M. (Marathi)—
ATRE PICTURES'
Charano-ki-Dasi
Hindi—Payachi Dasi—Marathi
13th WEEK at
NEW WEST END
Marathi: 4-30, 7-15 p.m.
Hindi: 10 p.m.

3RD DEMAND WEEK!
REGAL At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Alice FAYE · Don AMECHE · Carmen MIRANDA
THAT NIGHT IN RIO
IN TECHNICOLOR!
Also
"RUSSIA AT WAR"
in latest War News and the Historical & Memorable
ATLANTIC MEETING
between Churchill & Roosevelt.

TO-DAY—
ZENANA SHOW, at 12-30 noon
BOMBAY TALKIES'
NAYA SANSAR
Daily: 3-30, 6-45, 10 p.m.
JUBILEE WEEK at **ROXY**

THE PICTURE THAT MADE THE WHOLE COUNTRY TALK!
THE BIRTH OF A BABY
NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
PLEASE NOTE:—
DURING THE SCREENING OF THIS FILM CHILDREN UNDER 15 WILL NOT BE ADMITTED.

THERE WILL BE A SPECIAL SHOW FOR LADIES Of
THE BIRTH OF A BABY
on
THURSDAY SEPT., 18TH. at 1-30 P.M.
AT THE
NEW EMPIRE

HER LIFE WAS A GREAT ADVENTURE!
HER BIOGRAPHY IS A GREAT MOTION PICTURE!!
SANT SAKHU
PRABHAT'S
Film-Biography
of a girl who rose from the dust
Directed by DAMLE, FATEHLAL & RAJA NENE
Starring HANSA, GOURI, KULKARNI & SUMITRA
Soon be Released
AT
CENTRAL
A "FAMOUS PICTURES LTD" RELEASE

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This Man

IS WISE AS WELL AS SMART

Because he's wise he uses Coty Hair-oil. Because he uses Coty Hair-oil, he's smart. It's as easy as that! Coty Hair-oil is the perfect hair-dressing. It softens, smoothens and keeps the hair neat and tidy without stickiness. It makes it glossy and keeps it healthy. It stimulates, strengthens and nourishes the hair and scalp. It brings hair-smartness all day long. Follow this wise—and smart-man's example.

...HE USES

COTY HAIR OIL

for men who are appearance—proud

CHYPRE · ROSE · GARDENIA OR JASMIN

Sole Agents for Coty (England) Ltd
M. G. SHAHANI & CO., KARACHI

c/no/4

SELLER'S LOTUS HONEY

for all Eye TROUBLES even Cataract Safe, Sure, World-wide reputed and tested. At all Chemists. Literature free. Beware of imitation—insist on SELLERS.
KEMP & CO., LTD., Bombay.

Family Ceremonies

There's no need to let your business keep you away from your family when a wedding or other important occasion calls you. Flying reduces travel time in India to a matter of a few hours. And you save time at each end of the journey, too, because you land cool and unruffled from your comfortable armchair, far above the dust and heat. Tata staff look after every detail for you, so that you travel without effort.

ECONOMY SAFETY

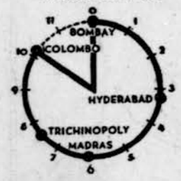
It often costs you no more to fly by Tata Air Lines than you spend in travelling first-class any other way. Food, drink and hotel accommodation at a night-stop are all included in your fare—even your tips are paid by Tatas.

Every Tata 'plane is inspected before each flight, controls and engine are checked, and a daily certificate of airworthiness is given by an engineer licensed by Government.

TATA AIR LINES
TATA SONS LIMITED

Flying Hours

ROUTE 1 (Southern Section): 4 services a week both ways.



ROUTE 1 (Northern Section): BOMBAY—AHMEDABAD—BHUJ—KARACHI
5½ flying hours 4 services a week both ways.

ROUTE 2: BOMBAY—INDORE—BHOPAL—GWALIOR—DELHI
7 flying hours 2 services a week both ways.

Full details and bookings at Tata Air Line Offices in Bombay, Delhi, Karachi and all Airports—also from Travel Agents everywhere.

IT PAYS TO FLY IN INDIA

HEDGE SELLING APPEARS ON N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE

Market Awaits Congressional Action Over Price Control

SMALL TRADE SUPPORT

Bombay: Sept. 16.

On Monday New York cotton eased early on accumulation of hedging against large Southern spot sales and scattered long liquidation. It was reported that the tropical disturbance was harmless, but rallied on improved trade and local support and scarcity of offerings, but the bulge attracted renewed hedging and realising with traders awaiting further Congressional action over price control.

The Chicago grains declined on possibility of early resumption of discussions by the Congress of price control legislation and tapering off flour demand, but steadied on Government plans to expand livestock daily products to meet enlarged overseas needs. Wheat was steady but lower under pressure of hedging professional selling and easiness of cash market advices.

NEW YORK COTTON

At the opening October was 9 pts down at 17.80 and improved to 17.87, which was the highest level reached at noon. Later on there was increased selling and October declined to 17.70, which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 18 to 21 points. Spot cotton prices declined 18 pts at 18.41c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was easy with increased selling and closed at a decline of 20 to 25 points. Spot cotton prices declined 20 pts at 17.36c per lb.

LIVERPOOL SITUATION

A cable received from Liverpool states:—Judged by the number of cotton ships arriving, the shipping position appears generally satisfactory. Cargoes recently discharged include, American, East Indian, Brazilian and Belgian Congo cotton with direct delivery from the quay to mills the general rule. The renewed rise in United States' raw cotton prices increases uncertainty about control's intentions concerning spot prices after the end of October. Dollar prices have risen over six cents a pound since the local quotations were established on March 31, but outside growths generally have advanced only moderately. There is still no information regarding the price of American cotton supplied under the Lease and Lend terms.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co. state:—That mirage normally called sentiment, when it swings to and fro, it oversteps the basic facts. Thus yesterday local prices broke sharply on beneficial Upcountry rains, weakness in Linseeds, groundnuts, wheat and jute. That brought out heavy stale liquidation in cotton influenced by widening parity with Oomras. No one denies the weakness of Indian statistical position but until the crop is actually gathered during the next few months, it is premature to take an optimistic view of the supply position. For instance, heavy damage has been apprehended by locust in Sind and the higher Karachi staple prices show large sales of early arrivals. In Gujarat and elsewhere, admittedly the crop is late and susceptible to vigours of future weather, such as unseasonable rains and frost. True, when Oomra crop moves in Dec/Jan and by then no relaxation is seen in economic blockade against Japan or Indian Government measures to stabilize the prices of short staple, the weakness of the statistical position aggravates. In the meanwhile, caution seems necessary in following decline so that no political surprises from Japan can outwit the pessimist.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 17.87—02 (11-55 a.m.); lowest 17.70—19 (2-35 p.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Market declined on hedge selling and long liquidation.

New York Cotton

New York: Sept. 15.

October	17.71—18
December	17.90 18
January	17.96—18
March	18.06 21
May	18.21 19
July	18.25 19
Middling Spot	18.41—18

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New Orleans: Sept. 15.

October	17.71—20
December	17.68—24
January	17.56—25
March	18.06 24
May	18.20—25
July	18.25 25
Middling Spot	17.36 20

NEW YORK COTTON

	New York: Sept 15. 11 a.m.	Call. Noon call
October	17.80	17.64
December	18.00	18.04
March	18.19	18.23

N YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York: Sept. 15.

Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports 18,000 bales

Indian Stock Exchange

Bombay: Sept. 16.

The sentiment on the market continued to be bullish although price fluctuations remained narrow. Tata Deferreds opened a little higher at 2095 and advanced at one time to 2105, but later reacted to 2090 on profit-taking but towards the close again steadied upto 2107/8. Tata Ordinaries opened Rs. 2 higher at 396 and after touching 394 improved to 398. Textiles were generally strong wherein Bombay Dyeings improved to 1220. Indian Irons were a shade better at 35/4.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (2090) 2095 2105 2090 2107/8
Tata Ordinaries (394) 396 97 94 98

Tata Ordinary 398, Tata Deferred 2107/8, Indian Iron 35/2, Steel Corpn of Bengal 20/2 Bombay Dyeing 1220, Central India 363/12, Century 502/8, Gokak 230, Kohinoor 472/8, Simplex 141, Andhra Valley 1755, Tata Hydro 191/4, Tata Power 1805, Associated Cement 151, Belapur 231/14, Bombay Burma Old 497/8.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Sept. 16.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 97-12
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 99-0
3 1/2 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-1
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 99-13
3-1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 103-4
4 per cent 1960/6 Loan 110 8
4 per cent 1948 Bonds 104-0
3 per cent War Bonds 102-0
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 114

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 111-6
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 116-8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 127-4

CORPORATION DEBENTURE

4 per cent B P T 1947 110-0
4 per cent M Deb 1947 110
5 per cent M Deb 1956 116-0
6 per cent M Deb 1954 129-4
6 per cent K P T 1956 129-12

Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: Sept. 16.

Following a decline of 18 pts in New York cotton futures the local market opened at Rs. 264/8 for Broach A/M delivery and during the early part there was small covering and buying by buyers of 'Put' options. Prices gradually improved to Rs. 267/4 but under renewed selling prices again eased off to Rs. 265. The market sentiment is bearish.

After declining to Rs. 264/12 prices recovered to Rs. 266/8 under buying by Mahajan Operators. There was further buying and prices advanced to Rs. 268/4, but reacted to Rs. 267/8. It appears that outsiders are following professional operators and are buying and selling with them and the market outlook is changing rapidly. During the last hour prices improved to Rs. 268/8. The market finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach April/May	Rs. 267/12
Oomra Dec/Janry	Rs. 206/4
Bengal Dec/Janry	Rs. 159/0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay: Sept. 16.

Bengal Fine	154/67
Berar	194/200
C. P. 1	229/32
C. P. 2	206/12
Khandesh	154/69
Muglai	169/74
Broach	231/36
Broach Low	201/11

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: Sept. 16

RECEIPTS INTO BOM. OF IND. COTTON In full-pressed bales. 2 days. Since 1st Septr. This year. Last year

Khandesh			30
Central India		349	.....
Barsi and Nagar		496	28
Berar	33	543	15
Central Provinces	39	1,083	.....
Total Oomras	72	2,471	72
Dholeras	175	2,397	93
N.-W. Provinces	28	28	.....
Rajputana		18	.....
Sind-Punjab	858	3,935	7,065
Broach		351	.....
Coompta and Dharwar		819	1,465
Westerns-Northerns	358	1,406	990
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,980	.....
Total	1,491	14,406	9,683

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay: Sept. 16.

Wheat January	0 9 0
Wheat May	0 13 6
Linseed May	1 4 0
Groundnut February	5 12 0
Castorseed May	6 8 0
Cottonseed January	2 8 0
Silver 1st settlement	0 7 0
Silver 2nd settlement	0 14 0
Gold 1st settlement	0 3 6
Gold 2nd settlement	0 7 0

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F. P. Bales.	1941/42	1940/41
Receipts to date 15-9-41	502000	669000
Receipts yesterday 15-9-41	18000	18000
Export to date 12-9-41		97000
Stock at Ports 12-9-41	3127000	2700000
Stock at interior towns do.	2048000	1889000
Quantity in sight 12-9-41	968000	892000

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: Sept. 15. Highest Closing at 5 p.m.

Broach A/M	270	265 1/4	265 1/4
8/20S "SS"		Spot/Janry	Oomra
Bengal D/J	164 1/2	158 1/2	158 1/2

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May 800 cent points at 331.

Colombo Quotations

Colombo: Sept. 16.

Price of rubber in the local market to-day was 55 5/8, Crepe 57. Yesterday's closing prices were the same.

Copra 32.25. Cocoanut oil F.O.B. 315.00 nominal.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: Sept. 16.

Yarn No.	October	Decmbr.	February
6 1/2s.	204	205	206
10 1/2s.	235	236	237
20 1/2s.	331	333	334
40s.	530	535	540

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay: Sept. 16.

Linseed September	6 2 3
Linseed May	9 2 3
Wheat September	5 1 3
Wheat January	5 7 9
Wheat May	6 11 9

PEPPER & GINGER

Bombay: Sept. 16.

Pepper ready	94 0 0
Pepper Maha Sud 15	95 8 0
Ginger ready	34 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15	31 0 0

CASH & FORWARD QUOTATIONS

	Forward.	Cash.	Difference Rs.
DYEING	1300	1220	80
CENTURY	540	502	38
NAGPUR	401	368	33
FINLAY	249	219	30
KOHINOOR	526	477	49
SIMPLEX	157	140	17
GOKAK	264	232	32
A. C. C.	155	151	4
STEEL DEFD.	2152	2105	47
STEEL ORDY.	405	396	9

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London: Sept. 15.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69 1/2
Indian Stocks—	£
3 per cent 1948	91 1/4
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	99 3/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	82 3/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	106 1/16
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	106 5/16
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/1990	116 1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	112 7/8
Chartered Bank of I.A. & China	9 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London register)	77 1/2
National Bank of India	33

MODERATE AND PERSISTENT BUYING IN SHARES

Steels And Textiles Improve

MARKET DISPLAYS STEADINESS

Bombay: Sept. 16.

The local Share Bazar opened steady and under scattered buying prices hardened but higher levels induced moderate realising and quotations sagged. The market on the whole displayed steady tone. It appears that those who bought at low rates are realising and contracts are passing into hands of new buyers, who are impressed by favourable war news.

The industrial outlook is encouraging and naturally buyers are confident for higher prices eventually, but present prices fairly discount the improved outlook and purchases around present quotations seem risky. The market is getting overbought and is entitled to a reaction any moment. Moreover the market is narrow and outside business being limited, it will be difficult to find buyers in a declining market.

The Wall-St. market remains uncertain with a small business. U.S. Steel shares improved 1/8 at 56 7/8 and Anaconda Copper Mining shares were 1/8 down at 28 1/4. General Motors were unchanged at 39 1/2 dollars.

In the local market Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs 1242 and improved to Rs. 1252, but reacted to Rs 1245. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 402 and quickly rose to Rs. 405 but with realising reacted to Rs. 401 and recovered to Rs. 403. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1292 and hardened to Rs. 1302, but liquidation eased off prices to Rs. 1292. Towards the close there was sustained buying and Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 2155 and Ordinary shares were done at Rs. 405/8 Bombay Dyeings were placed at Rs. 1297 and Century Mill shares rose to Rs. 540 and Kohinoors were steady at Rs. 526. Burmas and Cements fared well.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay: Sept. 16.

Bombay Dyeing (1295) 1290 1302 1290 1297 1300
Century (521) 524 531 529 530 527 533 540
Central India (395/8) 402 399 402 400
Kohinoor (522) 523 527 521 526
New Great (303) 307 310 308 311 309 310 311
Simplex (154/8) 161 157 158 157/8
Swadeshi (397) 403 398 402
Associated Cement (154/8) 155
Andhra (1717/8) 1717
Tramways Ordinary (158) 158
Tata Hydro (191/8) 191
Tata Power (1840) 1840 1847 1835
Tata Steel Defd (2140) 2142 2145 2142 2152 2137 2155 2152
Tata Steel Ordinary (400/8) 402 404 403 405 401 403 406
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (153/8) 153/8
Belapur (242) 244
Bombay Steam (402/8) 400
Bombay Burma (517/8) 515 525 527 526 528.

TEXTILES

Bombay, Sept. 16.

100 Ahmed. Advance	343	12
250 BOMBAY DYEING	1300	0
100 CENTURY	5 0	0
100 CENTRAL INDIA	401	0
100 COLABA	223	0
100 Cooria	150	0
250 David	257	8
250 Dawn	425	0
1 E. D. Sassoon Defd.	2 6	9
100 FINLAY	249	0
100 GOKAK	264	8
1000 Hindustan	2150	0
100 Indore	205	0
100 Khatau	2 3	0
100 KOHINOOR	526	0
250 LAXMI	610	0
100 MORARJI	412	0
250 Model	150	0
100 NEW GREAT	311	0
100 Osmanshahi	103	0
100 Phoenix	345	0
25 Sassoon Silk	80	4
1000 Sholapur	4'00	0
50 SIMPLEX	257	8
100 SWADESHI	401	0
100 SWAN	236	0
500 Vishnu	136	0
1000 Western	1365	0

BANKS

50-100 Baroda	115	0
25-50 Central	49	12
500 Imperial	1620	0
125-500 Imp Conty.	403	0
50-100 India	147	8
100 Reserve Bank	113	0
5 Union	7	4

CEMENTS

100 ASSOCIATED	155	0

INSURANCE

100 Empire	70	0
15-100 Jupiter	18	6
20 Mercantile	72	4
15-75 New India	53	0
200 Oriental	4195	0
15-50 Vulcan	11	2

ELECTRIC

100 Ahm. Gld	190	0
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY	1717	8
10 Ajmer X.D.	12	2
50 BOMBAY TRAM	158	0
100 Bombay Suburban	18	4
10 Broach	13	6
100 Karachi	206	10
100 Poona	21	8
100 Surat	188	0
1000 TATA HYDRO	19	8
1000 TATA POWER	1835	0

RAILWAYS

500 Ahmedabad Prantij	872	0
100 C. Province	106	0
100 Dhond Baramati	104	4
100 Gujarat	165	0
100 Mandra Bhon	106	4
100 Pachora Jamner	91	0
100 Sara Sirajganj	105	0
500 Tapti Valley	665	0

MININGS

9 Burma Corp	4	10
2sh. Indian Copper	2	4
10 Indian Iron and Steel	35	2
10 SHIVRAJPUR	41	12
10 Mucund Iron X.D	14	0
30 TATA STEEL DEF.	2152	8
75 TATA STEEL ORD.	405	8
10 Steel Corporation	20	4

MISCELLANEOUS

100 ALCOCK	650	0
10 Air Services	2	14
50 BELAPUR SUGAR	244	0
200 Bombay Safe Dep	650	
250 BOMBAY STEAM	400	0
125 B. Burma	528	0
50 Burma Cmt	180	0
8sh. Br. B. Petrol	3	10
100 IND. BELACHING	148	0
50 Ind Invest Trust	52	0
100 Indian Radio Def	600	0
100 Indian Radio Ord.	574	4
100 Port Canning	94	0
30 PREMIER CON.	125	0
15 Scindia	26	0
25 Tata Oil	60	0
100 Wimco	224	0

PREFERENCE

7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1755	0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam	401	0
7 p.c. Bom Tram (T. F.)	78	0
5 p.c. Central India (T F.)	646	4
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st	122	8
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const 2nd	117	8
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	162	8
7 1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1620	0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st	213	0
7 1/2 p.c Tata Steel 2nd	153	8
7 p.c. Vishnu	737	8

DEBENTURES

4 p.c Andhra Valley Deb.	106	0
4 p.c Bom Telephone	50	4
5 p.c Morarji	103	4
5 p.c Sholapur	71	6
4 1/2 p.c. Tata Power Deb.	105	8

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: Sept. 16.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 1/2 at New York.

London Silver quotations were unchanged with spot 23 1/2d and forward was 23 7/16d. Production selling satisfied trade demand of about 30,000 ounces. It may be mentioned that there is no change in bullion quotations as a result of rigid control. There is trifling business. New York spot silver was also unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and local market is hovering around present levels with practically small outside business.

Quotations were as under: Gold Silver

Ready	Rs. 42 2 6	63 0 0
Apo	Rs. 42 2 6	63 0 3
Kartak	Rs. 42 2 6	63 0 9

Sovereigns: Rs. 28/8/3.

LONDON SILVER

London: Sept. 15.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 7/16

LONDON GOLD

London: Sept. 15.

Gold bars fine per Oz.	£8/8/0

LONDON WHEAT

London: Sept. 15.

Rozario Santa Fe 21/3 Sept/Oct quoted
Barletta Russo 21 Sept/Oct quoted
South Australian 27/6 Sept/Oct quoted.

LONDON RUBBER

London: Sept. 15.

Smoke sheet standard ribber per lb. 13-3/4.

London Stock Exchange

LONDON: Sept. 15.

The Stock Exchange was quieter and with markets sensitive and Russian war news, moderate profit-taking appeared in most sections, especially the Kaffirs. The losses were, however, generally small and building, Shipping and Rubber shares presented bright features while Jap. Bonds responded to improved Far-Eastern sentiment and Poland 4 1/2 per cent were 3 higher at 25. Among Europeans Gilt-edgeds were mainly steady; Rails both Home and South American easier, so also oils, but Industrials maintained on balance. Wall-St. was dull.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: Sept. 16.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
September from Bond Rs. 12/4
African from Bond Rs. 10/8
Shipment June Rs. 9/8 F.B.H.
Shipment September-Rs. 9/4 F.B.H.
Indian Sugars Ready—
Ordinary Rs. 14/12 to 15/3
Large grain Rs. 15/4 to 16/12.
Tone:—Steady.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: Sept. 16.

Yellow Metal Sheet Rs. 97
Copper Sheets Rs. 88
Tone:—Firm.

SHIPPING NEWS

IMPORTS

Bombay: Sept. 16.

1895 bales cotton raw, 534 bags copra, 230 bags damar Batu, 38 cases compo parts of rubber fittings, 905 cases pineapples, 100 bgs plumbago, 54 casks tallow, 325 c/s beer, 47 cases matt fibre, 495 cases rubber sheet, 221 bags nutmegs, 182 bgs gum, 463 bgs pepper 2998 bags betelnuts, 5006 brls rattans.

EXPORTS

Bombay: Sept. 16.

3500 tons manganese ore James Finlay and Co Ltd; 510 drums castor oil A Hargovindas and Co; 1169 bags leather picker waste The Overseas Cotton Waste Co; 50 bls cotton yarn G Ab Yaffi; 31 bls cotton pcegoods G Ab Yaffi; 100 bales cotton waste G M Vyas and Co; 2794 bls cotton pcegoods Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 106 pkgs cotton pcegoods M H Zakkai; 1333 bags castor seeds M Bhuta and Co; 4741 bags linseed The Oilseeds Trading Co Ltd.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: Sept. 16.

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/8t. 1/6 7/32 Two months
London Silver quotations were unchanged with spot 23 1/2d and forward was 23 7/16d. Banks buying 90 days/8t 1/6 1/4 Three months
Banks buying 90 days/8t 1/6 9/32 Four months

B. C. RATES:—
T T 1/5 29/32; D D 1/6 29/32
Banks selling T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/6 15/16
Banks buying T T 1/6d; D D 1/6 3/32

NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 333 1/4 D D Rs. 333 1/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 330; D D Rs. 329 1/2
Cross Rates Dol 4.02 1/2 3 1/2

MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 303; D D Rs. 303
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4; D D Rs. 296 1/4
Cross Rates Dol 4.45/47

JAVA:—
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 55.
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 57 1/2
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62

JAPAN:—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting.
Cross Rates 8h 1/2 1/2

BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil.
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40

STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123, D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 129
Cross Rates K 15.85/95

SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 158; D D Rs. 158
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 155
Cross Rates 8h 2/4 5/32 7/32

HONGKONG:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 85 1/4; D D Rs. 84 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs 81 1/2
Cross Rates 8h 1/3 1/32

SHANGHAI—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting.
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates 8h 0-3 3/16

MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 65.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pes. 19.5, 21.5.

LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom; D D Esc 7.35 nom.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rate Esc 99.80 100.30

NEW YORK:—
Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 1/2
Tone of sterling Exchange: Steady.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready
New York Silver 34 3/4
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 7/16 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call unquoted.
1 to 2 months 1/4 per cent.
3 to 6 months 1/2 per cent.
9 months 3/4 per cent.
Tone:—Very easy.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: Sept. 15.

T T London on New York 4.02½/4.03½; Madrid 40.50, Montreal 4.43/4.47; Berne 17.30/17.40 Stockholm 16.85/16.98.

BARODA'S SOUND FINANCES

Dewan Introduces Budget In Assembly

BARODA, Sept. 15.

Introducing the budget for the year in the Dhara Sabha to-day Sir Krishnamachari, the Dewan reiterated that the financial position of the State generally was satisfactory. The war, he added, would affect anticipated sources of revenue like the custom's receipts but it was hoped that the dislocation caused would not be serious and that the Government would be able to carry out the development programme they had embodied in the budget.

For education, he said, provision for Rs. 40 lakhs as against the revised estimate of Rs. 38.80 lakhs for 1940-41, was made. For agriculture the budget provision is Rs. 7.50 lakhs as against Rs. 7 lakhs in the revised estimates for the last year. The Government have under consideration important schemes for the development of the Technological Institute, remedying the difficulties experienced by State students in obtaining medical education, technical high schools in districts and commercial education.

ARMY EXPENDITURE

The budget also reveals that the normal expenditure of the Army including the pensions and gratuities which had been fixed at Rs. 22,50,000 a year would be exceeded in 1941-42 owing to the war, thus necessitating a special contribution from the general revenues. A sum of Rs. 6 lakhs has been included for this and other expenditure connected with the war.

The Dewan also referred to the State contributions to the tune of several lakhs of rupees to various war funds, Lady Linlithgow's Silver Trinkets' Fund, for squadron of Spitfires and by way of investments in interest-free defence bonds.—United Press.

BOMBAY NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC UNION

Muthia Mudaliar To Preside Over Forthcoming Conference

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Reception Committee of the Bombay National Democratic Union met this evening at Blavatsky Lodge and elected Mr. Muthia Mudaliar of Madras to be the president of their forthcoming Conference.

In view of the decision of the central office of the National Democratic Union to hold the meeting of the All-India Standing Committee of the Union, it was decided to hold the Conference along with the meeting of the Standing Committee. Dates were provisionally fixed from 3rd to 15th October.

Balkan-Ji-Bari Annual Day

The Annual Day (Birthday Anniversaries of the Balkan-ji-Bari, Mahatma Gandhi and Dr Annie Besant) will be celebrated throughout India by Balkan-ji-Bari. The All-India Children's Association. All Branches of the Bombay Provincial Balkan-ji-Bari will hold the celebrations on September 28 individually and on October 5 jointly at Ghat Kopar, under the Presidentship of Mr. Ramanlal V. Desai of Baroda. Mrs Ratanben Mehta, Mr. Abdali Jaferbhai and Mr. Jamubhai Dani are expected to address the boys and girls, and the children themselves will also give an interesting programme on the occasion.

Our Goa Letter

NEW SUGAR FACTORY STARTED

(From Our Correspondent.)
MARGAO (By Mail)

A new sugar factory by name 'Sociedade de Agricola da India' has been registered in the Goa Government with a capital of 6 lakhs of rupees having its registered office at Churchorem (Sanvordem) Goa. An area of over 1,500 acres has been selected by the directors of the factory, and arranged to have seedling from Cawnpore of a high quality. Goa being generally known for the abundance of water and due to the availability of cheap labour, it is anticipated that in a few years this province will be able to provide her own requirements of sugar, and thus a longfelt need is likely to be met with by the establishment of this factory.

INSURANCE LAW APPROVED.

The Government for the Portuguese India have passed an Insurance Law with a view to exert some control on the insurance companies who are conducting business without any revenue to the Government. An yearly tax of Rs 200 will be hereafter levied on each and every British Indian Company transacting life business in Goa and every agent will have to obtain a licence from the Government after payment of Rs 6 per each year. There are also some regulations which will necessitate these companies to acquaint the Goa Government with their stability, and the rights of issuing permits will be solely in the hands of Government. The local agents of the various Indian Insurance Companies, it is understood, have written to their Head Offices to approach the Goa Government with a request to relax the conditions.

Codes For Use For Outside India

SIMLA, Sept. 15.

The attention of the public is drawn to the provisions of Rule 19 (1) of the Defence of India Act 1939, which prohibits the use of private codes in telegrams ex-India says a Press Communique.

Telegrams which contain codes other than the following nine authorised commercial codes will be stopped:—Bentley Second Phrase, Bentley Complete, A.B.C. sixth edition Petersons International third edition, W.C.M.E. commodity and phrase, Lombard Shipping, Lombard General, New Standard Three Letters and New Standard Half-word.—A. P.

American Cotton Weekly Statistics

(IN 1000'S)

	New York, Sept. 12 Season to-date	This week	Season 1940/41
Total in sight (excluding linters)	958	298	892
Forwarded to American mills including other American (excluding linters)	1,090	226	627
Exports from U. S. Ports	—	—	87
Stocks at U. S. Ports	—	3,127	—
Stocks at U. S. Interior Towns	—	2,048	—
Receipts at U. S. Ports	470	101	637

BANKERS' CLEARING HOUSE

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 12-9-1941 were as under:—

Number of cheques—1,50,278.
Amount of cheques—22,06,87,399-1-8.

I KNOW WHAT I AM TALKING ABOUT

I have Paid To Learn Both with Health And Pocket

Thank You for Your Wonderful

IRVING'S Yeast-Vite TONIC TABLETS

Dear Sirs,—I feel I ought to add my thanks to hundreds of others you must have.

Six years ago I began to suffer from nerves which gradually ruined my digestion. I spent a lot trying all kinds of medicines for nerves and stomach. None of them gave me any real relief, so 12 months ago I decided to try your Yeast-Vite and I am glad that I did. From the day that I first took Yeast-Vite I have been a different man: no more nerves and no stomach trouble. Whenever I feel nervy or have a touch of indigestion all I do is buy a bottle of Yeast-Vite, and I am well again in no time.

Only a week ago I had an attack of nerves with terrible in[illegible] and heartburn. I straightway sent to the chemist for a bottle of Yeast-Vite and from the first dose I improved till at the finish of the bottle I was cured. Believe me, I know what I am talking about. I have paid to learn both with health and pocket. Again I thank you for your wonderful Yeast-Vite. I am yours truly W.C.

My Friends Tell Me How Fit And Well I Look

Gentlemen,

I thought you might be interested to know the great benefit I have derived through taking your Yeast-Vite.

For a considerable period following an illness I have suffered with my nerves and been very run-down and depressed. It just seemed that everything was an effort, and work impossible.

I tried several preparations with little effect, and decided to give Yeast-Vite a trial. Having done so, after a month's course, I am feeling a new man.

My friends tell me how fit and well I look, and like my old self, and I can assure you they are right, because I do. I would not be without Yeast-Vite. Wishing you all success.

Yours faithfully, (Signed B. B.)

THE SECRET

The Secret of the immense success of Yeast-Vite lies, of course, in the fact that it is an accurate scientific combination of PURE MEDICINAL YEAST (Saccharomyces Cerevisiae), especially rich in Vitamin B, and other wonderful tonic ingredients as prescribed by leading specialists. Yeast-Vite is the record QUICK Tonic.

NO RELIEF—NO PAY

Have you ever actually accepted our world-famous "No Relief—No Pay" offer? Do so NOW! If you are feeling Run-down, Out of Sorts, Headachy, Rheumatic, or in any way below par. Simply obtain a bottle of Irving's YEAST-VITE Tablets from any Chemist or Stores. Take as directed, and if you are not thoroughly satisfied, post the empty carton to us with Guarantee Seal attached, and your money will be refunded in full. Irving's YEAST-VITE TONIC TABLETS from all Chemists and Stores.

Sole Manufacturers:
IRVING'S YEAST-VITE, LTD.,
WATFORD, ENGLAND

HOW WOMEN CAN WIN MEN AND MEN WIN

Respect of Other Men

Unless two pints of bile juice flow daily from your liver into your bowels, your food decays in your bowels. This poisons your whole body. You get yellow tongue, yellow skin, pimples, dull eyes, bad breath, bad taste

NEW YORK COTTON FIFTEEN POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

OCTOBER

New York, Sept. 16

Previous closing	17.71
To-day's opening	17.60
Difference	—11
To-day's closing	17.56
Difference	—15

BROACH EXPECTATION.

Broach April/May ..... Rs. 266

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Sept. 16

The New York cotton showed considerable easiness again on continued hedging and liquidation prompted by lack of encouraging Washington developments.

Trading in October began at 17.60 i.e. 11 points lower than the last closing. Prices early moved narrowly under stray selling, while later the market slumped further on heavy liquidation and hedging.

Following are the New York opening ranges:—

October (17.80/80) 17.60/59
December (18.00/99) 17.82/80
March (18.21/21) 18.01/00

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London, Sept. 15

SEEDS

Castorseeds September October (£20 7/8) £20 7/8 quoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta Sept/October (£20 1/2) £20 1/2 quoted
Linseed La Plata October (£12) £12 quoted
Groundnut Coromandal Coast Sept/Oct (£19 1/4) £19 1/4 quoted

JUTES

Dundee September October (£60 nominal) £60 nominal
Lightning September October (£55 nominal) £55 nominal

RUBBER

Spot (13 3/4d value) 13 3/4d value
Forward November (13 3/4d value) 13 3//4d value

LONDON METALS

Tin (£257 buyers; £257 1/4 sellers. Steady) £256 3/4 buyers; £257 sellers. Barely steady
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£26) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 2 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Sept. 16

Previous closing	4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Sept. 15

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON GOLD

London, Sept. 16

London Gold (£8 8-0) £8 8-0

LONDON SILVER

London, Sept. 15

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil
Forward (23 7/16d) 23 7/16d nil

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 31/32) 1-5 31/32
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.33) 30.33
London on Shanghai (0-2 7/8 to 0-3 5/16) 0-2 27/32 to 0-3 5/16
London on Kobe not quoted.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent
6 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS.

Bombay, Sept. 16

There was no trading during the night session.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Sept. 16

New York Stock Exchange opening prices:—

General Motors (dol 39 5/8) dol 39 1/2
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 28 1/4) unquoted
United States Steel Common (dol 56 7/8) dol 56 3/4
United States Steel Preference (unquoted) dol 120 1/4

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London, Sept. 15

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 1/8

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London, Sept. 15

5 per cent 1958/68 £104 3/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols £82 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £105 7/8
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £99 7/8
4 per cent Funding Loan £116 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £106 5/16
New York Loan £100 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £112 3/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 15-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 36-9
Electric Music Industry 12-9
Princhin Johnson 24-6
Imperial Chemicals 32-3
Woolsworth New Ordinary 57-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates £77 1/2
Dundee 35-10
Unilever Ordinary 26-0
Ford Motors 21-3
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £63
British American Tobacco Ordinary £4 21/32
Carreas 'A' £5 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6
P and O Def 27-10
Distillers 69-9
Bredfords Dye 6-5
British Celanese 5-0
J. and P. Coates 36-4
Courtaulds Ordinary 31-3
Fine Cotton Spinners 4-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary 17-
Inter Nickel dol 41 5/8
Indian Iron 52-6

TEA SHARES

Assam Company 17-6
Donaro Tea 28-9
Empire of India 19-4

JUTE

Barnagore (£7) £7

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber 17-4
Guia Kelampong 15-7
Rubber Plant Inv Trust 28-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 17-6
Burma Corporation 6-9
Rio Tintos £6
East Rand Properties £2 1/4
Rand Mines £7

MINE SHARES

Crown £10 3/4
Associated Portland Cement 57-6
Trinidad Leasehold 70-0
Sub Nigel £7 3/16
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 7/32
Union Corporation 150-0

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 30-7
Anglo India 41-10
Burma Oil £3 3/32
Mexican Eagle 9-9
Shell Transport £2 27/32
Royal Dutch £21 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £40 3/4
London Midland Ordinary £15 1/4
London North Eastern Def £1 1/2
London Southern Defd £14 1/2
London Transport 5 per cent £123 1/2
London Transport £44

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS, Sept. 16

The market continued to be very firm especially in Plantings wherein the low priced issues have shown sharp improvement. Securities were quiet, elsewhere business was moderately good.

Transactions reported from 12 noon yesterday to 12 noon to-day:—

Buckingham pref 192; Cambodia pref 139/8 Mysore Silk 11/2; 11/1; Rajalakshmi 69/4; Palani Andavar pref 65/12; 65; Cochin Textile ord 19/4; Cambodia 10/10; 10/12; Radhakrishna 153/8; Sarada pref 101/8; Coimbatore Cotton 125; Mettur Industries 164/8 xd; Kalpettas 24/12 cd; Travancore Rubber 10/14; 11; 11/4; Ouchterloney Valley ord 3/1; 2/15/6; 3; 2/15; Midlands 7/12; 7/14; 8; 7/13; Be Be 7/2 xd; 7/12 cd; Cochin Malabar 8/9; 8/11; 8/10; 8/8; 8/12; Nellianpathy 2/3; 2/1; 2/0/6; Rajagiri 8/6; 8/9; 8/10; Woodlands 8/6; Udaygiri 8; Tropicals 22; Cochin Rubber 15/4 xd; Vaikundam 10/6; 10/8; Cochin Malabar pref 72; Nellithanny 9/3; S I Peninsular 3/4/6; Mlamally ord 25/6; Thirumbadi 2/1; Devon 10 cd; Coorg 32/12; West Coast pref 10/2; South Madras Electric Corpn ord 14/10; India sugar 11/4; 11/6; Mysore sugar 57; Deccan sugar 53/4; Travancore sugar 15/4; 15/6; Mysore paper 18/6; 18/4; 18/5; 18/2; Mysore Chemicals 18/2 s i; 18/8; 18/7; 18/4; 18/6; Mysore Lamps 10/2; Mysore Match 10/6; Mysore Chem Mafg 15/14 cd; India Nuts 2/942; Mettur Chem 12/8; Spencer ord 5/13; Pencer 8/10; Arbuthnot pref 95; Bruntons 10/12; 10/8 xd; 3 1/2 Trichur Municipal debentures 102/9; Indian Steel Rolling ord 8/12.

Tenders For Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 16th September, 1941. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,65,00,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-13-9 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-13-6 allotted approximately 69 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Rs. 0-3-3 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 23rd September 1941. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 26th September 1941. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 12th September, 1941, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 3,26,50,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

COMMERCE MEMBER FOR BOMBAY

NEW DELHI, September 16.

Sir A. Ramaswamy Mudaliar, Commerce Member, Government of India, arrived here this morning from Simla and left by the Punjab Mail for Bombay 'en route' to Madras.—A. P.

YOU will derive great satisfaction from any of the wide range of Amami Shampoos. But if you suffer particularly from dandruff and scurf, use Amami No. 9—it's specially made to combat scalp troubles. Its copious, antiseptic lather rapidly cleans and heals. Unlike "Seekhai" and other crude preparations, Amami leaves no scalp-clogging residue after rinsing—just that wonderful freshness and fragrance which comes only from Amami-cleansing.

● *Besides special Amami Shampoo Powders for all types of hair, there's a Liquid Soapless Shampoo for those who prefer the liquid kind.*

AMAMI SHAMPOO

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Higher Rates For Speculatives

CALCUTTA, Sept. 16

The share market continued firm and active. Cottons, jutes, coals, teas and popular miscellaneous industrials kept steady. Speculative Engineering issues were in better request at higher prices. Government securities continued firm.

Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities: 3 per cent Govt. Paper 82/8; 3 per cent loan 1963-65 95/2; 3 per cent Defence bonds 1946 102/2; 3 1/2 per cent Govt. Paper 96; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 103/7; 3 per cent Defence loan 1949/52 100; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 111/8 small lot.

Banks: Imperial Bank fully paid 1605 small lot; Karnani Industrial Bank 3/9; Reserve Bank 110.

Cottons: Benares Cotton and Silk 4/14; Cawnpore Textiles 9; Dunbar 249/8; New Victoria ord 4/4.

Coals: Amalgamated 27/2; Bengal 387; East Indian 17/12; Ghusick and Muslia 5/4; New Beerbhoom 18 small lot; Raneegunge 29/14; West Jamuria 33/2.

Jutes: Alliance 330; Anglo-India 374; Budge Budge 383; Cheviot 213; Chitavalsah 15/4; Clive 28/12; Gourepore 698/8; Howrah 56/12; Hukumchand 12/12; Kamarhatty 520; Kelvin 530 c div.

Eng.: Britannia Eng 12/8; Britannia Building and Iron 11/2 ex div; Indian Iron and Steel 35/6; Indian Steel and Wire Products ord 60/12 c div; defd 40/10 c div; National Iron and Steel 9/8; Steel Corpn ord 20/9.

Miscellaneous: Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar Rly (rebate) 108; Burma Corpn 4/11; Indian Copper 2/4; Rhodesia Copper annas 12; Dalmia Cement ord 14/7; defd 3/1; Benares Electric 15/8; Patna Elec 18; Upper Ganges Elec 12/4; Bengal Flour 13/2; National India Life Insurance 1000; Aluminium Corpn ord 14/6; Bararee Coke 27/4; B I Corpn ord 4/14; Calcutta Silk Manfg 10/4; Indian Cables 27/8; Indian Wood Products 29/2; Ivan Jones 2/10; Kalimpong Ropeway 12/12 c div; Macfarlane and Co defd 2/11; Publicity Society 10/4; Rohtas Industries ord 24/6; British Burma Petroleum 3/9; Indo-Burma Petroleum ord 99 small odd lot; Titaghur Paper ord 22/10; Assam Saws 4/10; Borooah Timber 18/4 small lot; India General Navgn ord 90; Port Shipping 18.

Sugar shares: Rajrampore 10/11; Basti 253/8; Carew and Co ord 12/13; Champaran 17/5; Murree Brewery 17/12.

Tea shares: Bhatkawa 45/8; Bishnauth 28/4 Killing Valley 11/12; Nagri Farm 22/10; Tengpani 22; Tezpore 8/12.—A.P.

MOTOR CAR OWNERS WARNED

No Storing Of Petrol Tins In Unlicensed Premises

SIMLA, Sept. 16

With the enforcement of the motor spirit rationing order, some motor car owners might be tempted to use up spare coupons by buying petrol in tins and storing it in unlicensed premises, says a Press Note.

Though owners of motor conveyances are not required, under the laws relating to the registration and licensing of such conveyances, to obtain a licence for the transport or storage of petrol in any quantity not exceeding 20 gallons (in addition to the quantity contained in the fuel tank or the vehicle), such petrol if it exceeds six gallons in quantity must, under the Petroleum Act be stored in an isolated place which does not communicate with any room where any person resides or works, or in any room where persons assemble. Further, it must not be kept in any receptacle exceeding five gallons in capacity.

These rules are laid down to ensure the safety of person and property and fines of Rs. 500 for the first offence and Rs. 2,000 for any subsequent offence may be imposed for any contravention of these requirements.—A.P.

Wheat Prices Must Be Controlled

SIMLA, Sept. 16

Malik Barkat Ali, M.L.A. (Punjab) and a member of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League has issued the following statement to the press:—

"I join with Sir Abdulla Haroon and others in requesting the Central Government as well as the Government of my own Province, to immediately take up the question of wheat price, as with the present soaring price of flour, terrible conditions are coming into existence which if not prevented, will undoubtedly constitute a grave danger and menace to social peace. The Central Government should not wait for the Price Control Conference, but should take immediate action, which is urgently called for."—A.P.

Kurshed Hussain Dead

PATNA, Sept 16.

Death occurred to-day at 1-30 p.m. at his Patna residence of Mr. Kurshed Hussain, prominent advocate, at the age of 60.

In 1920, Mr. Kurshed gave up his practice and courted imprisonment in 1921 in connection with the Non-co-operation movement. He, however, resumed practice in the Patna High Court in 1924.

After reference to Kurshed's death the High Court adjourned for the day.—United Press

Demand Of Unani And Ayurvedic Subsidised Medicos

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

The first conference of the Ayurvedic and Unani medical practitioners, subsidised by the Government of Bombay, to work in rural areas, was held this evening at Vishnubag Building, Kandevadi. More than twenty-five persons were present, and Dr. R. H. Bhadkamkar presided.

CONFERENCE DEMANDS

Various resolutions, mainly connected with the nature of their work and their relations to the Government were passed. One of the resolutions requested the local boards to supply the practitioners with contingency material like furniture and instruments, and to give house rent and a servant. It also suggested that more money should be allotted for the purchase of medicines.

Other resolutions, asked for 20 days casual leave in the year, war allowance and a change of centres wherever private practice was not possible or climate was unsuitable. The conference also demanded that the circle of their visits should not be too far from their headquarters, an increase of pay from Rs. 30 to Rs. 50, and the allowance from Rs. 15 to Rs. 25, the rights of medical officers in their own jurisdiction, and chances of permanency in Government service.

The Conference also requested that the right of inspection over them given to Educational Inspectors and District Police Superintendents, should be withdrawn. They pledegd their loyal support to Britain in this war and expressed their willingness to serve as Military Medical Officers if they were called upon to do so.

Bombay War Publicity Committee

Loud speaker programme for to-day (Wednesday):

Marathi: 8 a.m. Recorded music. 8-05 News bulletin. 9-20 Recorded music. 9-25 "East African Campaign"—A talk. 9-30 Recorded music 9-35 "Lessons of Last War"—A talk.

Marathi: 5-30 p.m. Recorded music. 5-35 "British Aircraft for Russia"—A talk. 5-40 Recorded music. 5-45 News bulletin. 6 Recorded music. 6-05 "Crush Nazi War Machine!"—A talk.

Gujarati: 10 a.m. Recorded music. 10-05 News bulletin. 10-20 Recorded music. 10-25 "East African Campaign"—A talk. 10-30 Recorded music. 10-35 "Lessons of Last War'—A talk. 10-40 Recorded music.

Gujarati: 4 p.m. Recorded music. 4-05 "British Aircraft for Russia"—A talk. 4-10 Recorded music. 4-15 News bulletin. 4-30 Recorded music. 4-35 "Crush Nazi War Machine"—A talk.

Hindustani: 1 p.m. Recorded music. 1-05 News bulletin. 1-20 Recorded music. 1-25 "East African Campaign"—A talk.

Hindustani: 6-30 p.m. Recorded music. 6-35 "Lessons of Last War"—A talk. 6-40 Recorded music. 6-45 News bulletin. 7 Recorded music. 7-05 "British Aircraft for Russia"—A talk. 7-15 Recorded music. 7-20 "Crush Nazi War Machine!"—A talk.

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS.

Bombay, Sept. 15

Groundnuts February—			
Opening	Rs.	43	10 0
Highest		44	6 0
Lowest		43	7 6
Closing		44	2 6
Cottonseeds September—			
Opening		23	6 0
Highest		23	8 0
Lowest		23	6 0
Closing		23	8 0
Cottonseeds January—			
Opening		24	7 0
Highest		24	10 6
Lowest		24	4 0
Closing		24	9 6
Castorseeds September—			
Opening		37	8 0
Highest		38	10 0
Lowest		37	8 0
Closing		37	8 0
Castorseeds May—			
Opening		40	12 0
Highest		41	6 0
Lowest		40	10 0
Closing		40	14 0

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 16th Sept. 1941:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs. +.014 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 81.4 deg.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.0 deg.
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 88.3 deg. (3.1 above normal).
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 76.0 deg. (0.6 above normal).
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 85 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W N W.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 10 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hrs. 166 mls.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours, 26 miles per hour.
Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10.
Rain in 24 hours 0.83 inches.
Total rainfall during the month 5.50".
Total rainfall during the year 33.52 inches.
Weather Remark: Thunderstorm and rain.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 16/9/1941

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.8 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.95 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.75 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

TASK FOR HYDARI

How To Secure Greater Association Of Non-Officials With Information Dept.

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, Sept. 16.

It is understood the question of securing greater contact between non-official opinion and the Department of Information and Broadcasting is engaging the attention of the new member Sir A Hydari.

At present, in the Central Board of Information there are only three Indians of whom only one is Indian non-official.

The desirability of having more non-officials in the Board whose work is largely with press and public has repeatedly been pointed out.

Sir A. Hydari is reported to be considering what changes are necessary or what further machinery should be set up for securing greater association of non-officials.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WAR COMMITTEE

The Governor of Bombay has decided to constitute a War Committee for the whole Presidency, and the persons mentioned below have accepted invitations to serve as members. The Provincial representatives on the National Defence Council have agreed to serve as "ex-officio" members.

The Committee will discuss war matters of interest to the Province with the following special purposes in view:

To assist the Provincial representatives on the National Defence Council by providing them with the means of obtaining the Provincial view point on war matters, and to assist the Provincial Government by keeping it in touch with representative opinion on matters connected with the war which concern the Provincial Government and by providing Government with opportunities of keeping the large section of opinion represented on the Committee informed of its war activities.

PERSONNEL

The Provincial representatives on the National Defence Council are: Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, Sir Cowasjee Jehangir and Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, and the following are the names of the gentlemen who have agreed to serve on the Bombay Presidency War Committee:—

Sir Abdul Latif Haji Hazrat Khan, M.L.A. (Sholapur), Messrs. Jayantilal Amratlal, (Ahmedabad), R. R. Bhole, M.L.A (Poona), C. P. Brambie, M.L.A., Sir Vithal Chandavarkar, the Hon. Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy, Dr J. A. Collaco, M.L.A., Sir Dhanjishah Cooper, M.L.A (Satara), Sir Ardeshir Dalal, Sardar Rao Bahadur S. J. Deshmukh (Bijapur), Lt.-Col. Sir Jamshedji Duggan, Messrs. B. V. Jadhav, A. A. Jasdenvala, Mr. M. M. Lad, (Belgaum), Sardar Mansinhji Dabhava, Thakor of Kerwada (Broach), Messrs. R P Masani, A McIntosh, Chunilal B Mehta, Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, Sir Homi Mehta, Mr. Mohamedally Allabux, M.L.A., Dr. R. P. Paranjpye, (Poona), Rao Bahadur B. L. Patil, (Dharwar), Mr. V. N Patil, (East Khandesh), Sir Govind Pradhan (Thana), Messrs. S. H. Prater, M.L.A., Fazal I. Rahimtoola, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, Mr. M. S. Sirdar, (Sholapur), Diwan Bahadur P. J. Valeyarkhan, (Surat), Mr. J. R. D. Tata, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Sardar S. B. Thorat, (Ahmednagar.)

Powers Of Postal And Telegraph Censors

(From Our Correspondent.)

SIMLA, Sept. 16.

An interesting point concerning the censorship of power under the Defence of India Act has been brought to the attention of the Government of India.

The question raised is whether telegraph censors have power to delete passages or words in messages under present rules. Postal censors have been given wide powers which include this right but so far as Telegraph censors are concerned, it is said, they can withhold or detain messages and in certain cases send paraphrase but cannot delete passages or words as they are now doing. If this interpretation is accepted as correct, it may be necessary to amend the Defence of India Rules in order to provide additional powers to Telegraph censors.

RAMKRISHNA MISSION FLOOD RELIEF WORK IN PARDI

The Ramkrishna Mission Branch Centre, Khar, Bombay, which has been working in the flood affected areas in the whole of Pardi Taluka and part of Dharampur State for more than two months has distributed till 10th September last 864 mds. 11 srs. of corn and 3,234 pieces of clothes.

The taluka being the poorest the work is to be carried on for couple of months more and requires funds. The president of the mission's appeals to the generous public to contribute their quota to the Mission Fund and enable it to accomplish the work undertaken.

Any contribution however small in cash, kind, cloth or housing material will be most thankfully received by (1) The President, Sri Ramkrishna Ashram, Khar, Bombay 21; (2) The Treasurer of the Mission Mr. F. J. Ginwala, Solicitor. Old French Bank Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay; (3) The Secretary of the Mission Mr. D. M. Daru of Messrs. Thakoredas Daru & Hemani, Alli Chambers, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay; (4) The Secretary, Sri Ramkrishna Ashram, 64, Portuguese Church Street, Dadar (B.B. and C. I.) Bombay or (5) The Ramkrishna Mission Relief Camp, P.O. Vapi, Daman Road Station (B.B. & C.I.) Surat District.

ALLEGED MISAPPRUPRIATION

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Amangul Awalgul, a Pathan, who was entrusted with the sum of Rs. 3,000 to be deposited in a Bank, on August 29, was arrested by the Dongri Police near Dohad yesterday on charges of misappropriation and absconding.

He was ordered to be kept in police custody till September 23 by Mr. K. C. Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Masgon.

WIDENING SCOPE OF VOCATIONAL EDUCATION

Hyderabad's Tentative Programme

(From Our Correspondent).

HYDERABAD (Dn.): (By Mail).

A tentative programme for the expansion of the activities of the Department of Technical and Vocational Education and its allied institutions has been drawn up and submitted to Government for approval.

The expansion programme envisages the establishment of two Agricultural High Schools, five Post-Primary Industrial Schools for boys and three for girls and a Psychological Institute. As already mentioned by me about six months ago one of the two agricultural schools will be opened in the Telingans (Andhra) and the other in Marathwada the most likely stations being Warangal and Aurangabad.

The implementation of the programme, if approved by Government, is estimated to entail a non-recurring expenditure of over Rs. 17,00,000 and a recurring annual expenditure of nearly 4.75 lakhs. The expenditure will be spread over a number of years.

Travancore Dewan Unveils 'Rajaji's' Portrait

MADRAS, Aug. 15.

In the presence of a large and representative gathering of officials and non-officials Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, Dewan of Travancore, unveiled a life-size oil-painting portrait of Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, former Premier of Madras, at the Dakshina Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha, Theagarayanagar, this evening.

The portrait was presented by the "Rajaji Portrait Committee" on behalf of the residents of the Theagarayanagar where Mr. Rajegopalachariar usually resides while at Madras.

Numerous messages were received wishing success to the function including those from the Private Secretary to His Highness the Gaekwar of Baroda, the Maharaja of Jeypore, the Maharajkumar of Vizianagram, Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Mrs Sarojini Naidu, Mr. M. S. Aney, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Sir V. T. Krishnamachari, Dewan of Baroda, Sir M. Venkatasubba Rao, Agent to the Nizam of Hyderabad in Berar, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Sir T. Vijayaraghavachariar, Sir C. V. Raman, Mr. S. Satyamurthi and Dr. C. R. Reddy.—A. P.

No Party Labels On Postal Articles

SIMLA, Sept. 16.

The Government of India have decided to amend Rule 46 (1) of Indian Post Office Rules so as to prohibit the transmission through the post of articles bearing any label, or stamp, or any other mark designed to further the aims and objects of a political party, says a Press 'communique'. The amended rule will be as follows:

"46 (1)—No article shall be transmitted by post which has thereon, or on the cover thereof, any matter which is prejudicial to the maintenance of law and order or which is in furtherance of the aims of a political party or organisation or which tends directly to cause loss or injury to any community or class of persons."

A notification on the subject will appear in the next Gazette of India.—A. P.

Sir "C. P.'s" Sons For Supply Dept.

MADRAS, Sept. 16.

It is understood that the services of Messrs. C. R. V. Subban and C. R. Sundaram, second and third sons of Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, Dewan of Tranvancore, have been placed by their respective firms at the disposal of the Supply Department of the Government of India, one in respect of textiles and the other of tobacco. They were assistants in the British Tobacco Manufacturers Ltd. and Ralli Brothers respectively.—A. P.

Volunteer For A. R. P.

Jayakar Joins Appeal To Hindus

Dr. M. R. Jayakar, Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, Messrs. V. D. Savarkar, Chunilal B. Mehta, Mukundlal Bansilal, Narayanlal Bansilal and Devidas Madhowji Thakersey have issued the following appeal:

"The public are aware that on the 13th of August last, H. E. the Governor of Bombay, broadcasting from the Bombay station of the All India Radio, appealed to the Bombay public for 20,000 fresh recruits for the A. R. P. Services, to enrol during the next 4 weeks. In his speech he indicated the purpose of the appeal, namely, to organise for the passive defence of the city in the event of an intense air attack, services which could be disciplined, equipped and trained for the purpose of preventing fires from spreading, securing shelter from exploding bombs, rendering aid to the injured and protecting our homes and the city from the effects of such an air attack.

It will be easily recognised that, whatever differences may exist with regard to the policy of H.M.'s Government in the matter of militarising India on the occasion of the present war, there cannot be much difference of opinion about the absolute need of adequately defending our city in the event of an air attack, or about the duty of citizens to do their utmost to assist in that defence.

We, therefore, support the appeal and recommend that the Hindu residents of Bombay should take as large an advantage of the the Government proposes to discipline and training, which the Government purpose to provide at their expenses. We hope, however, that Government will endeavour to make the training really efficacious for its purpose, and will bring its methods into close accord with public requirements. We suggest to the Government that all necessary steps should be taken to make the service attractive to young men and to inculcate amongst them an active "esprit de corps", tending to evoke their patriotism, dignity and self-respect.

Contempt Of Court Case Ap[illegible]Das

ALL[illegible]AD, Sept. 16.

In the contempt of court case against Mr. P. R. Das, Barrister, the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Verma ordered in the court to-day that a copy of the notice along with the statement of Mr. Ramakant Malaviya be sent forthwith to Mr. P. R. Das, if not already sent.

It was further ordered that the Sub-Judge of Motihari, Mr. Saran, should appear in the court on September 24, and that the office should take steps to notify the Sub-Judge. Necessary letter of request should be sent to the Patna High Court.

Mr. Ramakant Malaviya was also summoned to appear in the court on September 24.—United Press.

ALL-INDIA HINDU LEAGUE

LUCKNOW, September 16.

The next meeting of the Working Committee of the National League of Hindusthan hitherto known as the All-India Hindu League will be held in New Delhi on October 28, and the following day. The Committee will discuss 'inter alia' the present political situation in the country in the light of the latest developments with special reference to Mr. Churchill's statement of India.—United Press.

Rovers Cup

BANGALORE SPORTING ELIMINATED

Last Minute Goal Brings Victory To W.I.A.A.

Weather conditions were far from exhilarating when the Bangalore Sporting and W. I. A. A. met at the Cooperage on Tuesday evening in the second round of the Rovers Cup. Heavy showers of rain had made the ground slushy and slippery and a smart shower during the progress of the game made things worse for the players, as most of them on both sides, played bare-footed.

It was really unfortunate for the Bangalore Sporting that they should lose by a last minute goal, after having most of the game. They must thank their forwards for it. Short passing and refusal to shoot at every opportunity were responsible for their downfall. Not only that they missed some perfect sitters from close quarters. If they had utilised some of the chances offered to them they would have emerged victorious by a substantial margin.

However, the automobile men deserved their success, as their forwards made use of the few opportunities offered to them Despite the slippery state of the ground Swamy and Dhakuram did very good work at the flanks, the former being responsible for the fine centre from which Narayen scored the winning goal with a capital header. The W. I. A. A. will now meet the Y M C. A. in the quarter-finals.

RESULT

W. I. A. A. 1 goal.
BANGALORE SPORTING nil.

TEAMS

W. I. A. A.: Lynn, Faria and Bailey; Baptiste, Chander and Govind; Swamy, Reddy, Vajraveiu, Narayan and Dhakuram.

BANGALORE SPORTING: Ramchandra Rao, Linganna and Jayaram; Syed Anwar, Jaganathan and Rahman; Shanmugh, Nanjundesh, Swaminathan, Sampangi and Kareem Sheriff.

REFEREE: J. A. Scott.

TO-DAY'S MATCH

5-30 p.m. East Bengal vs Welch Regiment.

Mohendra Memorial Soccer

NEW DELHI, Sept. 16.

The first semi-final of the Mohendra Memorial Cup Tournament between the Delhi Union Football Club and the Government of India Press S. C. ended in a goalless draw. A. P.

When Soccer Teams Fall Out

LUCKNOW, Sept. 16.

The police had to intervene when two local college football teams came to blows last evening. Five students were injured. No arrests were made.

The Shia College and Kanyakubja College met in the Inter-College Football Tournament. After the match was over, in which the latter won, word were exchanged between members of the two teams. Words soon led to throwing of brickbats and the police had to remove the students to their residences in lorries - A. P.

I. F. A. Shield Matches

LUCKNOW, Sept. 16.

The Edward Club, Cawnpore, qualified themselves for quarter-finals of the I. F. A. Shield Tournament this afternoon by defeating the E. I. R. Divisional Lucknow by four goals to two.—A. P.

Lahore Hockey

LAHORE, Sept 16.

Following are the results of the matches played in the Lahore Hockey League, this evening:

N. W. R. Workshops "A" 2; N. W. R. Workshops, "B" 0

Additional Police 3; Police "B" 0.—A. P.

POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY

Kanitkar Elected President

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA CITY, Sept. 16.

Prof. S. R. Kanitkar, Leader of the Municipal Democratic Swaraj Party and Superintendent of Modern High School was elected President of the Poona City Municipality this evening.

Mr. M. C. Lohia Member of the Congress Party was elected Vice-President. It will be recalled that this is the fifth meeting for presidential election. Earlier meetings had to be adjourned due to deadlock over the selection of proper candidate.

CONCENTRATED — THEREFORE ECONOMICAL

If you want to save money, yet use the best dentifrice you can buy, try the Kolynos "dry brush" technique.—That is, use only a half-inch of Kolynos on a *dry* brush. See how quickly Kolynos becomes a pleasant-tasting, active foam that surges into every crevice on and between the teeth. Stains and discoloration disappear almost at once.

Start this amazing Kolynos "dry brush" technique today. You'll see how really clean and sparkling your teeth can be and how economical Kolynos is to use.

For further ECONOMY BUY *the* LARGE TUBE

KOLYNOS
the economical
DENTAL CREAM

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
LAST 2 DAYS!
THRILLS ARE YOURS...WHEN
THE WAGONS ROLL AT NIGHT
BOGART · SIDNEY
ALBERT · LESLIE
Directed by RAY ENRIGHT
A WARNER BROS.-First National Picture

10th WEEK
A Picture that will charm you most
Shadi
RANJIT'S Great Social
Director: JAYANT DESAI
Daily at 4, 7, 10 p.m.
Mat. on Sat., Sun. at 1 p. m.
OPERA HOUSE

7th WEEK
GREAT INDIA PICTURES'
AKELA
Starring
MAZHAR KHAN & BIBBO.
LAMINGTON
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 p.m.

In 7th Week from To-day
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
SISTER
Starring: SHEIKH MUKHTAR, NALINI JAYWANT, HARISH, KANAIYALAL, HUSNA BANU
Direction: MEHBOOB
TO-DAY AT
PATHE
DAILY AT 3-30, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

BY INSISTENT DEMAND
From the LADIE'S
TO-DAY
ZENANA
SHOW At 1 p.m.
NEW THEATRES'
SOCIAL EPIC!
"LAGAN" Starring: SAIGAL, KANAN, NAWAB.
Direction: NITIN BOSE
24th WEEK
Daily 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m. MINERVA

SINGING HER WAY INTO YOUR HEARTS.....
LEELA CHITNIS
COMES SMASHING ALL RECORDS AS
CHITRA PRODUCTIONS
KANCHAN
With ARUN, MUBARAK, PRAMILA, NAGENDRA, VIMLA VASHISHTA
Director: MANIBHAI VYAS
2nd BLITZ WEEK
IMPERIAL
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p. m.

JABA KUSUM
At Mother's feet Bespeaks the Son's devotion JABAKUSUM on Her Crown of hair Betokens the Mother's affection.

C.K.SEN & Co LTD
JABAKUSUM HOUSE, CALCUTTA

SORE THROAT MISERY...
Rubbed away!
Comfort comes fast when you rub throat and chest with Vicks VapoRub and cover with warm flannel. Like a poultice, VapoRub "warms away" pain. It also gives off healing vapours that you breathe in direct to the irritated membranes. Also let a little VapoRub melt on the tongue, bathing the throat with soothing medication.

VICKS VAPORUB

THE "UNKNOWN WOMAN" in BOMBAY TALKIES'
Anjan
Starring
DEVIKA RANI, ASHOK KUMAR
She's Coming— ON THE WINGS OF SONS
On 27th SEPT., at
ROXY

SCALING THE HEIGHTS OF HILARITY NEVER REACHED BEFORE!
SARASWATI'S 'All-out' Laugh Show

'NAVARDEV'
(BRIDEGROOM)
Starring SUMATI GUPTE, DEEPAK, DINKAR KAMANNA, VIJAY SENJIT, SHANTA JADHAV, MRS. CHITNIS, VATSALA KUMTEKAR
Screen Play PRINCIPAL ATRE
Direction DADASAHEB TORNEY
MAJESTIC
A 'SWASTIK INDIA LTD' RELEASE' Daily 4, 7, 9-45 p.m.

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Bhadarva Vad 11, 1991
Muslim: Shaban 24, 1360
Parsi: Farvardin 13, 1311
Sunrise: 6h. 27m.
Sunset: 6h. 41m.
Hightide: 9-19, 21-5
Lowtide: 2-22, 15-30

THURSDAY, September 18

Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m. (B.T.).

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY: The monthly meeting of the Society called this (Wednesday) evening has been cancelled because of unforeseen circumstances.

PRELIMINARY HEALTH VISITORS' EXAM.: The result of the Preliminary Health Visitors' Examination was declared on Tuesday. The following are the numbers of the successful candidates: 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11 and 12.

B.E.S.T. CAMERA CLUB: Under the auspices of the B.E.S.T. Camera Club, Mr. Habib I. Rahimtoola, will give a talk on "How I Make My Exhibition Pictures", illustrated by some of his pictures at the Conference Hall, B.E.S.T. Co. Ltd., Electric House, Fort, Bombay, to-day (Wednesday) at 5-45 p.m.

ESSAY-WRITING COMPETITION: An essay-writing competition in Kannada will be held as part of the forthcoming Nadahabba celebration. The competition is open to one and all. The essays should be submitted on or before the 25th instant. Prizes will be awarded to successful competitors on 27th instant. Intending competitors should see the Hon. Secretary, Karnatak Sangh, Sangriri Sadan, Girgaum, in the evenings for details about the subjects for competitive essays and other information.

'A' WARD DISTRICT MUSLIM LEAGUE: A general meeting was held on Friday last, under the presidentship of Mr. Usmanshah Rajguru. After the annual report was read, and accounts considered, the following office-bearers were elected:—Ebrahim Yousuf Zainal Alireza: President; Mohamed Hussain Abdulla Naik: Secretary Chandbhai Dosubhai Khambati: Joint Secretary; Usmanshah Abdullahshah Rajguru: Treasurer.

BOMBAY SECONDARY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION: Mr. S. Nooruila, Educational Inspector, Bombay Division, will speak to the members of the Association in the Secondary Training College, Hall, today (Wednesday)) at 6 p.m.

ZOROASTRIAN CO-OPERATIVE CREDIT BANK, LTD.: The fourteenth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above Bank will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Bank, Zoroastrian Association Building, No. 16, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.

BUNTARA YUVAKA SANGHA: A tea party was given on Sunday last by the above Sangha in honour of Padubidri Kariyanna Shethy and Kuthyar Nandyappa Shethy, who were recently released after four months' imprisonment for offering Satyagraha in the month of April, 1941. Mr. Shambhu S. Shetty presided.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: A public study class on "The T. S. and its Working Staff" from the Key to Theosophy by H. P. Blavatsky, will be held today (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opposite Flora Fountain.

SOUTH KANARA FLOOD RELIEF COMMITTEE: The President of the S. K. F. R. Committee writes:—We have decided to dissolve the above Committee by the end of this month. The public are, therefore, requested to send their contributions at an early date in order to enable the Committee to close the account. The list of further donations will be published early in October. Contributions may be sent to Mr. M. Ishwar, Metro Photo Studio, Guido Building, Hornby Road, Fort.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

BROADWAY—"Torrid Zone". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Raffles". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Amrit". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
CHITRA—"Pardeshi". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Missing Ten Days". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Kanchan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Akela". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Navardev". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Lagan". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Birth of a Baby". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Shadi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Down Argentine Way". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Sister". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"That Night in Rio". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Naya Sansar". Daily at 3-30, 6-45 and 10 p.m.
SUPER—"Bambaiwali". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
WEST END—"Charano-Ki-Dasi". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.

Gandhi Jayanti In City

Kripalani To Inaugurate Celebrations To-morrow

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, there will be a public meeting to-morrow (Thursday) at 9 p.m. (S. T.), at Dana Bunder, Mandvi, to celebrate the 73rd birth day anniversary of Mahatma Gandhi, when Shri J. B. Kripalani, the General Secretary of the Indian National Congress, will address and inaugurate the Jayanti Celebrations in the City.

Shri Dhirajlal B. Desai, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, will preside

Volunteers are requested to be on duty at 8-30 p.m. sharp.

At Matunga

Inauguration of Gandhi Jayanti in 'F' Ward, to-morrow (Thursday). Procession to parade Matunga Streets: Start at from 6-30 a.m. (S.T.) from Nappoo Hall flag salutation at 8 a.m. (S.T.). Sardar Thakkar Vissanji and others to speak.

Gandhi Jayanti-Week Programme For Andheri

(From Our Correspondent)

18th September: Opening ceremony of Khadi Bhandar by Syt. Swami Anand, opposite Municipal Market, 8-30 a.m.
20th September: Lady Students' meeting by Smt. Hansaben Mehta at the Girls' High School, 10-30 a.m.
21st September: Continuous spinning and Khadi sale by general public at Shah-Nivas, Marzban Road and Kurla Road and Marzban Road from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m.
22nd September: Khadi sale by general public at Jogeshwari from 8 a.m. to 12 p.m.
24th September: Public meeting. Lecture on "Khadi and Village Industries" by Syts. Vaikunth L. Mehta, Kakubhai, Shrilal Bhatt and others at Nagardas Road, Andheri, 8-30 p.m.
25th September: Public meeting at Jogeshwari, Jogeshwari Vyayam Mandir, Ghodbunder Road, 5-30 p.m.
26th September: Khadi sale at Jogeshwari from 8 a.m. to 12 p.m.
27th September: Public meeting of students by Smt. Hansaben Mehta at M. A. High School, 10-30 a.m.
28th September: Prabhat-Pheri from Jogeshwari and Flag salutation at Congress Committee's Office, Ghodbunder Road 8 a.m. Khadi sale at Andheri, 8-30 a.m. to 12 p.m. Harijan Conference at Congress Committee's Office, 5 p.m.
29th September: Public meeting at Jogeshwari by Syts. Shantilal Shah and M. Deshpande at Jogeshwari, 8-30 p.m.
30th September: Public meeting at Andheri by Syt. J. C. Kumarappa, (Secretary, A. I. Charkha Sangh), at Congress Committee's Office, Ghodbunder Road, 8-30 p.m.
1st October: Enlisting for Congress membership at Andheri-Jogeshwari.
2nd October: Public meeting at Andheri by Syts. Dhirajlal B. Desai (President, B. P. C. C.), Shantilal Shah and Umashanker Dixit at Congress Committee's Office, Ghodbunder Road, 8-30 p.m.

FORT STUDENTS' UNION: The Fort Students' Union has decided to celebrate the Gandhi Jayanti week from 18th September to 2nd October. The following will be programme for the Gandhi Jayanti week: 18th September 8 a.m. (S.T.) Flag salutation near the office of the Union at 71 Bazargate Street. 8-30 a.m. to 9-30 a.m. (S.T.) Public mass spinning. Public lecture by Shree Abidalli Jafferbhai at 71 Bazargate Street. 21st September: Public lecture at the office of the Union at 6 p.m. by Mrs. Alva. 22nd September: Public lecture at the office at 6 p.m. by Mr. Narbheram Popat. 30th September: Public lecture by Mr. Khadilkar at 6 p.m. 2nd October: Public lecture by Syt. Purshottam Kanji at office of the Union at 5-30 p.m.

GANDHI JAYANTI AT GHATKOPAR: On Thursday, the 18th instant, the Gandhi Jayanti programme will begin. Among the important items of the programme from 18th till 2nd of October will be mass spinning, beginning from 6-32 to 7-45 a.m. On 18th, there will be flag salutation in the Congress Chhavni at 8 a.m. There will be extra spinning for 73 minutes on 18th and 2nd October at 8-32 to 9-45 p.m. by the Spinning Class of Ghatkopar. There will be spinning competition between the students of the spinning class, the Gurukul High School, and Dhanji Devshi Girls' School on 28th Sunday in the afternoon at Gurukul High School premises. Those Khadi Hundi Sales and collection of hand-spun yarn and that of 73 coins will be arranged from house to house.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT CONGRESS COMMITTEE: On 18th instant, the Charkha Dwadashi Day, the following programme has been arranged at Vile Parle. Vile Parle residents are requested to join in all the functions: From 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. spinning; At 7 a.m. Prabhat Ferri to start from the Gandhi Chowk; Flag salutation at 8 a.m.; Prayers at 8-15 a.m. and speeches by Swami Anand and Shri Gopalrao Kulkarni; At 8-30 a.m. declaration of Khadi Pradarshan open.

SARASWAT MAHILA SAMAJ: Under the auspices of the Saraswat Mahila Samaj, a discourse will be given by Swami Shankaracharya Bharathi Krishna Thirtha of the Govardhan Math, Puri, in the Kanara Saraswat Association Hall, Talmakiwadi, Tardeo, to-morrow (Thursday) at 7 p.m. The subject of the discourse will be "Duty of Indian men and women to Society". The lecture is open both to men and women.

INDIAN MACHINE TOOL MFG. CO. LTD. The Directors of the Indian Machine Tool Mfg. Co. Ltd., this year have declared a dividend of 6 per cent on ordinary shares and 7 per cent on preference shares. Last year also they declared a dividend of 7 per cent on the preference shares.

The Company has got in hand substantial Government orders and the Directors expect better results next year. The Board of Directors include Maharaja Shashi Kanta Achary of Mymensingh, Rai Bahadur Surendra Narayan Sinha of Nehalia, Murshidabad, Khan Bahadur Mohamed Ali, Mandi and others.

PROGRESS OF A. R. P. IN CITY AND SUBURBS

Simmington On Govt.'s Plans To Engage Officer And Stipendiary Instructors For Training Of Volunteers

"A considerable improvement has taken place in the A. R. P. Organisation of the Bombay City and its Suburbs", was the view expressed by Mr. Symington, I.C.S. Joint-Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Home Department (A.R.P.), in the course of an interview to a "Chronicle" representative.

Not only that the A. R. P. services were expanded, said Mr. Simmington, but steps were also taken for the standardisation of training, and for its intensification. More importance now-a-days was attached to keeping the A. R. P. personnel interested, and active.

With development of the war situation, continued Mr. Symington, it was recognised by the Government, that a more active stage in A. R. P. should be embarked upon. The enactment of the A. R. P. Services Ordinance had gone a long way in that direction. Members of the services now received legal recognition as public servants. They also received immunity from civil and criminal processes in regard to anything lawfully done by them in exercise of their duties. Besides it was only obligatory on them to carry out duties and they could leave the organisation only with 30 days' notice.

Asked by our representative whether anything tangible was done in connection with providing uniforms to the members of the A. R. P., Mr. Symington replied that that question was carefully considered by the Government, and he believed that if these uniforms were to be provided, they would help a good deal in encouraging the recruits.

In reply to another question regarding the out-of-pocket expenses that the A. R. P. volunteers had sometimes to incur, Mr. Symington said that steps were being taken to ensure that the members were reimbursed for the actual expenses incurred by them.

Asked as to what steps were taken for giving proper and effective training to the volunteers, Mr. Symington pointed out that the Government was going to engage the services of a training officer who will have six stipendiary instructors working under him. The training to be imparted was with the object of turning out a large number of volunteer and A. R. P. instructors who in their turn may give regular training to the members of the services. When sufficient wardens were qualified as instructors they would be available for imparting training in the elementary A. R. P. matters to the general public. Training would thus be standardized and would be given at different centres in the Bombay city and the suburbs.

It was expected, concluded Mr. Symington, that a regular roster of duties would be arranged for all volunteers.

Elocution Competition For Parsi Students

The Annual Elocution Competition will be held at the Master's Tutorial High School Hall (third floor) near K. Kennedy Bridge, Gowalia Tank Road, Bombay, on Sunday (21st September) at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.) Candidates who must be Parel students of the Matriculation Class in any recognised school in Bombay must send in their application giving their full names and addresses, and the names of the schools to which they belong before 18th September to "Khursned Mandai Trust", Khambatta Lane, Khetwadi, Bombay. The application must be certified by the Principal of the school to which the candidate belongs and must specify any one subject on which the candidate desires to speak, selected from the following: (1.) Who serves humanity better—a Doctor or a Philanthropist? (2.) Should "Home-Work" be abolished from schools? (3.) Who becomes a better citizen in life—a student or a sportsman?

No candidate will be allowed to speak for more than five minutes. Any candidate who has carried away the Gold Medal of the Mandal will not be entitled to enter the competition again. Prizes are as under:—

First prize—A gold medal of about Rs 35; Second prize:—A silver medal and books of the value of Rs. 15 to be selected by the candidate. Third prize:—Books of the value of Rs. 15 to be selected by the candidate.

Nations' League Of Pen-Friends

The annual general body meeting of the Bombay Branch of the Nations' League of Pen-Friends and Young Folks' Brotherhood was held at Forbe's Sabha Gujarati Hall on Sunday last, when Messrs. K. K. Bazi, Ramesh Malji, Sanatkumar Jhaveri, Jayant Gandhi, Keshan Dhorda and Miss Meenakshi Shetty were elected to the Executive of the Bombay Branch. This was followed by a musical programme by Miss Padma Dalal, Miss Manorama Dalal, Mr. Kashinath, Mr. K. N. Dhorda, Mr. Sanatkumar Jhaveri and others.

Mr. Keshan Dhorda, Jt. Secretary of the Bombay Branch for last year, addressed the meeting. He acquainted the members with the opening of a Pen-Friend Club at Ahmedabad recently and hoped that a similar Club will be started in Bombay.

"V" FOR VICTORY CAR FLAGS: A grand drive to sell the remaining few "V" for Victory flags is being organised by Mrs. Walter for to-day (Wednesday). Already Rs. 2,000 has been handed over to the War Gifts Fund from the sale of these flags. To-day (Wednesday), the Bombay public will be tackled in shops and offices and this will be their last chance to get one of these attractive flags as they are not to be repeated when this stock is exhausted. The flags are Rs. 5 with a flag pole and Rs. 3 without a pole.

BOMBAY SPIRITUAL CENTRE

There will be a discourse by His Holiness Shri Shankaracharya Swami of Goverdhan Mutt, Puri on "The Humanity's Goal and the Path thereto" to-day (Wednesday) from 6-30 to 8 p.m. in the premises of the Centre.

KHADI BHANDAR OPENS TO-MORROW AT ANDHERI

Mahatma's Message Of Encouragement

The opening of the Khadi Bhandar at Andheri, comes off at 8-30 a.m. on Thursday, (18th September) at the Municipal Market, Ghorbunder Road. An English translation of the message sent by Mahatma Gandhi for the occasion is given below:—

"Your plan to popularise village industries during the Charkha season deserves every encouragement. Are not village industries to the spinning wheel what the planets are to the sun? Khadi cannot exist without the other village industries. And these industries are inconceivable without Khadi. May your labours bear ample fruit.—M. K. GANDHI."

Sugar Technologists' Annual Convention

The tenth annual Convention of the Sugar Technologists' Association of India will be held in the "Ceremonial Hall" of the Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Agricultural Gardens, Cawnpore, on the 1st and 2nd November, 1941. Interesting scientific papers and some of the important problems connected with the Sugar Industry in India will be discussed at the Convention.

"ACADEMY OF PRINTING'S EXAMS IN TYPOGRAPHY": Candidates desirous of appearing in the First Year's Examination in Printing, Composing or Proof-reading are requested to write to the Secretary, Academy of Printing, 196-B, Gaiwadi, Girgaon, Bombay 4.

RAIPUR CITY MUSLIM LEAGUE

The following office-bearers of the City Muslim League, Raipur, elected for the current year:—

President: Syed Vakil Ahmad Rizvi; Vice-Presidents: Syed Naimuddin, Pleader; Abdul Haque and Mohammed Ibrahim; Secretary: Gul Mohammed; Joint Secretaries: Syed Ishaque; Zaowar Hussain and Mehdi Hussain; Treasurer: Mohammed Saiad Khan.

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY: A clinical meeting of the Society will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.) at Society's Rooms.

ON THE AIR

WEDNESDAY, SEPT 17.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. Indian troops in the Far East. 5 Sham ke rag. 5-20 Gullabbai. 5-35 Prem Sangeet. 5-50 Benazirbai. 6-15 For women. 7 Karim Khan. 7-15 England against the Invader, 6. 7-30 Gulabbai. 7-35 Sheila Bharat Ram. 7-45 For villagers only 8-30 The voice of Germany 4. 8-45 Sheila Bharat Ram. 8-55 Bhajan Lal. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 It has happened. 9-50 Parmanand. 10 Asad Ali Khan. 10-25 Many aur geet.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

7-30 a.m. Shridhar Parsekar. 7-45 Shyamala Mazgaonkar 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 "Hitler's New Order" (E.). 8-40 News in Marathi 8-50 News in Gujarati. 9 Hitler's New Order. 9-5 Mohan K. Chikramane. 9-25 Air Trio. 12-30 p.m. Bhavgeets. 12-45 Classical hits 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 From the films. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School broadcast 5 To-morrow. 5-5 G. V. Shanbag. 5-10 Mohan K. Chikramane. 5-25 News in Marathi 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Paradkar 5-50 Tarana. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 G. G. Kharadkar. 6-20 Local news and announcements. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Akhtaribai Faizabadi. 7 I remember, II. 7-15 A variety. 7-25 Flute recital. 7-35 Manohar Deshpande. 7-45 Tulsidas-Bhajan. 7-50 Hitler's New Order. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 News commentary. 8-30 Jacquelines' glory. 8-45 Radio reconnaissance. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Akhtaribai Faizabadi. 10-20 Shyamala Mazgaonkar.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7 240 kc/s)

7-30 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Three duets. 8-15 Anant Rao Kerkar. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Master Amritlal. 8-55 Instrumental music. 9 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1.

12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1.

4-15 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Mirabai Bhajan. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Jaltarang Solo 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Shyamala Mazgaonkar. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-10 Bhajan. 9-20 Geet. 9-30 Emmi Marcus. 9-50 Sir Thomas Beecham. 10 Alex. Olszanska (Contralto). 10-15 Sir Hamilton Harty. 10-20 Raghbir Singh. 10-30 Gretel Sommer.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1941.

A ROMANTIC FIGURE

The news that Reza Shah of Iran has abdicated his throne in favour of his son, the Crown Prince, will be received throughout the Eastern world with a shock of pain but not with surprise because the tendentious messages sent by Reuter's correspondents had prepared us for this unfortunate event. No Iranian in modern times has rendered greater and more valuable services to Iran than Reza Shah who is himself one of the most romantic figures of our times. A self-made man he became a saviour of his country at its hour of greatest need. He brought together the warring elements in his country and prevented the latter from becoming like a house divided against itself and remaining under the political influence of Britain and Russia. He transformed an effete and unprogressive Persia into a strong, truly independent and progressive country which exacted respect from the Great Powers of Europe. He modelled himself on Kemal Attaturk and emulated the achievements of the latter in many directions with remarkable success. He gave his country what it needed most, peace and ordered progress. In one respect he did not follow the great example of Kemal Attaturk who, as a true follower of Islam, abolished monarchy, resisted the temptation of becoming a King and insisted on Turkey remaining a republic. Reza Shah not only acquiesced in the continuance of monarchy, but he himself became the founder of a dynasty. If, like Kemal Attaturk, he had chosen to become the elected President of an Iranian Republic, probably to-day he would have continued to guide the destiny of his country and had, like Turkey, kept it free from the Nazi menace. A Republic would have satisfied the political aspirations of the people and saved the country from the consequences of an ill-considered financial policy.

According to the Teheran Radio Reza Shah's abdication is due to ill-health." We shall await further and more definite information about the causes of his abdication before making any comments. We wish, however, Reuter's agency will curb the propagandist zeal of their correspondents whose messages are certainly not calculated to allay the anxiety of all well-wishers of Iran about its freedom. One of these correspondents has been talking about the autocratic regime of the Shah and another has been at pains to assure the world that "British policy has been to strengthen the people (of Iran) in the realisation of their self-expression." It is good to learn that this is the British policy though the greater and more urgent need of that policy is in India and other parts of the British Empire. Britain and Russia have occupied parts of Iran to rid the latter of the Nazi menace and have pledged themselves to respect its sovereignty and independence. They are entitled to see that the duly constituted Government of Iran fully carries out all the terms of the agreement recently arrived at. But we trust they will also see that nothing is done or said that will savour of interference in the internal affairs of the country or impairment of the sovereignty of Iranian people. It is for the latter to decide who their ruler should be and we hope Reuter's correspondent will refrain from indulging in gratuitous and mischievous propaganda as when he says that "it will be surprising if Iranians accept the action of the Shah in nominating the Crown Prince as his successor."

"Capture Or Destroy"

The rulers of the United States are losing no time in enforcing the policy broadcast recently by President Roosevelt. Colonel Knox, the Navy Secretary has announced that the United States Navy has been ordered as from Tuesday September 16 to protect all Lease-and-Lend cargoes traversing the sea "between the American Continent and the waters adjacent to Iceland." The method of protecting is also made clear to the U. S. Fleet in unequivocal language: "Capture or Destroy" every Axis surface or sub-surface raider that is encountered. In other words, if not American-Axis war, certainly American-Axis shooting is on in a defined area which covers the western half of north Atlantic. Whether this "shooting" will develop into a war now depends upon the Axis.

The order, of course, means convoying of Lease-and-Lend material and since this material is carried in British and Allied ships it means the convoying of these latter. This obviously reduces the strain on the British Navy's north Atlantic work by one-half and this was by far the most important job. The routes between Britain and Africa and the Mediterranean must, of course, continue to be looked after by Admiral Noble. But it will naturally become comparatively easier now. But what about southern Atlantic and the Pacific? The present order does not mention them but it must be noted that they are open to American shipping and will, therefore, by "protected" by the U. S. Navy as and when the occasion arises. The position virtually is that the U. S. A. is half in the war with its merchant fleet, navy and airforce. And the non-interventionists—they are not confined to the "Isolationists" group alone—can do little. The steps the President is taking arise out of an "incident" which they can neither deny nor dismiss. And, whatever, new developments take place in the future will, in their turn, arise out of these steps. The non-interventionists are in an awkward position. But reports would suggest that they are by no means down yet.

Let Bombay Give Lead

We are glad the Government of Bombay have realized the wisdom of releasing Mr. Bhulabhai Desai the condition of whose health has been causing considerable anxiety to the public. They have been advised that the health of Mr. Bhulabhai is likely to suffer from detention in prison and they have, therefore, ordered his release on medical grounds. Mr. Bhulabhai has been in jail for nearly a year without trial merely because, like other Satyagrahis, he wanted to assert his right to free speech. It has been often emphasized by Gandhiji that the present Satyagraha movement is not intended to embarrass Government. Mr. K. G. Mashruwala, in his letter to a Lahore Congressman which was released to the press yesterday, reiterates this point on behalf of Gandhiji when he says: "And, remember that it has been expressly stated that this movement is not undertaken with a view to embarrassing the Government". In view of the declared intention of Gandhiji, and the strictly limited character of the movement, it is, as we stated the other day, a misuse of the Defence of India Rules to keep Satyagrahis in jail without trial and for an indefinitely long period. The Government of Bombay themselves seem to have realized this; for they have been releasing some Satyagrahi detenus from time to time. But there are still a large number of Satyagrahis, like Mr. Kher and others, who have been under detention for a very long time. There is no reason why they, too, should not be released. In fact, we cannot too strongly and too often emphasize that, in view of the present war situation, it is the duty of the Government to realize the expediency, from their own point of view, of making another effort towards conciliation with the country generally and the Congress in particular and, as an earnest of the sincerity of their desire for such conciliation, to release all political prisoners, including the Communist detenus. The Governor of Bombay has a splendid opportunity of giving a lead in this matter as the Governor of the N. W. Frontier Province did, in the early days of the Satyagraha movement, by refraining from ordering the arrest of Satyagrahis. The Satyagraha in N. W. F. Province has caused no embarrassment to its Government. If Sir Roger Lumley releases the Satyagrahi prisoners, he will soon find that he has taken a very important step towards bringing about an end to the existing political impasse.

Balance Turning Against Germany

By Donald Tyerman, Assistant Editor of the "Economist".

At the end of the second year of war the balance had been turned against Germany—in the factory by the U.S.A. and on the battlefield by Russia.

Before the war started in 1939 it appeared that a certain superiority on practically every count—men, production, power and materials—would be ranged against Hitler. In Britain and in France together there were 89 million people while in Germany there were only 75 million.

Behind Britain and France were the manpower and productive capacity of 396 million people in the British dominions and India and 154 million in the British and French colonies. In the U.S.A., which could never be a friend of Hitler's, there were 132 million people with a high standard of living and production and in Soviet Russia there were over 170 million.

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Two events altered the picture right from the outset. The German-Russian Pact promised useful aid to Germany. American neutrality threatened to prevent America from giving effective aid to Britain. Actually these setbacks to the Allied cause were not so grievous. Russia is a great producer of raw materials and foodstuffs but a very small exporter. The U.S.A. with its Cash and Carry proviso enabled the Allies to buy and ship goods while Germany—because of the British blockade—could not.

The next turn of events was more seriously to the disadvantage of Britain. The fall of France and the collapse of Western Europe meant that the resources of France and the French Empire were lost and that the manpower, plant and material resources of practically all Europe fell to the disposal of the Germans.

Italy definitely threw herself into active warfare on the side of her Axis partner. Instead of 98 million people facing Germany and West Europe there were only 47 million. Instead of Germany having only 75 million people to call upon, Hitler now had in addition 44 million in Italy besides 38 million in Poland and Czechoslovakia and 66 million in France, the Low Countries and Norway under virtual subjection.

Britain was heavily outnumbered on the battlefield and in the factory. Before the fall of France Britain and France together had produced the same amount of steel as Germany and the same amount of coal as Germany. Poland and Czechoslovakia put together.

After the German victories in West Europe Germany could call on between three and four times as much steel capacity as Britain. There was no chance of Britain raising and equipping an army numerically capable of meeting the Germans and little chance of Britain ever building up an air force superior in numbers to that of Germany.

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The key to the future course of the war, therefore, lay with the U.S.A. The United States can produce four times more steel than Germany and produces 15 times as many motor vehicles as Germany in peacetime. The United States exports enough petroleum in an ordinary peacetime year to satisfy practically all the needs of the European Continent.

The way to bring these resources into play on the side of Britain was found when the Cash and Carry plan was replaced by the Lease and Lend. The determination of the United States to let nothing stand in the way of aid to Britain was the first great turning point in the war in Britain's favour.

The second was the outbreak of war between Russia and Germany. One hundred and seventy odd million inhabitants of the Soviet Republic became enemies in the battlefields and in the factories of the Germans. The loss of the French Empire was more than made up by the gain of Russia's larger, better-equipped and more capable armed forces.

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The position at the end of the second year of war was that the balance had been turned against Germany again—in the factory by the U.S.A. and in the battlefield by Russia. This simple arithmetic does not, however, tell the true story. From the beginning of the war the millions under German rule were proportionately more valuable for war because they had been mobilised for war.

Between 1932 and 1939 German industrial production had risen by 135 per cent mainly through the increased manufacture of weapons and munitions. Unemployment had fallen from 6,000,000 to 150,000 mainly to man armament factories and fill the ranks of the armed forces. The population of Germany was on a war footing with a drastically restricted standard of living.

Britain, on the other hand, was still on a peace footing. When France fell, the disparity in numbers between Britain and German-Europe was accentuated by the fact that Britain was still under-mobilised and the task since Dunkirk has been to bring manpower, plant and material into war service on the same comprehensive scale in Britain as in Nazi Germany.

This disadvantage can be translated into war winning superiority.

Germany has been "all-out" throughout the war, and yet has been unable to win against a Britain only half-marshalled for warfare. In the two years of war German production has only increased nine per cent compared with an average of something like 20 per cent every year in the six or seven years before the war.

The only way in which Germany has been able to increase the rate of war production has been by making use of the resources of captured countries.

It is true that the rate of war production in Germany and German-Europe together is still probably greater than the rate of production in Britain, even if supplies from the United States are added. But the British Empire and the United States have still great reserves of resources untapped or hardly used.

When the output of the 132 millions in the United States is fully added to the 47 millions in Britain and the 170 millions in Soviet Russia, the productive power of Germany and conquered restless, discontented and impoverished Europe must be heavily outmatched.

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The problem therefore, in the third year of war is two-fold. First, it is to maintain the resistance of Russia so that the Russian millions can continue with their full effort against Hitler. Second to marshal for victory the vast resources of the United States, the richest and most poweful nation in the whole world.

If these things can be done in this third year of war, the fourth should surely witness the beginning of the end for Germany. In spite of changes and setbacks, the arithmetical total of war is against Hitler. At the most he can draw on eleven or twelve million tons of oil. Russia produces 30 millions and the United States 170 millions, Latin America 42 millions and Asia 26 millions.

The British blockade has cut off the United States and Latin America from German-Europe. Hitler himself has cut off Russia and the recent Allied triumphs in Syria, Iraq and Iran have cut off the Near East and the rest of Asia. Hitler has no natural rubber, and hardly any tin, nickel or textile fibres.

In men, as well as in plant and material, potential power is overwhelmingly on the side of the Allies but it is still potential power. War will only be won if this power is converted into goods of war. For the present there is still a difficult period ahead when actual power will remain on the side of the Germans.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Aid To Russia

After a good deal of delay, probably unavoidable but very certainly unfortunate, the Anglo-American Delegations have now attained, as it were, the penultimate stage of their journey to Moscow. Mr. Averall Harriman, his colleagues and the Russian Ambassador at Washington have duly collected in London. They will have some preliminary consultations with their British opposite members before all of them proceed to Moscow. Let us hope this will not take long. The need of Russia is urgent and fairly extensive and it increases with every hour of the intense fighting all along the 2,000 mile front. Mr. Harriman and Lord Beaverbrook are, however, both conscious of this fact. And it is particularly pleasing to note that, according to Lord Beaverbrook's announcement next week's entire production of British tanks has already been earmaked for immediate delivery to Russia.

An Incident And Its Moral

At what developed into a rowdy meeting at Nagpur, Mr. A. G. F. Farquhar, Deputy Commissioner Nagpur, let himself describe Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru as a Quisling. This remark very rightly caused great indignation among the audience. For, inspite of Mr. Farquhar's attempt in his letter to Mr. Naidu to give the word an alternative meaning, "Quisling" has passed into the English language—we do hope Mr. Farquhar reads, at least at second hand, his London "Times"—as a term denoting a traitor pure and simple and nothing else. And Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is precisely the reverse of it. We are, however, glad that Mr. Farquhar recognises this fact. We are still more glad to note that Mr. Farquhar has promptly realised his blunder and has had the courage openly to apologise. But the incident leaves behind it an important moral. It is that men in responsible position should not lose their head even in the heat of argument. They ought also try to understand and appreciate the Indian point of view on war sufficiently well not to explode into provocative nonsense in unguarded moments.

Women Students' Duty

We are glad the resolutions passed by the Bombay Women Students' Conference gave specific support to the demands of the progressive student movement in India and decided to carry on their activities as an integral part of the All-India Students' Federation. On political issues, the Conference expressed opinions which are shared by all the advanced political parties in the country, demanding complete independence for India and protesting against the detention of student workers without a proper trial. Thus they vindicated their patriotism and right sense of political values. But the most practical resolution passed by them, in our opinion, is the one which wants them to take a lead in starting literacy classes on a permanent basis. Illiteracy among the vast mass of Indian women is simply appalling and the many handicaps and social disabilities from which they continue to suffer and against which women leaders rightly protest are generally due to their ignorance. As privileged and fortunate members of society who have received the advantage of college education, the women students can do no greater service to their country than by actively working in the literacy movement. We earnestly hope this resolution will not remain a dead-letter and that very soon steps will be taken to give it a practical shape.

Tagore In British National Gallery

Mr. Bernard Shaw made a kind gesture by suggesting to the Director of the National Portrait Gallery in London to hang the portraits of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore painted by Sir William Rothenstein and Sir Muirhead Bone. The National Gallery will, we understand, soon be exhibiting Sir Muirhead Bone's picture as the proprietory rights of the picture by Rothenstein vests in the poet's son. It is pointed out, however, that though the picture will be exhibited, the hanging of it in the gallery is judged solely on artistic merit and not on grounds that it represents great men. There is a feeling of great satisfaction at least at the attempt made by Mr. Bernard Shaw and at the consideration which the National Galleny have given to Mr. Shaw's suggestion. It is hoped that a portrait of Tagore, which is artistically good enough, will be found to grace the walls of the National Gallery, because there is something to be said for a great subject as well as for a great artist.

Speculations

According to a speculative report cabled from England, Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, is the latest among the possible successors of Lord Linlithgow when the latter vacates the Viceregal "gadi" in April next. The other "probables" so far suggested are Lord Halifax, the ex-Viceroy, Sir Samuel Hoare, Sir Maurice Gwyer, Sir George Schuster, Sir John Anderson, Lord Samuel and Sir Stafford Cripps. In only one quarter, namely, by the "Diarist" of the "Spectator" of London, has the rather doubtful name of the present British Ambassador to Soviet Russia been suggested, but as the "Spectator"—which is a Tory journal and which, therefore, may be expected to be fully aware of the feeling in official Tory circles—has remarked, such a "historic" step would be possible only if Messrs. Churchill and Amery could be persuaded to agree to it—which is extremely doubtful, unless some political "miracle" happens to bring about a radical change in the angle of vision of these Tory "die-hards".

Cripps As Viceroy

Though, India, having no voice whatever in respect of the choice, will remain unconcerned about the ultimate selection, it goes without saying that the choice of a friend of India like Sir Stafford Cripps will be more popular in this country than that of anyone else. Lord Samuel would, perhaps, be the next in point of popularity—but as for the rest of the suggested candidates, the less said about them the better—they are tarred with the same anti-democratic brush. The deepest dyed of them is Sir John Anderson, of the Black-and-Tan fame, whose dismal record in Bengal few can contemplate with equanimity. It will be an outrage on Indian sentiment to appoint him as the King's representative in this country and it would spell nothing but disaster for the Indo-British connection, especially at this critical juncture in the history of that connection.

Bombay's Milk Supply

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I have to thank your valued paper for Mr. G. S. Kalyanpur's article on the milk supply of Bombay. I have one request to make to you and that is to start a relentless campaign against the dangerous milk supply system of our city. We are living in 1941, and it is criminal to say or even to think that Bombay's milk supply problem is a colossal one. Where there is a will, there is a way. It is not necessary for me to say what a unique service you would be doing to the city and incidentally to the country by a successful launching of the campaign for the safe and pure milk supply of Bombay. Before any big thing can be done about it, the first thing to do is to make it penal if the milk sold is found on examination to contain disease conveying bacteria.—Yours, etc.,

P. H. SIDHWA

Grievance Of Political Prisoners In Thana Jail

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I crave the indulgence of the hospitable columns of your esteemed daily to ventilate a grievance under which political prisoners are suffering to-day.

It was the custom of the jail authorities to keep the political prisoners under lock and key from 6-30 p.m. to 6-30 a.m. As this was found to tell hard upon the prisoners who could not get sufficient time for reading papers, etc., they, as a protest against it, went on hunger strike. Consequently this unnecessary restriction was removed.

It now transpires that the authorities have, again, resorted to restrict the movement of the prisoners as before and without any reason whatever have revoked their recent order. It is needless to point out that these petty things prove more provocative than most bigger things. The course adopted by the Jail authorities savours of a spirit of needless vexation. May I, in the interest of the authorities and the prisoners request that these unnecessary restrictions may kindly be removed?—Yours, etc.,

U. RANGA RAO.

THE WAR MADE EASY

WILL WAR COME TO INDIA? BY N. G. JOG, PUBLISHED BY NEW BOOK CO., BOMBAY. PRICE RS. 3.

This business of reporting the War, it would appear is very much like art criticism, dramatic criticism or film criticism. There is the same tendency to hide the obvious behind the smoke-screen of cliches and technical terms, and generally to mystify, overawe and confuse the readers rather than to explain things to them.

Every morning, as the lay reader takes up his paper to get acquainted with the war situation, he is bogged at every step with high-sounding words and phrases. He is smitten with "reconnaissance skirmishes" "contact between advance elements," "patrol activity" and "flank movements," he is confused between "panzer" division and "pincer" movement; subtle difference between "Schlieffen Plan" and "Banse Plan" escapes him and he wonders whether Narvik is in the Azores and Andalsnes one of the Aaland islands. (Or, it occurs to him, is it somewhere near the Andamans?). And even if he can master the relative strength of cruisers and battleships, he is at a loss to distinguish between a "dive-bomber", a "fighter" and a "pursuit plane".

Frankly, this reviewer must confess to sharing the lay reader's bewilderment by this "arty" and technical language of the war correspondents and commentators. It was, therefore, to restore his sanity and to get a clear perspective of the war situation that every Sunday morning he turned to Mr. N. G. Jog's "A Week Of War" in the Sunday edition of the "Bombay Chronicle."

* * *

Mr. Jog is what may be uncharitably described as an "armchair strategist". He "covers" all the battle-fronts from a safe distance, several thousand miles away from incendiary bombs and deadly tanks, comfortably installed at his desk. Thank heavens for that. For, if he had reviewed the war from close quarters, he, too, may have succumbed to the temptation of working in a few "advance elements" and "rcennaissance skirmishes" in his articles and thus making them, perhaps, more impressive but certainly less readable.

* * *

Readability and lucidity—the two special features of Mr. Jog's writings—are, in the opinion of this reviewer, essential for anyone who seeks to interpret the strategy of a modern war.

For, a modern war is a people's war.

No longer is the war a concern only of a handful of generals and admirals. Not only because this is the age of democracy when men demand to know, why and how a war is being fought before agreeing to fight in it, but also because of the very nature of the modern war—every home a battle-front!—, it is necessary and desirable that the war situation and strategy should be explained to the ordinary citizen. After all, he is more likely to be bombed than even the soldier at the front and it is only fair that he should be told the facts. And since the war correspondents and the observers and the military experts only help to make confusion worse confounded, it is the task of journalists like Mr. Jog to interpret the war situation in simple terms which the average newspaper reader can understand.

For nearly two years now Mr. Jog has admirably played this role and thousands of people have learnt to depend upon his columns for a clear and balanced view of the war. Now that this reviews have been compiled in a book, they constitute a history of the war up-to-date and provide a most valuable guide to the journalist, the armchair strategist, the school teacher, not to mention the average intelligent newspaper reader who wishes to go "behind the head lines" and understand the real significance of the Fall of France, the Balkan Blitzkrieg, the Battle of Atlantic or the invasion of Russia.

* * *

"Will war come to India?" No longer is this a merely rhetorical question used as a convenient title. As the author concludes the book, "The War came to India two years ago. Will war come to India?" In more than one sense the war *has* come to India and it is the duty of every Indian—be he war-effort-wallah or an anti-war Congressman!—to follow closely and study the developing strategy of the war. As a basis for this study, one can recommend few better books than Mr. Jog's "Will War Come To India?" It tells you all about the war—through Indian eyes!

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

MOSCOW, September 16.

Harvesting throughout Siberia is well forward, reports the Official Tass Agency, which says more than half of the grain crop in the Krasnoyarsk region has been gathered by September 10, thanks to the help of 40,000 town workers assisting the collective farmers.

In Minusinsk district most of the collective farms are already thrashing and carting grain to elevators and in other regions harvesting is either entirely or nearly completed.—Reuter.

* * *

"From what little I have seen, India's war effort has truly been amazing"—Sir Homi Mody.

We believe him.

But—is it Sir Homi or the Governor-General who is vindicating himself?

* * *

No less than six no-confidence motions against a member of the Huq Cabinet, who is also the Secretary of the Provincial Muslim League were tabled in the Bengal Assembly.

Since the receipt of that report, the Junior Colleague is watching developments with great interest on behalf of both Mr. Huq and Mr. Suhrawardy.

* * *

"Finland's side of the story has just been published in Washington, but", opines Anglo-India," "even so one cannot help wondering whether Russia's conduct was not dictated mainly by the necessity of adequate defence against Germany."

—Anglo-India.

How very, very instructive!

* * *

According to an American newspaper, the United States is trying to arrange a Russo-Finnsh armistice.

America is apparently developing a double-track war effort. It is not only going—sorry, coming in but also pulling Germany,s allies out.

* * *

"We are anxious to get to Moscow as soon as we can"—Mr. Averell Harriman.

The more anxious pinch-beck Napoleans of Berlin must be consumed with envy.

* * *

Broadcasting from Moscow on Sunday night an American commentator declared that the Russians were only 12 miles from Smolensk.

The only counter the Germans have been able to offer to this advance is to claim on Monday night that they were 15 miles from Leningrad.

* * *

"Blimps" To Guard Boston Harbour.

—Headline

WHAT?

But sorry, we find that they refer to a type of American airships.

* * *

"The America First Committee" has been challenged by Colonel Knox to choose between the American and German versions of the "Greer" incident.

In other words, to declare whether the Committee is America First or Germany First.

* * *

Mr. John Hawk, leader of U.S.A. Seamen, says that the strike called by his Union "affects all ships bound for Axis or Allied ports."

Mr. Hawk is not at all funny.

* * *

"She is a very sweet girl."

"Why, the heartless flirt had promised to marry four different men."

"Well, that's what I mean; her manners are most engaging.

Indian Delegation Postpones Departure

CEYLON CONFERENCE TO MEET TO-DAY: NEW HOPE OF SETTLEMENT OF DEADLOCK

COLOMBO, Sept. 16.

The Indo-Ceylon Exploratory Conference did not meet in the afternoon also. The Secretary of the Conference was unable to say anything, but indicated that the Conference will possibly meet to-morrow.

No authoritative information is forthcoming from any other source, but there was considerable activity in the Conference circles throughout the day, indicating that strenuous efforts were being made to reach a settlement. The Delegations conferred separately among themselves, and it is believed that communications have passed between them. The prolonged nature of these deliberations after the impression which prevailed in well informed quarters yesterday that the Conference was on the brink of a breakdown, has given rise to the hope that a settlement may yet be reached.

Meanwhile, the Indian Delegation who had programmed to leave to-night for India have postponed their departure.—A. P.

D. P. SRIVASTAVA ARRESTED

JUBBULPORE, Sept. 16.

Mr. Dwaraka Prasad Srivastava, President of the Municipal Committee, Damoh, who was ordered by the District Magistrate to quit Damoh and reside at Saugor and not to leave the Saugor town without his permission was arrested last night under Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules for defying the quit order.

Mr. Srivastava preferred an appeal against the District Magistrate's order which was upheld by the Provincial Government.

Mr. Srivastava was brought down to Jubbulpore to-day and has been confined in the Central Jail.—United Press.

Probation Of Offenders Act

The Government of Bombay has directed that the Bombay Probation of Offenders Act, 1938, should be enforced in the following municipal boroughs and cantonments:—MUNICIPAL BOROUGHS—Sholapur, Belgaum, Dharwar, Hubli, Poona City, Poona Suburban, Ahmedabad. CANTONMENTS—Belgaum, Poona, Kirkee, Ahmedabad. The Act will, for the present, be worked in the above places with the help of honorary probation officers who will be selected by the District Magistrates. The Bombay Provincial Probation and Aftercare Association has been recognised as the authority which may appoint probation officers in the areas in which the Act has been brought into force.

How War Benefits Bombay

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:—

War supplies manufactured in the Bombay Circle up to the end of July were valued at the huge total of Rs. 11,31,40,750. In all 5,031 orders had been placed. Of the total, Rs. 20,00,000 had been spent on munition production, Rs. 8,16,00,000 on textiles, Rs. 2,08,00,000 on engineering, hardware, oils, paints and similar items, Rs 60,00,000 on general stores, such as foodstuffs, chemicals, glassware, rubber goods, leather and timber and Rs. 27,40,750 on ship-building. In the quarter ended June 30 alone, orders valued at Rs. 7,80,79,605 were placed in the Bombay area. Of these, those to the value of Rs. 8,73,499 were on behalf of the British Government and the remainder on behalf of other indentors.

FIRST ART EXHIBITION AT NASIK

Recently it was announced that the First Art Exhibition with a view to purchasing pictures for the "Nasik Art Treasures" will be held during the last week of the current month under the auspices of the N. A. T.

This exhibition will be held at Shree Balaji Temple (Nasik) from 24th September to 2nd October the last date of submitting pictures or exhibits being the 18th instant.

There is no entrance fee for participating in these exhibitions and those desirous of contributing can do so by handing over their pictures at the Art Society of India, Sandhurst House, near Sandhurst Bridge, on the 18th instant between the hours of 11-30 a.m. and 5-30 p.m.

This arrangement of receiving pictures and exhibits at the Art Society of India, on behalf of the Nasik Art Treasures, is made to avoid inconvenience to the local artists.

A nominal fee of rupee one per picture will be charged as railway freight.

The opening ceremony of the Nasik Art Treasures will be performed by the Hon Mr. H. F Knight, Adviser to the Governor of Bombay.

National League Of Hindustan

LUCKNOW, September 16.

The next meeting of the Working Committee of the National League of Hindustan, hitherto known as the All-India Hindu League, will be held at New Delhi on October 28th and 29th.

It is understood the Working Committee will discuss among other items the present political situation in the country in the light of the latest developments, with special reference to Mr. Churchill's latest statement about India. It is understood that the appointment of the next President of the League will shortly be made.—A. P.

U. S. MOVE FOR RUSSO-FINNISH ARMISTICE?

NEW YORK, September 16.

According to a Washington dispatch to the newspaper "World Telegram" the United States is trying to arrange a Russo-Finnish armistice.

JAIPUR PROGRESSIVE PARTY CONFERENCE

Pandya's Appeal To State For Constitutional Reforms

JAIPUR, Sept. 15.

The first conference organised by the Jaipur Progressive Party met to-night under the presidentship of Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya Vice-President of the Central India States' People's Conference. Mr. Amritlal Seth, Editor of the "Janmabhoomi", Bombay, inaugurated the Conference.

Mr. Kamalashanker Pandya in the course of his address to the Conference advised the workers of the Progressive Party to work unitedly for the progress and welfare of the people. He deplored the lack of constitutional reforms in Jaipur State and criticised the high land assessment and pleaded for comprehensive reforms in that direction with a view to lightening the burden of the masses in revenue, rent and indebtedness.

Earlier, the President read messages received from Seth Jamnalal Bajaj, Mr. M. S. Aney, Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Mr. and Mrs. K. M. Munshi, Mr. Siddilingayya, President of the Mysore State Congress and Mrs. Satyavati Devi, Delhi, wishing the conference success.—United Press.

Satyagrahis' Constructive Work Diaries

The Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee, writes from Congress House, Dharwar, under date September 12:—

The following prospective Satyagrahis have sent their diaries of Constructive Work to this Office:—

Dharwar district: Shris. Sripalappa Dharmappa Vandkudri, Kallappa Kamadolli, Phakeerappa Niseemappa Hungund, Unimanna Nilakantappa Tarighatti, Anantappa Ganeshappa Hooli, Ningappa Gadigeppa Koyappanavar.

Belgaum district: Shris. Mallappa Babaji Chougule, Balangouda Ramangouda Patil, Annappa Shivalingappa Goudar, Sidramayya Murigeyya Belianimath, Mingawwa Gadigeppa Chulaki, Girappa Belappa Kaddamani, Yellapp Ningappa Uppar, Shankerappa Siddappa Tangal, Savantrawwa Dasappa Tangal, Shivappa Kallappa Malasetti, Shivalinga Phakeerappa Hunsikatti, Chanbasayya Veerayya Sullikerimath, Chenmallappa Kadappa Balanmatti, Malakappa Chenbasappa Badar, Gundu Jivaji Pujar, Rajba Govindrao Sinde, Nilamani Veerabhadrappa Devarutteli.

Bijapur district: Shris. Ningawwa Yetnal, Sivamurteppa Parappa Gadasetti, Shankerayya Mallayya Pujar, Ishwarappa Ningappa Jainapur.

Gore Resigns Presidentship Of Poona Congress Committee

POONA, Sept. 14.

Mr. N. G. Gore, President of the Poona District Congress Committee, has, it is understood, resigned on the grounds that he cannot associate himself with the present Satyagraha movement.

It is also understood that Mr. Gore has withdrawn his name from the list of Satyagrahis.—A.P.

CABLE ITEMS

LONDON, Sept. 16.

The Moscow radio accused the Iranian Government of "unforgiveable slowness" in fulfilling the agreed Anglo-Soviet terms.—Reuter.

LONDON: The German occupation authorities in the Netherlands have seized all ueen Queen Wilhelmina's property.—Reuter.

ZURICH: It is learned from Rome that Mussolini has received Monseigneur Segvitch, Prof. of the Zagreb University who has brought a message from the Premier of Croatia, Pavilitch, which it is understood, referred to the difficult situation in Croatia owing to insurgent activities. Aid has urgently requested to relieve the food shortage.—Reuter.

LISBON: Sir Henry Ashbrooke Crump died of heart attack in an English hospital. Sir Henry Crump, formerly in the Indian Civil Service, had retired to Alassio in Italy and came to Portugal recently as a refugee.—Reuter.

Profiteering Must Go

Ahmedabad Meeting Urges Ordinance To Control Soaring Prices

AHMEDABAD, Sept. 16.

An appeal to the government to check profiteering, if necessary by issuing an ordinance was made at a public meeting held this evening under the auspices of a committee formed for the protection of the interests of the masses. It was pointed out that the recent rise in the prices of the necessaries of life was for the most part artificial and due to profiteering. It had hard hit the poor and middle classes.—A. P.

CONTROL PRICE OF MILL-MADE CLOTH

RANCHI, Sept. 16.

The Bihar Provincial Advisory Committee on the control of prices which met here last evening under the Presidentship of Sir Khwaja Mohammad Noor, passed two resolutions.

The first resolution—moved by Khan Bahadur Syed Hassan, urged the Government of India to establish central control over the prices of yarn and mill-made cloth of common qualities, while the second resolution requested central control over the prices of wheat in primary and wholesale markets, so as to ensure a continuous flow of supplies of Wheat in Bihar markets.

The Committee also reviewed the general working of the control of prices in the provinces.—A. P.

GERMAN-TURKISH TRADE TALKS

Light In Which The Turks Regard Them

LONDON, Sept. 12.

Negotiations which have been in progress between the Turkish Ministry of Commerce and the United Kingdom Corporation for fixing the prices of dried fruits have been satisfactorily concluded cabled "The Times" Istanbul Correspondent on September 11. Lord Carlisle is leaving for Smyrna to make the final arrangements for the Corporation's purchases this season which are expected to include a great part of this year's crop of figs and raisins.

Surprise is manifested in Ankara at the attempts in Berlin and Rome to attribute exceptional importance and significance to the Turkish-German trade negotiations now in progress in Ankara. From the Turkish point of view, the position is very simple.

The Turkish-German trade agreement which was signed on July 25, 1940, expired on August 9 of this year, and was extended for two months, the present negotiations aim at the conclusion of another agreement before October 9, when this extension expires.

That is how the Turks look on Dr. Clodius' mission, and they refuse to see in it anything else or more.

British Student Of Yoga Who Lived For 112 Years

LONDON, Sept. 15.

Britain's oldest man Mr. Alfred Charles Nunez Arnold died on Monday aged 112 at Liverpool in a convalescent home at Woolton.

He was a keen student of Yoga and attributed his long life and good health to the study of Yoga and "moderation in all things".

SIEGE IN OSLO LIFTED

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 16.

Reichs Commissar Terboven has ordered the lifting of the state of Siege in Oslo from 5 a. m. Norwegian time, Tuesday, according to a broadcast from Oslo.—Reuter.

BULGARIAN SHIP SUNK IN BLACK SEA

ROME, September 16.

The 4.000 ton Bulgarian vessel "Scipka" has been sunk by a mine in the Black Sea, according to a Sofia message. All the crew were saved.—Reuter.

LACCADIVES ISLANDERS' PLIGHT.

CALICUT, Sept. 15.

The recent cyclone which wrought great havoc in Malabar appears to have also visited the islands of Kevarathi, Kalpeni, Andproth, etc., in the Laccadives, according to reports now received by the Collector of Malabar. The islanders were not able to send reports about them till now. Over 16.000 fruit trees and a large number of houses have been destroyed. The damages are assessed at about Rs. 60.000.—A. P.

M. Ivanoff's appointment which followed a recommendation by the Japanese army authorities and the Japanese-fostered Chinese authorities aroused considerable controversy among local White Russians at the time. He was 57 years of age. Besides being a former judge at the Imperial Consular Court he also acted as assessor at the Mixed Court.—Reuter.

The 28th Mysore Provincial Co-operative Conference will be held on Sunday (28th Sept.) at 8-30 a.m. at the Mysore Co-operators' Home, Chamaraja Road, Mysore, when Rajasevaprasakta A. V. Ramanathan, Minister for Law in Government of Mysore will preside.

Mr. M. Sitaram Nayak, member of the E Ward Congress Committee, who had intimated to the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, his intention to offer satyagraha, was arrested on Tuesday morning under the Defence of India Rules.

WAR TIME FINANCE AND COMMERCE

Japan Tightens Up Govt. Control On Movement Of Capital

TOKIO, Sept. 16.

The Japanese Government held a Cabinet meeting this morning when an announcement was made of two war time programmes for tightening up Government control over the movement of industrial and commercial capital as well as over Japan's exports belonging to the "yen bloc". The two plans have been designed to link up with the scheme for mobilising materials and production expansion which is already in effect.

The essence of the scheme for controlling capital is that it gives priority use of funds of banking and credit institutions by war time factories. The plan envisages the creation of a reserve fund with the State Treasury for the purpose of adjusting capital to supply and demand so that the programme can be carried out.

The purpose of the programme governing "yen bloc" trade is to maintain Japan's exports to China and Manchukuo at the 1940 level which was the highest in "yen bloc" trade and at the same time spur on imports of raw materials from the two countries. Details of these two programmes are expected in the near future.

It is announced that the programmes represent only two of seven important Government plans for 1941, the other five being those dealing with mobilisation for materials, production expansion, traffic control, power control and plans for the control of labour all of which were decided by the Government some time ago.—Reuter.

NAZIS SHOOT FRENCH HOSTAGES

LONDON, Sept. 16.

Ten more French hostages were shot by the German authorities in occupied France as reprisals for "acts of aggression against members of the German army," according to the German controlled Paris radio.

The ages of the people shot range from 19 to 62. About half of the names given appear to be Jewish.—Reuter.

ORISSA SECESSIONISTS FROM CONGRESS

CUTTACK, Sept. 14.

The 'Associated Press' is informed by Mr. Peary Shanker Roy, Chief Whip of the Congress Parliamentary Party, that he has joined the new group in the Orissa Assembly formed under the leadership of Pandit Godavari Misra.

Meanwhile, the President of the Utkal Provincial Congress Committee has written to Mr. Sadhan Charan Das, Mr. Biswanath Sera and Mr. Nidhi Das to explain why disciplinary action should not be taken against them in regard to the statement they issued to the press announcing that they had joined the new party.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND.

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 67,21,899-11-0.

For the Lord Mayor's Relief Fund: Rs. 5 Mrs. C. R. Bird (monthly).

For the R.A.F.: Rs. 1,107 through the Parsi Insurance Workers' War Aid Committee, out of the total proceeds of a Parsi Drama named "Masino Mako" staged on the 28th July 1941; Rs. 326-12-9 the staff and workmen of the Bombay Gas Co. Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 300 Mr. Donald G. Hill, M. L. A., J.P., (monthly); Messrs. Hill, Son & Knox (monthly); Rs. 246-1-3 the staff and workmen of the Asbestos Cement Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 190 the Bombay Gas Co., Sports Club (monthly); Rs. 134 through the Treasurer, Bombay War Gifts Fund, Nasik; Rs. 105-13 through the Mamlatdar, Malvan, Ratnagiri district; Rs. 66-10 the Paper Company Van Reekum (Bombay) Ltd. (monthly).

For Armoured Carriers for the Indian Army: Rs. 1,107-1 through the Parsi Insurance Workers' War Aid Committee, out of the total proceeds of a Parsi Drama named "Masino Mako" staged on the 28th July 1941; Rs. 134-3-3 through the Treasurer Bombay War Gifts Fund, Nasik; Rs. 105 through the Mamlatdar, Malvan, Ratnagiri district.

For Families of the Indian Fighting Forces: Rs. 100 through the Hon. Presidency Magistrates' Court, Mazagaon.

For Non-Combatant Purposes: Rs. 1,000 Sir Kikabhai Premchand, Kt., (further donation).

Monthly donation through Bombay House War Effort Committee as under: Rs. 2,678-9 the Directors, Officers and staff of Tata Concerns in Bombay, earmarked as under: Rs. 1,251 for the R.A.F.; Rs. 127-9 for Armoured Carriers for the Indian Army; Rs. 600 for the Lord Mayor's Relief Fund.

Grand total to Tuesday's Rs. 67,30,327-1-3.

Hamburg Set On Fire

R. A. F. Armada Batters Nazi Naval Bases: Cairo Raided

LONDON, Sept. 16.

It is learned that over two hundred R. A. F. bombers attacked German ports last night. Last night's objects included Hamburg, Cuxhaven, Wilhelmshaven and Le Havre.

Hamburg was the principal objective.

Shipyards, factories and railways were attacked for some hours by a powerful force. Many large fires were started.

Cuxhaven at the mouth of the Elbe on which Hamburg stands and the naval base at Wilhelmshaven were other targets. Strategically placed in relation to both Germany's eastern and western fronts, these ports are the fountain head of German activity in the battle of the Atlantic, besides feeding VIA the Kiel Canal the German naval, land and air forces in the Baltic Sea zone before Leningrad.

The docks at Le Havre on the French coast were also heavily attacked.

An Air Ministry "communique" states: "Shipyards, factories and railways at Hamburg were attacked for some hours last night by a powerful force of aricraft of the Bomber Command. Many large fires were started.

Other German ports including Bremen, Cuxhaven and Wilhelmshaven were also bombed. The docks at Le Havre were heavily attacked by another force of bombers.

Aircraft off the Fighter Command during the night continued their attacks on enemy aerodromes in occupied territory.

From these operation nine aircraft of the Bomber Command are missing".

CAIRO RAIDED

CAIRO.—Thirty-nine people were killed and 33 injured when the Cairo area was raided early on Tuesday morning, it is officially reported.

A "communique" issued by the Minister of the Interior states: "There were air raids early this morning in the Cairo area. Explosives and incediary bombs were dropped, killing 39 and injuring 93. Slight damage was done to property. Anti-aircraft defences were in action. Alerts were also sounded in several provinces."—Reuter.

BERLIN ADMITS R. A. F. RAIDS OVER GERMANY.

BERLIN, Sept. 16.

That the R. A. F. dropped high explosive and incendiary bombs over a place in north-west Germany last night is admitted by the official German news agency to-day (Tuesday).—Reuter.

Bombay Governor Visits Matunga Workshops

BOMBAY, Sept. 16.

The Governor of Bombay attended by Mr. J. B. Irwin, Secretary to the Governor, Lt.-Colonel L. C. Palk, Military Secretary and Captain D. G. Moore, Aide-de-Camp left Kirkee for Bombay and arrived Bombay the same morning.

The Governor of Bombay visited the G. I. P. Railway Workshops at Matunga.—A. P.

Bengal Speaker's Letter To Members

CALCUTTA, Sept. 16.

Sir Azizul Huq, Speaker of the Bengal Legislative Assembly, has issued a circular to the members of the Assembly stating that he was not keeping well. He has been medically advised to take rest for three months and in view of that, he will not be able to conduct the proceedings of the House during this period.—United Press.

Satyagrahi's Sentence Reduced

LAHORE, Sept. 16.

On an amicus curiae application filed by the High Court Bar Association, Mr. Justice Beckett, Vacation Judge, reduced to the term already undergone the sentence of nine months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 300 passed against Waryam Singh, a Congress Satyagrahi of Gurdaspur.

His Lordship disposed off three more amicus curiae applications reducing the sentence in each case.—A. P.

SOVIET CONTROLS GATES OF GULF OF FINLAND

Nazi Attempt To Seize Sarema Base Beaten Off: Withdrawal Of Forces From Western Europe To Fight On Russian Front

Reuter's resident correspondent in Petrograd writes:

The fact that Soviet bases continue to control the entrance of the Gulf of Finland is by far the most interesting revelation of the overnight Soviet 'communique. The German attempt to land troops on the Island of Sarema or Ezel off the Estonian coast was beaten off not only by the Soviet Fleet but also by aircraft and shore batteries.

HANGO STILL IN SOVIET HANDS

It has always been known that the Soviet forces continued to hold Hango off the Finnish coast and from time to time there have been descriptive accounts in the Soviet press of fights whereby more and more small islands studding the entrance to and the waters of the Finnish Gulf were seized and occupied by Soviet troops.

An attempted German landing at Sarema Island can be regarded as linking up with their general plan for operations against Leningrad. Without at least partial control of the entrance of the Gulf of Finland it would be most difficult for the Germans to attempt to use seapower on any scale as a further arm against the defenders of Leningrad.

NAZI ATTEMPT BEATEN OFF

At present the Russians are able to use men of the Baltic Fleet for many local tasks in the defence of Leningrad. But the men would have be withdrawn from these tasks if it were a question of any major naval operations to be undertaken against the Germans which would be the case if the latter forced an entry in strength into the Gulf of Finland.

It is evident from the number of vessels involved that it was a serious attempt which was made to seize the Soviet base of Sarema and it is considered to be of considerable importance that the German attack had been beaten off with such firmness.

Leningrad Greets London

LONDON.—Leningrad and London are now talking on the air. In response to Londoners' message broadcast a few days ago, the Leningrad Radio to-day responded:

"Listen people of London, this is Leningrad talking. We thank you warmly for your greetings. We admire your courageous airmen, soldiers and sailors fighting our common enemy, Nazi Germany. We shall ruthlessly avenge the innocent blood of the peaceful inhabitants of London Coventry, Plymouth, Liverpool, Warsaw, Moscow, Leningrad and Kiev. The defenders of Leningrad are fighting Fascist hordes with determination and fortitude. Your voice of friendship coming from the battle-field inspires us to new resistance till final victory."

Londoners will talk to Leningrad through the B B C again to-night.

Transfer Of Nazi Forces

So serious have been the German losses on the Russian Front that the Germans have been compelled to transfer probably nearly half a million of their seasoned troops from the Low Countries. It is estimated in well-informed circles in London that before launching their attack on Russia the Germans had something like forty to fifty divisions garrisoning Holland, Belgium and occupied France. Faced with unexpected and unforseen colossal losses in the East, they have had to take away about half these divisions—between 400,000 and half a million well trained troops—for service in Russia.

The transfer of trained troops from a Front where their duties are little more than policing would, it is pointed out, be the normal procedure of any army. It is possible that the German Command have also resorted to an infiltration of older and younger men among the divisions left in the Low Countries.

This would release men between 25 and 35 for the Russian campaign which is likely to be more and more arduous as the winter months approach. Their places in the Low Countries would be taken by recruits and men over 25.—Reuter.

ON NAZI-SOVIET WAR FRONT

(Continued from Page 1)

dulges in some extravagant claims regarding prisoners captured, divisions destroyed and war material put out of action south of Lake Ilmen.

The most significant feature of the German claim is the fact that the successes have, according to the German High Command taken place over the period of the last few weeks. This does not suggest that there has been a major battle with decisive result.

SOP TO GERMAN PEOPLE

It rather looks as though, in the absence of big concrete success, the Germans have added up their alleged local results, multiplied the whole by "X" and blazoned forth a shout of victory in order to keep up the morale of their own people and prepare them at the same time for news of considerable German losses.

Assuredly success cannot be achieved without sacrifices against such stubborn fighters as the Russians admittedly are. Therefore, despite identification by number of Russian armies alleged to have been smashed, the whole tenor of the German "communique" is unconvincing.

CRITERION OF PRESENT SITUATION

There is no news from either side regarding fighting in the Central Zone, but in the south the Germans claim to be advancing eastward on a broad front across the Dnieper river. This probably refers to capture of Kremenchug which the Russians admitted yesterday and where the situation seems subsequently to have become more or less stabilised.

The best criterion of the situation is the fact that neither Leningrad, Kiev nor Odessa seem to be unduly concerned about the situation.—Reuter.

ARRESTED UNDER D. OF I. RULES.

COONOR.—Munshi Oosman Khan, who was arrested for an offence under the Defence of India Rules, was convicted by the Joint First Class Magistrate, and sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

ARSENAL OF THE PACIFIC

MELBOURNE, Sept. 16.

Reviewing Australia's achievements in factory forge and workshop munitions, the Minister, Mr. McBride, revealed that Government factories and private contract shops had begun producing weapons for warships building in Australian dockyards for the Australian and Royal Navies.

The Minister's survey paints a vivid picture of the growth of Australia's arsenal of the Pacific stating that in developing Government munitions factories, 35 millions sterling had been allotted and there was now a steady output of 3.7, the most modern anti-aircraft gun and two-pounder anti-tank gun.—Reuter.

Chinese Staff To Co-ordinate Work Of U. S. Mission

CHUNGKING, Sept. 16.

Marshal Chiang-kai-Shek has appointed a military staff to co-ordinate the work of the American Military Mission due to arrive here shortly.—Reuter.

SHIPPING IN HAGUESUND HARBOUR ATTACKED

LONDON, September 16.

Blenheims attacked enemy ships in harbour at Haguesund, on the west-coast of Norway and a factory in the same area. Our fighters have made a number of offensive patrols over the Channel and enemy-occupied territory (today). In one of these an enemy fighter was destroyed. In these operations we lost two aircraft one bomber and one fighter.—Reuter.

Conservative M.P. Dead

LONDON, September 16

The death is announced of Sir Isidore Salmon Conservative Member of Parliament for Harrow Division Middlesex and head of the well-known catering firm "Lyons and Co." Sir Isidore Salmon who died in London nursing home was an honorary adviser on catering to the British Army. He was 64 years of age.—Reuter.

Govt. Accepts Congress Members' Resignations

AMRITSAR, Sept 16.

The Punjab Government have accepted the resignations of ten Congress Members of the Amritsar Municipal Committee which were submitted in compliance with the instructions of the President of the Provincial Congress Committee.—A. P.

Dr. E. Raghavendra Rao At Karachi

KARACHI, Sept. 16.

Doctor Raghavendra Rao, member Designate of the Viceroy's Executive Council, arrived here this evening. He is staying here to-night at Government House.—A. P.

BOW IN THANKFUL PRAYER TO UNFAILING GUIDE

Khadi And Village Industry Must Receive Special Attention, Says Kripalani In Gandhi Jayanti Message

WARDHAGANJ, Sept. 16.

"On the seventy-third birthday, the nation can do no greater honour to its leader and no greater service to the country than by pushing on constructive propaganda.

Khadi and village industry as bringing hope and light to the poor must receive our special attention when we are in the midst of a grim struggle." Thus declared Acharya Kripalani, Congress General Secretary in a Gandhi Jayanti appeal.

He added: "On this occasion, let us bow in thankful prayer that our unfailing guide is in our midst for yet a while. May he live long enough to see his mission of peace and goodwill fairly on the way to success.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

With apologies to "Kay" of "The Sporting Times", here follows my attempt to write a fashion column on the Cruiser Night Ball:

* * *

"Daffodils are in season again after the usual rush on wall flowers. No pansies, no aspidistra. The bul-bul sleeve is in fashion again as worn by the dapper Mrs. Sabavala who wore a crimson and gold ensemble of saree and blouse with trouffle trimmings of a thick border. Mrs. Sabavala should have worn battleship grey to match the tone of her party (given by her boys, the boys of the Light Brigade or something.)

* * *

Mr. Sabavala wore a nocturne pattern on his stiff shirt with black tie to match socks. He carried a whiff of dandelion hair-oil (it's good for growing mushrooms) and two brown Cortados, slightly stale. Beeming with smiles, Mr. Sabavala was seen tackling the languid strains of "Daisy, Daisy" accompanied by that keen race-goer, Mrs. Khoregaokar, who wore a dirty-white saree of oyster-shell with pearls to match from Cirio's.

* * *

Evelyn Wood, who smokes Charminars, asked for the Woodpecker's Song, which Lorna Shortland sang wearing a shimmering shimmy of green sequins in sequence. Dapper Verrier Elwin looked on wondering whether he could still look upon the Gonds as uncivilised after a night in Bombay. The debonair Begum of Sachin (now henna-ed) has picked up the choreography of the Blues and hardly looked as if she was in her teens. The Macneil sisters who arrived sometime ago from England (and not Bangalore, see correction in "Sporting Times") were as charming as ever, and are among the few English girls, who retain some of the freshness (the word is used nicely) of the English country girl.

* * *

Mrs. "Pipsi" Wadia in her page-boy crop and her petroleum saree with voice to match still says "Hello" to me. Whispering Babs wore a Creton coloured hotch-potch of salmon-pink and olive oil. The very charming Mary Nowroji in Mackintosh blue was discussing the finer points of bridge with the studious Mr. Surveyor, who looked sick after smoking Sabavala's cigars! ! (Improve the brand, Saba.) The well-dressed Billimoria (Amalgamated Defence) Brothers were down from manoeuvres and discussing plans for self-defence in conjunction with high officials of the Panchayat, while Mr. Naval Mody of Sulka and Pleydell was giving them a rough audit of the situation.

* * *

"Everyone was talking about"—the absence of the bobbing headache and the Parsi Tango-finalist; the inaudibility of the hands-in-pocket announcer (Public School and Brighton); the "costumes" of the soldiers (Don't forget I'm immitating "Kay".); the meaning of the palms.

* * *

As a mark of respect to the Half Column, the columns of the Taj were draped in Rochester brown.

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Jayakar For Madras

MADRAS, Sept. 16.

The Rt. Hon. Mr. M. R. Jayakar will be arriving in Madras on the 27th September en route to Annamalainagar to preside over the "Shastiabdapurthi" celebrations of Raja Sir Annamalai Chettiar of Chettinad on the 28th he will address a public meeting here, on the 27th at 5-30 p.m. at the V. P. Hall and leave for Annamalainagar the same night. He will return to Madras from Annamalainagar on the 29th morning and stay here for two days. On the 30th night, he will address a rotary meeting.—A. P.

MAKER OF MODERN IRAN

Spectacular Rise Of Reza Shah

Sardar Sepah's Absence And Bread Riots Lead To Change Of Dynasty

The rapid transformation of Iran from a centuries old static condition to a new and modernised state was due to the work of one man—the Shah, Reza Pahlevi, who, formerly a cavalry officer, made himself ruler of the country following an army "coup d' etat," in 1921, "at a time when Iran, under a notoriously corrupt administration seemed fated to fall into the hands of the British Empire or the U.S.S.R."

Reza Shah was born in the district of Mazandaran near the Caspian about 69 years ago. Little is known of his early life. Reza Shah is distinctly a man of the people who rose to the position of a leader of a nation due to his great courage and endurance. He was practically unknown till about the age of 40. In his early fifties he rose to be the Shah of Persia.

OBSCURE EARLY LIFE

In his early youth he is known to have been very poor. He had only the briefest of schooling. When he came to prominence he was almost illiterate. He probably spent his early days in tending flocks in Mazandaran. Probably he lived in mud huts and ate pieces of mutton for supper. One story describes him as a servant in Foreign Legation in Teheran for a time. Later, he joined the army as a soldier and was enlisted in the Cossack division of the Persian army. This division was a Persian force officered by Russians.

In those days, weak Persia used foreign officers. The old dynasty was crumbling and the country was a battle-ground of mercenaries. In the north, the Cossack division was under strong Russian influence. The South Persian Rifles officered by the British dominated the South. A neutral Swedish gendermere kept order in Teheran.

For twenty years he was a trooper in the Cossack division. Finally he rose to the position of an officer. By 1920 Persia was a virtual British Protectorate over Iran. A British Colonel name Smythe spotted Reza Khan as an officer of courage and put him in command of a Cossack division.

After 1920 something interesting happened. Persia had been so long a buffer between Britain and Russia that it was evident that she had no will to live by herself. The tension between the two great powers supported Persia and when this tension actually disappeared Persia collapsed. Corruption ruled Teheran and banditry all but ruled the country.

OUTSIDE INFLUENCES

Before Reza Khan became War Minister in 1920, the relations between the neighbouring countries were not cordial. An Anglo-Russian Treaty of 1907 divided Persia into a northern Russian and Southern British sphere of influence. In the great war of 1914-18 Persia was neutral but great parts were occupied by British, Russians, Turks and Germans.

In May 1920 the Bolshevist fleet from Baku bombarded Enzeli, took possession of the remnants of Denikin's squadron and leisurely occupied Resht, where a provisional government was formed under Kuchik Khan.

It was one of Trotsky's first deeds to annul the Anglo-Russian agreement of 1907 and to renounce all Russian rights in Persia. The British troops were also withdrawn.

ON WAY TO REPUBLIC

In 1922 Reza Khan became Prime Minister and during this year in the absence of the Shah in Europe, the Republican movement in Persia was rapidly gaining strength. No sooner did the new Majlis meet in March than rumours became rife that a republic would be proclaimed. On the Persian new year day, March 21, Disorderly scenes took place in the Majlis, which on the whole favoured the change.

A few days later Sirdar Sepah, the Prime Minister, who had so far not declared himself, after consultation with the chief doctors of the law, issued a proclamation making it an offence to suggest the desirability of a republic in Persia and the Republican movement came to an end for the time being. The Shah otherwise known as Sirdar Sepah lost his majority in the Majlis and sent in his resignation, but the Majlis decided by a large majority to ask him to resume his office and he complied, forming a new cabinet nearly identical with the previous one. On August 19, 1924, the Sirdar Sepah by a political coup, got rid of most of his colleagues in the Cabinet, who had become unpopular with the Majlis.

GETTING AIR-MINDED

In January, Persia purchased 12 aeroplanes from France for the army. On August 11 the Soviet-Persian commercial treaty was signed. In April the Beirut-Bagdad motor service was organised as a fortnightly service to Teheran via Kesar-i-Shirin and other places enabling travellers to get from London to Teheran in 11 days. At the beginning of October the Junkers aircraft company of Dessau made an agreement with the Sirdar Sepah to extend its Stockholm Baku service, via Leningrad and Moscow to Teheran, the whole distance from Stockholm to Teheran being flown in three days.

SARDAR SEPAH'S 'COUP'

The year 1925 witnessed the climax of the career of this most remarkable figure produced by Persia in the present generation, known as also Sardar Sepah. From the time that, in 1921, he had, at the head of his Cossacks brought about the "coup d'etat" which caused the dismissal of the Siphadar Azam, this unlettered soldier had been the dominant force in Persian politics making and unmaking ministries at his will. Thanks to his reorganisation of the army and his successful military exploits his prestige steadily rose till his attempt to establish a republic in March 1924. This brought him into conflict with the clergy to whom he deemed it prudent to defer, and his influence suffered a set back in consequence.

But a pilgrimage to Holy places of Iraq and a successful campaign in the latter part of the year, in which he reduced the Sheikh of Mohammerah to subjection, restored him to popular favour, and when he returned to Teheran on the first day of 1925 he was received with demonstrations such as had never been seen in honour of any Shah.

SUPREME COMMAND

The supreme command at this time belonged to the Walihad, the Shah's brother, who was acting as Regent, during the Shah's absence in Europe, but Reza Khan, to secure himself the greatest possible freedom of action, persuaded the Majlis shortly afterwards to appoint him "Chief of all the Defence Forces of the country". In this position he continued his work of pacifying the outlying parts. Early in the year the Turcomans in the north had risen in rebellion owing to the arrest by the Persians of the Sirdar of Bujnard. In the hostilities which followed the Persians at first suffered reverses, but in May they sent strong reinforcements and took Samalquam, the rebel stronghold, in the middle of July. Sirdar Mauzzaz of Bujnard and six of his adherents were publicly hanged at Mehshed on July 22. Concurrently, early in June, there was trouble in Persian Baluchistan, but the disaffected elements were pacified with a promise to redress their grievances.

REZA KHAN'S OPPORTUNITY

While Reza Khan was consolidating his position, the former Shah remained in France, and showed no signs of returning to his dominions. The agitation against him was revived, and messages from the provinces clamouring for his deposition poured in upon the Majlis and individual deputies during the summer. The Majlis made repeated requests to him to return and at length he intimated his intention of doing so in October. The publication of this message in the local press on September 1, 1925, led to strange proceedings in Teheran. Reza Khan on hearing the news had expressed overwhelming joy and professed to be looking forward to meeting His Majesty but this did not prevent demonstrations being organised in his favour and against the Shah. It turned out, however, that the Shah had more adherents in Teheran than was thought, and these for a few days demonstrated with much greater effect.

BREAD RIOTS

The poor harvest was made an excuse of "bread riots" on September 22 and 23 and on the latter day some 200 of the demonstrators forced their way into the Soviet Legation, demanding "bast" (refuge), and clamouring for the return of the Shah and cheap bread. The next day a procession headed by women and children, penetrated into the chamber of the Majlis and mauled some of the deputies but a more formidable procession was dispersed by the military before it had done much damage. On the same day some more "pro-Shah" demonstrators took refuge in the Soviet Legation. This was regarded as strange because hitherto the Soviet Government was opposed to the Shah and had supported Reza Khan though its original friendship for him had considerably cooled.

On October 27 the Minister for Public Works explained in the Majlis that there had been difficulties in regard to supplies owing to the bad harvest and lack of transport, but orders had been given to the bakers to carry on and there was no question of any deficiency. In spite, however, of the Government's orders, not only the bakers but the entire bazaar had closed their shops and held meetings and demonstrations, so that the Government had had to intervene and arrest some of the demonstrators.

The Shah failed to carry out his promise to leave Paris for Persia on October 2 and by the end of the month the agitation against him came to a head, having in the meanwhile led to the resignation of the speaker of the Majlis, Motemen-el-Mulk. On October 29 a debate began in the Assembly, on the demand for a change in the government made in the provinces, especially by the large land-owners, and at the session of October 31, eighty deputies out of the 85 present voted for the changes.

SHAH DEPOSED

The Shah was declared deposed and the Kajar dynasty at an end after having ruled just over 130 years and Reza Khan was nominated temporarily as the ruler of Persia, pending a decision of the National Assembly. The Valihad left Teheran for Bagdad, and the new regime was recognised by the foreign representatives at Teheran.

Reza Khan proclaimed an amnesty for political offenders and preparations were set on foot for electing a Constituent Assembly.

REZA KHAN CROWNED

The election took place without incident, and the new Majlis met on December 6. The decision was a foregone conclusion.

On December 13 by 257 votes to 300 it elected Reza Kan Shah of Persia, and made the crown of Darius hereditary in his family limiting the succession to sons born of a Persian mother.

The new Shah was enthroned with acclamation on December 16. He appointed the Zoke-el-Mulk, who had been his colleague in the last four cabinets as his Prime Minister with Mirza Hassan Khan Mushir as Foreign Minister.

There is an interesting detail which throws light on the character of Reza Shah. He suddenly thought of copying Napoleon, got a new crown made and put it on his own head.

Thus ended a stormy year which was the milestone in the history of Iran closing up an era of poverty and destitution and disorders beginning from 1900 and ushering an era of reforms and resurgence.

REGAL PERSONALITY

From the earliest days Reza Shah's stature and physique marked him out as a man of greatness. His beaked nose, which is deeply scarred, wide pure white moustaches and broad shoulders give him a regal presence. So do his formidable temper and the awe in which his people hold him. His nationalism is violent. For instance nothing but Persian could be used in name plates in Teheran. He is not easily approachable, has few confidants and friends and is probably one of the loneliest men in the world. Eugene Lyons of the British United Press is the only journalist to have contacted him.

Once Reza Shah had become ruler of Iran, he tried to modernise the country in the same fashion as his Turkish counterpart Kemal Attaturk had done. He effected a series of far-reaching reforms, broke the power of the reactionary Shi'ite clergy, made Persia relatively strong and really independent, developed industries.

The Constitution of 1906 is still valid and a Mejilis or a Parliament is elected every two years, on the basis of a limited franchise. Actually, power was in the hands of the strong personality of the Shah.

The change of name from Persia to Iran and from Persians to Iranians was decreed on January 10, 1934, in a circular addressed by the Foreign Ministry to all diplomatic representatives abroad prescribing that the change was to be made on March 21, which marked the beginning of the Persian new year. The foreign ambassadors and ministers were asked to inform their governments of the forthcoming change.

Before Reza Shah came to power, Teheran had been for many years the unsuccessful hunting-ground of seekers for concessions who had finally been replaced by the representatives of Great Britain and Russia. The Shah found that the only satisfactory solution of the problem of transport in Persia lay in the construction of railways. Their influence would probably help the country to pass quickly from the method of transport used by the Patriach Job to those of the twentieth century.

FIRST RAILWAY

The Trans-Iranian railway which runs from the Persian Gulf to the Caspian was completed on August 26, 1938. The project nearly cost £30,000 000 and was met from the resources of the country, without any outside loan. The Railway avoids the four adjacent railway systems of Iraq, Turkey, Russia and India and except for Teheran, the capital, it avoids the main commercial centres of Iran itself.

TREATIES OF FRIENDSHIP

In the field of foreign affairs Reza Shah concluded a number of treaties of friendship. In 1926, a Treaty of Friendship with Turkey was concluded, in 1927 with Soviet Union and Afghanistan. The Pact of Saadabad of mutual non-aggression, originally negotiated at Geneva in October, 1935, was concluded at the castle of Saadabad in Teheran on July 8, 1937, establishing political collaboration between Turkey, Persia, Iraq and Afghanistan. The four-power pact, when initialled at Geneva, was described as one of friendship consultation and non-aggression designed to assure political security in the Middle East by means of guarantees within the framework of the League of Nations and in accordance with the Kellogg Pact.

The frontier treaty between Iraq and Iran which was initialled in Teheran in the same month was ratified by the Iraqi chamber of deputies on March 6, 1938.

After the declaration of the present war in September 1939, an official declaration issued by the Iranian Government on September 6 stated that Iran would remain neutral in the European conflict and that she would defend her neutrality.

The Iranian Government severed diplomatic connections with France in December, 1938, taking exception to certain articles in the French Press, which contained a pun on the words "Chat" (Cat) and "Shah" at the occasion of a cat exhibition in Paris. The relations were, however, resumed in February, 1939.

In the same year the Crown Prince of Iran married the sister of King Farouq of Egypt.

C.P. TANK KHADI EXHIBITION: The Khadi and Village Industries Exhibition, which was opened by Mr Mahadev Desai on Saturday, will remain open for a week from 4 p.m. to 8 p.m. every day. Admission is free.

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PUNJAB DRIVE AGAINST KISAN MOVEMENT

THREE WORKERS INTERNED: SEVERAL ALREADY UNDER DETENTION UNDER DEFENCE RULES

LAHORE, Sept. 16.

The Punjab Government have issued an order interning Ghazi Badrudin, General Secretary of the Punjab Kisan Committee, for one year, Mr. Jogendra Singh, Secretary of the Ferozepur District Kisan Committee, for two months and Mr. Arjan Singh, a member of the All-India Kisan Sabha, for two months in their respective villages on account of prejudicial activities.

The internees were busy making preparations for the 4th annual session of the Punjab Kisan Committee to be held from September 18 to September 22.

It may be recalled that five leading Kisan workers including Mr. Gainda Singh, President of the Pujnab Kisan Committee, and Mr. Inder Singh Kiti, President of the Ferozepur District Kisan Committee, have already been detained under Section 129 of the Defence of India Rules for activities in connection with said session.—United Press.

Central Assembly And Congress Members

MADRAS, Sept. 16.

The question of general attendance of the Congress Party at the sessions of the Central Assembly can be decided by the A.-I.C.C., and before this is done no individual or group can attend the session, says Acharya J. B. Kripalani, General Secretary of the Congress, in reply to a reference made by the President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee.

Acharya Kripalani however, adds that it is permissible for certain individual members to attend the session, if it is absolutely necessary for the retention of their seats. If the seats can be retained without their attending the session, they may do so.

It may be mentioned here that among others Mr. S. Satyamurthi and Mr. Ananthasayanam Iyengar recently addressed their representations on the subjct to Mahatma Gandhi.—United Press.

MALAVIYA MEETING'S DEMAND

BENARES, Sept. 15.

"Apne Desh Me Apne Raj—National Government in one's own country," said Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, addressing a large gathering at the Town Hall grounds in response to his appeal to-day.

After referring to the hopes raised after the last war and later disillusionment, Pandit Malaviya continued: "Twenty-two years have passed, and the deadliest war known to history has been going on for over two years. India has made a magnificent contribution to the success achieved by Britain in the several theatres of war. India has been clamouring since the beginning of the war that Britain should declare that India shall cease to be regarded as a dependency of England and that her status shall be recognised as one of equality with Great Britain at the end of the war." He then referred to the various statements made by the Secretary of State and the Governor-General of India and to the "Atlantic Charter" which had made many to think that India would be included in the sphere of the Churchill-Roosevelt declaration but they had been disillusioned.

After referring to Mr. Churchill's speech on India, Pandit Malaviya said: "This clear unambiguous statement has dashed the hopes that some people cherished, that at the end of the war India would have equality of status with the Dominions and the world has been disappointed.

"Are you my countrymen," asked Pandit Malaviya, "to be content with the position to which Mr. Churchill wishes you to be confined? Do you want freedom such as Britain enjoys? If you do, you are not to be repressed by anything which Mr. Churchill has said. You have only to be determined to obtain your freedom, to be united among yourselves and to make such sacrifices as you may be called upon to make.

Concluding Pandit Malaviya exhorted his audience to organise and discipline themselves for the service of the motherland.

After Pandit Malaviya's address the resolutions suggested by him in his appeal were moved and passed.

It is undersood that Pandit Malaviya has sent a copy of the resolutions at the meeting to the Private Secretary to H.E. the Viceroy.—A.P.

CABLED TO ATTLEE

BENARES, Sept. 16.

It is understood that the resolutions which were passed at the public meeting held here on September 14 under the presidentship of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya have been cabled to Mr. C. R. Attlee, Deputy Prime Minister, Viscount Samuel and several other members of the British Parliament.—A. P.

Frontier Speaker's Appeal To Whitehall

PESHAWAR, Sept. 15.

The policy of British Government as regards India is wooden, barren and antediluvian as it was in the days of Montague, says Hon'ble Malik Khudabux, Speaker of Frontier Legislative Assembly and member of the National Defence Council in the course of a statement to-day.

He adds "Mr. Churchill's anxiety to be faithful to his erstwhile unsympathetic attitude towards India supplied the latest instance on this behalf when he said that the Atlantic Charter did not apply to India which, according to literate interpretation of Mr. Churchill's declaration, must remain a mere dependency of the British Empire. Is it too much to hope that sense of justice even now will prevail to lead British statesmen to declare freedom of India and also take some immediate steps to secure the co-operation of the great political parties by conceding real power to India."—A. P.

CALL A.I.C.C. MEETING

Sardar Sardul Singh's Circular To Get Members' Signatures

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, September 15.

"There is great dissatisfaction in the Congress circles about its present programme and policy as regards Mahatmaji's Satyagraha movement and hence it is necessary to press for a calling a meeting of the A.I.C.C."

So says Sardar Sardul Singh Caveeshar, the leader of the Forward Bloc, in a circular letter to the members of A.I.C.C. It will be recalled that recently Acharya Kripalani, the General Secretary of the Congress, refused to call a meeting of the A.I.C.C. on the plea that the majority of the members of that body are quite satisfied with the course of the Satyagraha movement, and if at all a meeting is wanted it can only be called after a proper requisition from its members.

Now it seems that Sardar Sardul Singh is trying to secure signatures of the members of the A.I.C.C. over the requisition form for convening the meeting, under Article XIX (e) of the Congress Constitution. He in his letter, "inter alia" says: "When the reins of the Congress were entrusted to Mahatmaji's hands by A.I.C.C. at Bombay, it was believed that he would conduct the Civil Disobedience Movement in such a manner as to make it effective finally in pressing the British Government to yield to the Indian demand for Complete Independence. But the present programme and policy of the Congress has not brought Indians any nearer the goal than was the case before the movement was launched. The Civil Disobedience movement in the present restricted form, and for a very narrow object, has not only made the British Government indifferent to the voice of the Congress, but has also resulted in killing mass enthusiasm for self-expression and self-sacrifice.

The fact that not even one half of the Satyagrahis who were released for some reason or other have cared to go back to jails, clearly shows that the Congressmen are not satisfied with the conduct of the movement under Gandhiji's guidance."

Sadik Ali For Calcutta

CALCUTTA, Sept 15.

Mr Sadik Ali, office secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, who is now on a tour of the various provinces in connection with the Satyagraha movement will arrive in Calcutta on September 30.

During his stay here which is expected to last, about a week, Mr. Sadik Ali will meet Congress workers of the city and of mofussil and discuss with them the various questions relating to the Satyagraha movement in the Province.—A. P.

KRIPALANI TO TOUR KARNATAK

HUBLI, Sept. 15.

The President of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee has announced that Mr. J. B. Kripalani, Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee, in response to his request, has consented to tour the Karnatak for three days from September 22.—A. P.

U. P. "DICTATOR" ARRESTED

ALLAHABAD, Sept. 16

Mr. Radheshyam Pathak, a Professor of the Hindu University, and Mr Radheshyam Vaish, stated to be the 'dictator' of the United Provinces Provincial Congress Committee, were taken into custody under Section 129 of the Defence of India Rules.—United Press.

U. P. M.L.A. Released

GORAKHPUR, Sept. 15.

Mr. Singhasan Singh, M. L. A., who had been detained under Rule 26 of the Defence of India Rules in Agra Central Jail has been released. He arrived here yesterday.—A. P.

Four Satyagrahis Released

Four Satyagrahis of the city were released, three of them from Nasik and one from Thana Jail on Tuesday. Mr. V. N. Patankar and Mr. Manekial N. Vakaria were released from Nasik after serving a period of eight months in Nasik. Mr. Sivachandra Rai Gupta who was released from Nasik after detention of five months. Mr. Waman Srinivas Naik, who was also released on Tuesday was in Thana Jail for five months.

EMERGENCY COMMISSION TESTS

SIMLA, Sept. 15.

The Central Interview Board, which commenced its session from September 1 is expected to interview about 700 candidates for Emergency Commissions.

So far the standard of candidates coming forward for interview has been such as to enable the Board to select about 70 per cent from them.

It is gathered that the candidates from South India have done well during the present session of the Board.

A small proportion of candidates have been placed in "B" Class for pre-cadet training at Lahore.

This is a two-months course, the first batch of fifty who are about to finish their training at Lahore are reported to have responded well to the treatment.—A. P.

Bengal Assembly Surprise

Deputy Speaker Adjourns House: Opposition Protest

CALCUTTA, Sept. 16.

Great surprise was sprung upon the members of the Assembly who had assembled this afternoon in expectation of an exciting debate on the proposed no confidence when the deputy speaker adjourned the House till September 18.

When the House met at 4-45 p.m to-day, the Deputy Speaker Mr Ashraf Ali entered the Chamber and informed the members that the Speaker had a high temperature last night. He felt that the matter which was proposed to be discussed to-day was of so great an importance that it should be dealt with by the Speaker himself. He, therefore, adjourned the House till 4-45 p.m. on September 18.

As soon as the House was declared adjourned, members of the Opposition and the supporters of Mr. Fazlul Huq in the Coalition party vociferously lodged their protest against the manner in which the Deputy Speaker had adjourned the House.

There was a full attendance of the House to-day and the public galleries were crowded.

PETITION TO GOVERNOR

After the Deputy Speaker had adjourned the Assembly and left the Chamber, the Opposition members and some members of the Coalition Party remained in the House for some time. Great excitement prevailed, and speeches were made expressing resentment of the members present against the manner in which the House was adjourned by the Deputy Speaker. Khan Bahadur Afzal, a prominent member of the Coalition Party presided over this informal meeting. After the meeting signatures were being secured to a petition, proposed to be submitted by members of the Opposition parties and some members of the Coalition Party, to H. E. the Governor of Bengal informing him that they had "no confidence in the Finance Minister, Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy."—A. P.

Brisk Canvassing Precedes Assembly Meeting

CALCUTTA, September 16.

Parliamentary politics in Bengal appears to be in a state of flux, following last Sunday's pro and anti-Huq demonstrations in the Calcutta Maidan.

A situation seems to be developing which may turn into a political crisis unless the tension eases in the meantime.

Considerable activity was noticeable in the lobby of the Bengal Assembly last night. Keen excitement prevailed in the rival groups in the Coalition Party over Sunday's demonstrations.

Party and group leaders held frequent consultations which continued till a late hour of the night.

There was an informal conference of a number of members of the Ministerialist Coalition Party at the Chief Minister's residence, where discussions on the latest developments continued till early hours of the morning.

It is strongly rumoured in Parliamentary circles that an intriguing situation is likely to develop when the Assembly meets and damaged.".

NO CONFIDENCE MOTION.

About fifty members of the Ministerialist Coalition Party met again this morning at the residence of the Chief Minister, Mr. Fazlul Huq, in order to discuss the situation arising out of the Chief Minister's letter to the Secretary of the All-India Muslim League and the demonstrations that were held in Calcutta in this connection on Sunday last.

After prolonged discussion, it was finally decided by the supporters of Mr. Huq in the Coalition Party to table an adjournment motion in the Assembly today against a particular member of the Huq Cabinet.

It is now learnt that a large number of notices of no-confidence motion, all directed against one particular minister, have been submitted to the Speaker for consideration in the Assembly this evening.

Most of the motions stand in the name of the members of the Coalition Party, who are staunch supporters of Mr. Fazlul Huq, while a few also stand in the name of the Muslim members of the Krishak Proja Party in opposition."—A. P.

When National Defence Council Meets

SIMLA, Sept. 16.

It is understood that the first meeting of the National Defence Council will be held here on October 6, 7 and 8

His Excellency the Viceroy will preside.

The personnel of the representatives of the Indian princes on the Council is expected to be announced shortly.—A. P.

Indo-Burma Rice Trade

SIMLA, Sept. 16.

Apropos the decision of the Burma Government to become sole exporter of rice, it is learned that the Government of India are in correspondence with Burma Government and are fully alive to the various representations received by them from the commercial bodies on the subject.—A. P.

ORDERS AGAINST THREE AHMEDABAD MILLS

AHMEDABAD, September 16.

The Industrial Court has passed orders against three local mills declaring as an illegal change under the Bombay Industrial disputes' Act the dismissal of some of their workers on the ground that they or the Registered Union of which they are the members had not been informed in writing of the alleged misconduct and had not been given an opportunity to explain the changes alleged against them.

In another order passed against the Kaiser-i-Hind Mill, the Industrial Court held the introduction of rationalisation without going through the process of conciliation an illegal change. It also held as an illegal change the transfer of operatives from the day shift to the night shift against their will as no such power was conferred in the Standing Orders as settled for the Ahmedabad mills.—A. P.

Move For General Strike In C. P.

NAGPUR, Sept. 16.

The Nagpur Textile Union has passed a resolution requesting the Provincial Textile Workers' Council of Action to declare a province wide general strike on October 1 as a protest against "not yet granting the textile workers demands."

The Union congratulated the workers of Burhanpur, Akola, and Badnera for boycotting the Textile Enquiry Committee from which Mr. Ruikar, an associate member has resigned.

The Union decided to requisition a meeting of the council of action at Nagpur or Akola on September 20 or September 21.—A. P.

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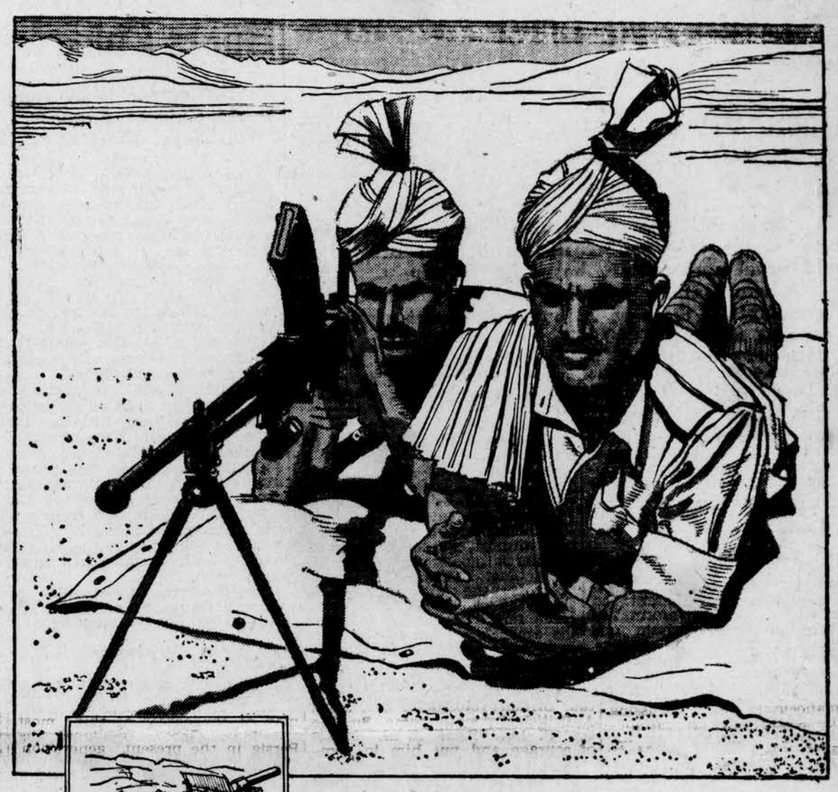

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NAZI ATTEMPT TO LAND TROOPS ON OESEL ISLAND FAILS

HUGE SUM FOR BUILDING OF BASES

Roosevelt Submits Report Of Lease And Lend Aid To Democracies

AMERICA CAN'T REMAIN FREE IN HITLER-DOMINATED WORLD, HE WARNS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.

President Roosevelt reported to Congress that some "Lease and Lend" funds had been utilised to build naval and military bases for Britain.

Administration officials declined to disclose the whereabouts of these bases, but the amount of aid for them was about $12,000,000.

In his letter to Congress accompanying his report President Roosevelt said that a substantial number of cargo ships and tankers have been created for the use of those countries whose defence is vital to the United States Defence.

America was equipping allied ships to protect them from mines, arming them against aircraft, submarines and raiders and also by repairing and outfitting their warships, helping British and allied navies keep clear the vital sea-lanes.

The repair of the battleship "Malaya" and aircraft carrier "Illustrious" were outstanding examples of this naval assistance. Important defence information was being supplied to Britain and other nations fighting the Axis.

"On our airfields thousands of British pilots are being and will continue to be trained. Already we are preparing a similar programme to help the Chinese.

The defence of the Western Hemisphere has been the prime consideration of the Lease and Lend programme. Not only are we helping European countries which stand athwart the Nazi path towards the Western Hemisphere: We are also giving direct Lease and Lend aid to countries of this Hemisphere in strengthening Iceland.

We have embarked on a comprehensive programme of material aid to the countries of central and south America to strengthen the coming defence.

The gallant resistance of the Russian people have completely upset Nazi time schedule and destroyed the myth of Nazi invincibility."

He said that aircraft and aeronautical materials accounted for over one-third of the total contracts under the current Lease and Lend programme.

The report showed that the United States supplied a fleet of trucks to China as well as freighters to carry war supplies and paving materials for repairing the Burma Road.

Lease and Lend equipment and materials are also helping the railway through Yunnan Province. Modern fighters will augment the Chinese Air Force under Lease and Lend contracts concluded in the past three months.

Further help including: Poland—guns, ammunition and clothing for Poles training in Canada and defence equipment for merchantmen.

Greece:—New equipment for troops who escaped to British territory in the Middle East.

Yugoslavia:—Military and naval equipment for a Middle East Legion.

Norway:—Anti-mine cables, anti-aircraft and submarine guns for merchantmen plus repairs of damaged ships.

Belgium:—Scout cars, machine-guns, aircraft, hospital equipment for troops in Belgian Congo and Free Belgians there.

Netherlands:—Arms, ammunition, aircraft, warships, tanks and commercial goods for the Netherlands East Indies.

Across the United States and across Africa, a United States' plane ferry service was linking the arsenals of America with the democracies outposts in the Middle East.

Can't Remain Free In Hitler Dominated World

President Roosevelt says that America must offer "not only shield and sword", but tools for final total victory to "those people who are gallantly shedding their blood in the front lines and this struggle."

President Roosevelt said that the people of the United States know that we cannot live in a world dominated by Hitlerism.

Of the appropriation of 7,000 million dollars, 6,281 million have been allocated. Actual transfers to foreign governments are placed at approximately 246 million dollars compared with 75 million which the President reported to Congress on May 31.

Therefore transfers during the past three months amounted to about 171 million dollars.

Although Russia has been paying for war supplies and received no lease and lend help, President Roosevelt complimented the "gallant resistance of the Russian people" which he said had been an enormous help to all peoples resisting the Nazi war machine. President Roosevelt said that the energies of the American Government were making available to Russia urgently needed supplies.—Reuter.

SPY CASE ACCUSED'S CONFESSION

Was Specifically Instructed By Gestapo To Collect Secret News

NEW YORK, September 16.

Mr. William Sebold, German-born United States co-German informer, told the Federal Court here on Monday that he had been specifically instructed through a Gestapo agent to discover new secret weapons and devises.

He was giving evidence at the resumed trial of 16 alleged Nazi spies.

Micro-photographed instructions on documents of the size of postage stamps which the gestapo man had given him, asked for information, among other things about the ray operated bomber, mustard gas proof uniform, the new gasmask, bacteriological discoveries and the new gunturret for Sunderland flying boats.—Reuter.

U. S. A. Won't Let Her Down, Hopes China

No Settlement With Japan At Chinese Expense, Says Minister

CHUNGKING, Sept. 16.

"China is confident that the United States has no intention of making any arrangement at the expense of China and that if any discussions are initiated affecting China and her rights, she will be fully consulted," said the Chinese Foreign Minister, Mr. Quo Tai-Chi, commenting on the discussions between Washington and Tokyo.

Commenting on the report that the discussions were only exploratory, Mr. Quo Tai-Chi said that he thought it would be difficult to find a common basis of settlement.

Asked what were China's minimum conditions, he mentioned Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek's recent statement that China would continue resistance until a durable, just peace is achieved in the Far East.

Mr. Quo Tai-Chi also referred to the Churchill-Roosevelt declaration and principles of the Nine Power Pact which China had accepted.

The American Ambassador, Mr. Claence Gauss, called on Mr. Quo Tai-Chi on Monday morning.

JAPAN WON'T ENTER WAR

SINGAPORE, Sept. 16.

The isolation of Japan compared with the array of allied and friendly powers in the Pacific was emphasised on Monday by the British Cabinet Minister Mr. Duff-Cooper, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.

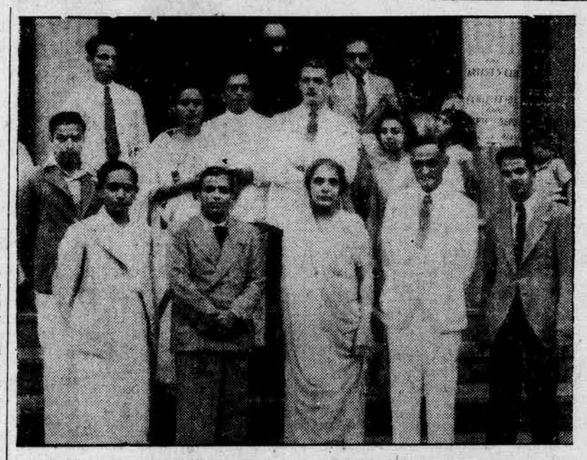
Broadcasting to London regarding his first impression of the Far East, Mr. Duff-Cooper said that to-day Japan "is one isolated power facing overwhelming superiority in the Pacific.

It, therefore, seems hardly believable that the one Axis power in the Pacific will deliberately bring down on her head the concentrated wrath and fury of all the Allied powers that stand firmly united on this side of the world."—Reuter.

SPECIAL PRAYER FOR SHORTENING WAR

LONDON, Sept. 16.

A Vichy despatch from the Vatican City to the official French news agency cites the semi-official Vatican organ "Observatore Romano" for a statement that the Pope is reported to be asking all Catholics through the intermediary of his representatives to say a special prayer during October for shortening of the war.—Reuter.



Mr. R. P. Masani, Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University, performed the opening ceremony of the first Art Exhibitoin by members of the Artists' Club at the Sir J. J. Modi Hall of the Cama Institute. He is seen here (second from right, front row) with some of the members of the Artists' Club.

'RED' WOMEN'S REVENGE: BUILDING SET ABLAZE AND OFFICERS KILLED

LONDON, September 16.

Russian women's part in guerilla warfare was the theme of a Moscow broadcast heard in London on Monday and it contained the following incident.

In one village a 15-year old girl had been tortured to death by the Germans and 18 others of her sex organised a speedy revenge.

They crept up to the house used as Nazi headquarters, sandbagged the sentries and then poured petrol over the building and set it ablaze. Three German Officers emerging were killed, one of them with an axe wielded by a 16-year old milkmaid.

Pacific "Munich" Would Be Disastrous, Says Shanghai Journal

SHANGHAI, Sept. 15.

A minor boom of the Stock Exchange followed on Monday a Washington report of a tacit agreement in the American-Japanese discussions.

The Chinese press generally takes the line however that negotiations are useless as Japan is insincere and only playing for time.

The only American-owned newspaper, "Shanghai Evening Post" says, "a Pacific Munich" would have far-reaching and unpleasant consequences not only for China but the United States and other democracies.

Certainly there can be no agreement between a nation demanding domination over All Asia and another demanding the end of and retreat from aggression.

For the United States willingly to agree to an agreement satisfying Japan in her present frame of mind would have consequences as disastrous as those which followed a similar agreement concerning the nation once known as Czechoslovakia".—Reuter.

Nazi Ambassador In Argentina Oversteps Himself

BUENOS AIRES, September 16.

A resolution declaring that the German Ambassador von Thermann is "overstepping himself in his functions and is abusing his diplomatic privileges" was passed by the Argentine Chamber of Deputies on Monday by 79 votes to one.—Reuter.

HARVESTING IN SIBERIA GOES AHEAD

MOSCOW, September 16.

Harvesting throughout Siberia is well forward, reports the Official Tass Agency, which says more than half of the Grain crop in the Krasnoyarsk region has been gathered by September 10, thanks to the help of 40,000 town workers assisting the collective farmers.

In Minusinsk district most of the collective farms are already threshing and carting grain to elevators and in other regions harvesting is either entirely or nearly completed.—Reuter.

Laval Aspires For Friendship With Germany

LONDON, Sept. 15.

In an interview with the "Essen National Zeitung", M. Laval declared that he intended to continue his policy of reconciliation with Germany, says the German-controlled Paris Radio.

The reconciliation, however, was only the beginning. Later friendship between Germany and France would consecrate the policy.—Reuter.

KEY POSTS IN GREECE IN NAZI HANDS

ANKARA, Sept. 16.

Despite a dummy Italian administration the Germans retain all key posts in Greece and the Italians are generally relegated to secondary administrative jobs, according to travellers who have arrived here from Athens.—Reuter.

Red Navy Sinks 4 Transports And Destroyer And Damages Other Ships

ENEMY DASH TOWARDS ODESSA STOPPED AND HURLED BACK

MOSCOW, Sept. 16.

The Soviet midnight communique issued by the Soviet Information Bureau states: During September 15 stubborn fighting continued along the whole front. Fifteen German planes have been brought down; we lost ten planes.

The Russian Air Force also bombed Galatz and Sulina. On Sunday German and Rumanian tropps again attempted by continuous attacks to force their way to Odessa. In a fierce battle the Red Army and Navy men repulsed the attacks of a numerically superior enemy.

The fourth Rumanian infantry regiment was dispersed in fighting and one battalion of this regiment was annihilated.

On September 13 the enemy made an attempt to land troops on Oesel island. By the action of the Russian ships, air force and coastal batteries the German landing of detachments were smashed.

Four enemy transports and one destroyer were sunk and two transports and several destroyers sustained serious damage.

German Air Force Waning

"Important gaps" in the Luftwaffe are announced in the "Red Star", the Red Army organ, today.

"A comparison of the operations by the Luftwaffe in the first days of the war and now proves that the enemy's air force has consistently thinned," it says.

Important gaps have been formed in the air front which the German command is striving to fill up rapidly shifting units from one sector to another. Activity of Nazi aircraft in one sector always coincides with lull in another.

The enemy is obviously short of aircraft for simultaneous operations in the whole area of fighting.

German planes yesterday attempted to raid Moscow but were driven off before reaching the city. This was announced by the Soviet Information Bureau on Monday.—Reuter.

HUGE NAZI LOSSES OF TANKS

MOSCOW, September 15.

Describing them as a prelude of things to come the Moscow radio mentioned Hitler's enormous tank losses on the Eastern Front.

"German tanks were Goebbels' trump card in his myth about German invincibility" a speaker said adding "In the war against a weak isolated adversary of the west this argument carried some weight but it has fallen through deplorably in the campaign against the U.S.S.R. During the first week of the war German tank forces sustained losses, which it was possible to replace. After three weeks of war, however, Hitler lost twelve tank divisions and after two months of war 8,000 tanks in all. These figures are too palpable for Goebbels' foolish swaggering about, rushing victories of German arms in the East to stand the test. But these figures are far from final. They are but a prelude of things yet to come."—Reuter.

BEAVERBROOK TO HEAD MISSION TO MOSCOW

Personnel Of British Delegation To Soviet Capital Announced

LONDON, Sept. 16.

A few hours after the arrival in London of Mr. Averill Harriman, Chairman of the American Mission to Moscow, it was announced from Downing Street that Lord Beaverbrook, head of the British delegation to the Conference will be accompanied by Captain Balfour, Under Secretary for Air, Sir Hastings Ismay, Senior Staff Officer of the Ministry of Defence and Major-General MacReady, Assistant Chief of the Imperial General Staff.

The present British Military Mission in Moscow will complete the British delegation.

It is over a month since this important conference on supplies to Russia was proposed by President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill and accepted by M. Stalin.

"We are anxious to go to Russia as soon as we can," Mr. Harriman said when he arrived in London.

The personnel of the British Mission to Moscow was announced from the Prime Minister's residence to-night. With Lord Beaverbrook in charge, the mission will include members of the British Military Mission already in Moscow: Lieutenant General F. N. Mason-MacFarlane, head of the Mission in Moscow and Rear-Admiral C. J. A. Miles and Air Vice-Marshal A. C. Collier heads of the naval and air sections of mission.

Following members of United States Mission to Moscow have arrived in London: Averill Harriman, Chairman; Admiral William Harrison Standley, United States Navy; Major-General James H. Burns, United States Army, and Mr. William L. Batt, Office of Production Management.

Maj.-Gen. MacReady, who is aged 50, has long been regarded as a leading expert in the British Army on weapons and equipment. He served on the British Military Mission in Berlin after the last war and was later chief of the Polish Police Mission.

Before the outbreak of the present war, he was head of the British Mission, which was advising the Egyptian Government on reorganisation of the Egyptian Army.

He returned to the War Office as Assistant Chief of General Staff and last July was appointed a member of the New Tank Board.

Maj-Gen. Ismay, who is aged 54, served as Military Secretary to the Viceroy of India, at the War Office and on the Imperial Defence Committee. He is a recognised expert on Military and Political subjects.

Capt. Balfour, who is aged 44, has been a Conservative member of Parliament since 1929 and Under-Secretary for Air since 1938.

He helped to start the Empire air training scheme in Canada.—Reuter.

U. S. MISSION ARRIVES IN LONDON

Mr. Harriman of the United States Mission to Moscow has arrived in London with several fellow members.

When Mr. Averell Harriman arrived in London by air this evening he was greeted at the aerodrome by the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Anthony Eden, the Minister of Supply, Lord Beaverbrook, Under-Secretry for Air, Cap. Harold Balfour, the American Ambassador, Mr. Winant, the Russian Ambassador in London, M. Maisky, and the Russian Ambassador in Washington, M. Oumansky, together with many other prominent persons. Mr. Harriman was accompanied by three members of the United States Mission, namely, Admiral W. H. Standley, Major-General James Burns, and William Batt of the United States Office of Production.

"We are anxious to get to Moscow as soon as we can" said Mr. Averell Harriman.

Mr. Harriman added that the Mission would have consultations with Lord Beaverbrook and then hoped to get away to Russia as soon as possible.—Reuter.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE AND THE FLYING SQUAD

HIS MOTOR CONKED OUT, WADE'S PLANE SETTLES FOR A DEADSTICK LANDING...
LOOKS LIKE A CRACKUP, DON! FASTEN YOUR SAFETY BELT, I'M GOING TO TRY THE ROAD!
THERE THEY GO ALONG THE ROAD. SEE THAT CAR!
I SEE 'EM! IF WE CAN HOLD THIS GLIDE, WE CAN THROW A SCARE INTO 'EM!
BALDO! THE PLANE - IT HEADS FOR US! IT WILL CRASH!
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